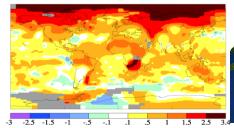


CCS - an uncomfortable but necessary option

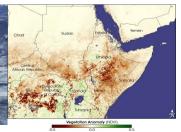
Dr Stephan Singer WWF International - European Policy Office Brussels 1 Feb 2007













Rules of thumb to stay below 2 degree

- Carbon budget max 400/500 GT C til 2200 translates into c 2 Gt C/a (8 Gt C/a now)
- PE consumption increase <50% by 2050
- Key role for energy conservation
- Reduce and stop deforestation
- Primary renewables are biomass & wind
- Solar thermal and PV require breakthroughs
- Natural gas and CHP

CCS for fossil fuels & biomass





CCS 'legitimacy'

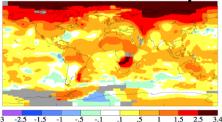
- Priority for RES and Efficiency
- Strong Caps in EU ETS and overall EU
- WWF support for CCS conditional on reducing nuclear power





Time plan for EU

- Regulatory frame work 2007 incl. proposals for site assessments, monitoring, liability, & emissions standards for new power stations
- Early site assessments, geological suitability most of EU's scheduled 12 CCS pilots
- If site assessment is positive and independently monitored (2012?) strong emissions standards developed for new (2015) and all (2020) power stations in EU
- Keep in mind: a) about 70% of all coal-PS replaced by 2025, b) tell message: new built now must be captureready
- Parts of the 12 CCS pilots should be in coal-rich developing nations





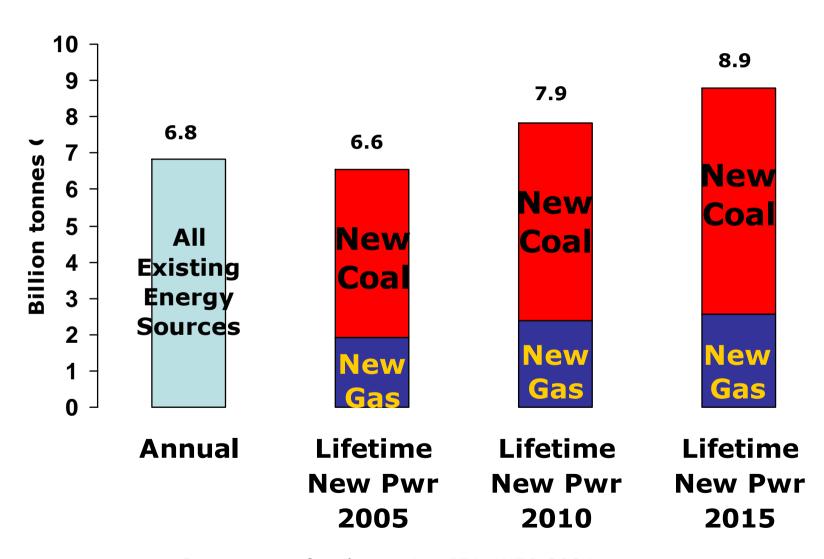






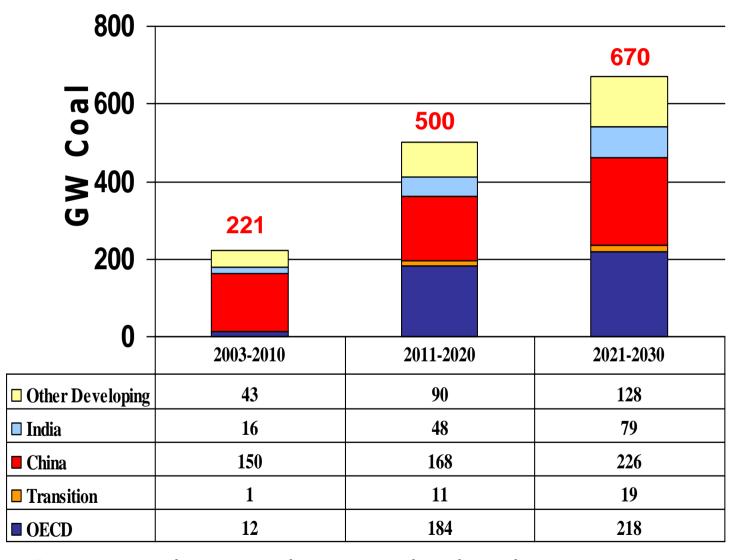
Annual Carbon Commitment

Lifetime Emissions of Annual New Fossil Investment



Source: new fossil capacity, IEA, WEO 2004

New Coal Build by Decade



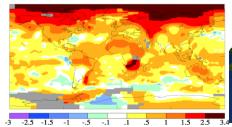
Incremental new coal capacity by decade

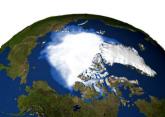
Source: IEA, WEO 2004



Without CCS

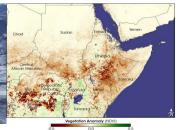
- Still, if only 1/3 of coal will be build til 2030 (500 GW), without CCS it will emit approx. 1 Gt C/y alone 1/10 of all current GHG emissions
- Increase of global energy demand probably impossible to meet while staying below 2 degree
- Sustainable renewables are presently <5%, & CO2 emissions rose globally by ca. 3% p.a. in last years











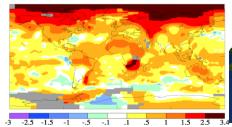


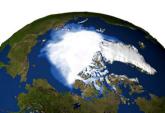
And in EU til 2020

- •410 GW new fossil power capacity in BAU
- •200 new GW capacity in a 30% GHG reduction scenario
- •In Germany alone, up to 26 GW new (replacing) coal in pipeline for 2012. CO2 emissions would be 100 150 Mt CO2/a or up to almost 20% of all German present CO2 emissions in the worse case.

Assume only half is being build and most is CHP and/or CCGT there are still emissions of 30-50 Mt CO2/year - or about up to 8/9% of all CO2 emitted in Germany.

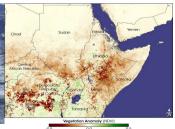
 And now think about the new investments from 2012 til 2020?







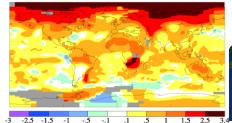






Preconditions

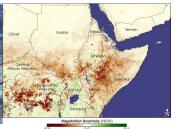
- ASAP scientific site assessments
- Focus on EOR/EGR, depleted oil/gas fields in Atlantic
- 10 large storage pilots, some outside EU
- Results by 2012
- Capture ready now
- CCS mandatory for all (new) stations by 2020 (2015)













Wake up - its time for fighting climate change!

