

27.901 interviews  
18 > 27 / 03 / 2017

1.033 interviews  
18 > 27 / 03 / 2017

Methodology: face-to-face

## 1. COUNTRY HIGHLIGHTS

Almost seven in ten respondents in Romania see climate change as a 'very serious' problem (67%, EU average 74%). Nearly one in ten (9%, EU average 12%) consider it to be the single most serious problem facing the world.

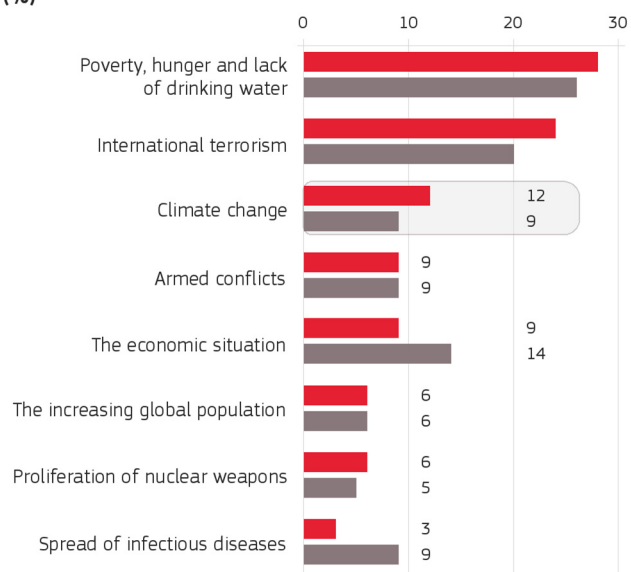
One in five say they have taken personal action to fight climate change in the past six months (20%, EU average 49%). However, when given specific examples this rises to more than seven in ten (71%, EU average 90%), suggesting that many do not associate certain actions with tackling climate change.

- Nearly one-third of respondents say that lower energy consumption is an important factor when buying a new household appliance (32%, EU average 37%).
- Three in ten try to buy locally produced and seasonal food whenever possible (31%, EU average 41%), try to reduce waste and regularly separate it for recycling (30%, EU average 71%) and try to cut down on consumption of disposable items (29%, EU average 56%).
- Since the previous survey in 2015, there has been a decline in the proportion of respondents carrying out most of the actions covered. The share saying they have not taken any of the actions covered has risen by 14 percentage points (to 25%).

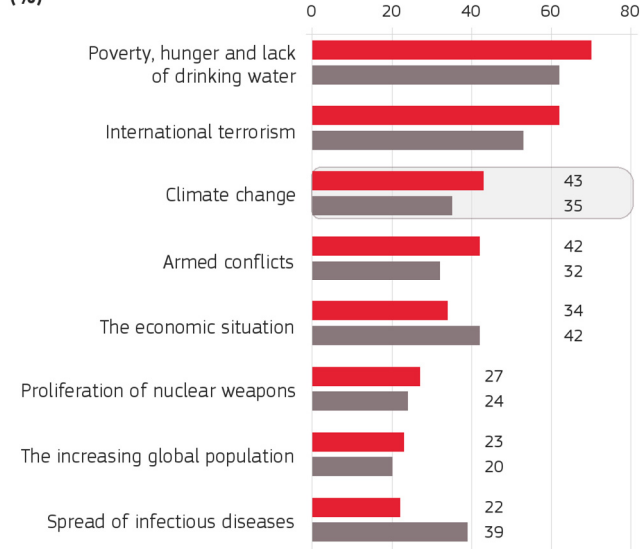
Over eight in ten of those surveyed in Romania think it is important for their government to set targets to increase the amount of renewable energy used by 2030 (82%, EU average 89%) and provide support for improving energy efficiency by 2030 (83%, EU average 88%). Seven in ten agree that more public financial support should be given to the transition to clean energies (70%, EU average 79%).

## 2. EUROPEAN PERCEPTIONS OF CLIMATE CHANGE 1/2

**QC1a** Which of the following do you consider to be the single most serious problem facing the world as a whole? (%)



**QC1T** Which of the following do you consider to be the single most serious problem facing the world as a whole? Which others do you consider to be serious problems? (MAX. 4 ANSWERS) (%)



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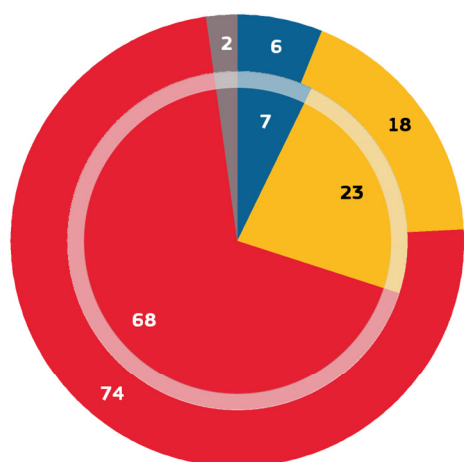
Methodology: face-to-face

Romania

### 3. EUROPEAN PERCEPTIONS OF CLIMATE CHANGE 2/2

**QC2** And how serious a problem do you think climate change is at this moment? Please use a scale from 1 to 10, with '1' meaning it is "not at all a serious problem" and '10' meaning it is "an extremely serious problem".

(%)



- Total 'Not a serious problem' (1-4)
- Total 'A fairly serious problem' (5-6)
- Total 'A very serious problem' (7-10)
- Don't know

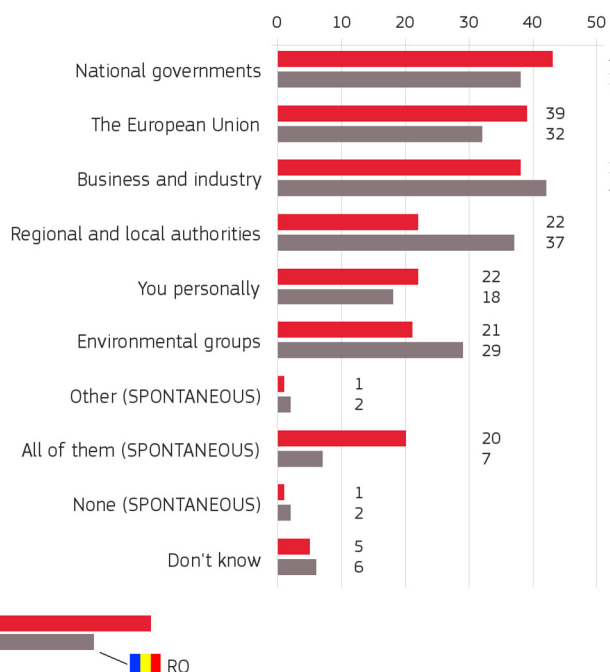
EU28		RO	
2017	2017-2015	2017	2017-2015
6	-2	7	+3
18	-4	23	+4
74	+5	68	-6
2	+1	2	-1

EU28 Outer pie RO Inner pie

### 4. TAKING ACTION ON CLIMATE CHANGE 1/2

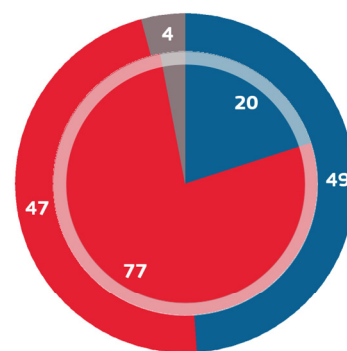
**QC3** In your opinion, who within the EU is responsible for tackling climate change? (MULTIPLE ANSWERS POSSIBLE)

(%)



**QC5** Have you personally taken any action to fight climate change over the past six months?

(%)



EU28 Outer pie RO Inner pie

EU28		RO	
2017	2017-2015	2017	2017-2015
49	=	20	-5
47	=	77	+6
4	=	3	-1

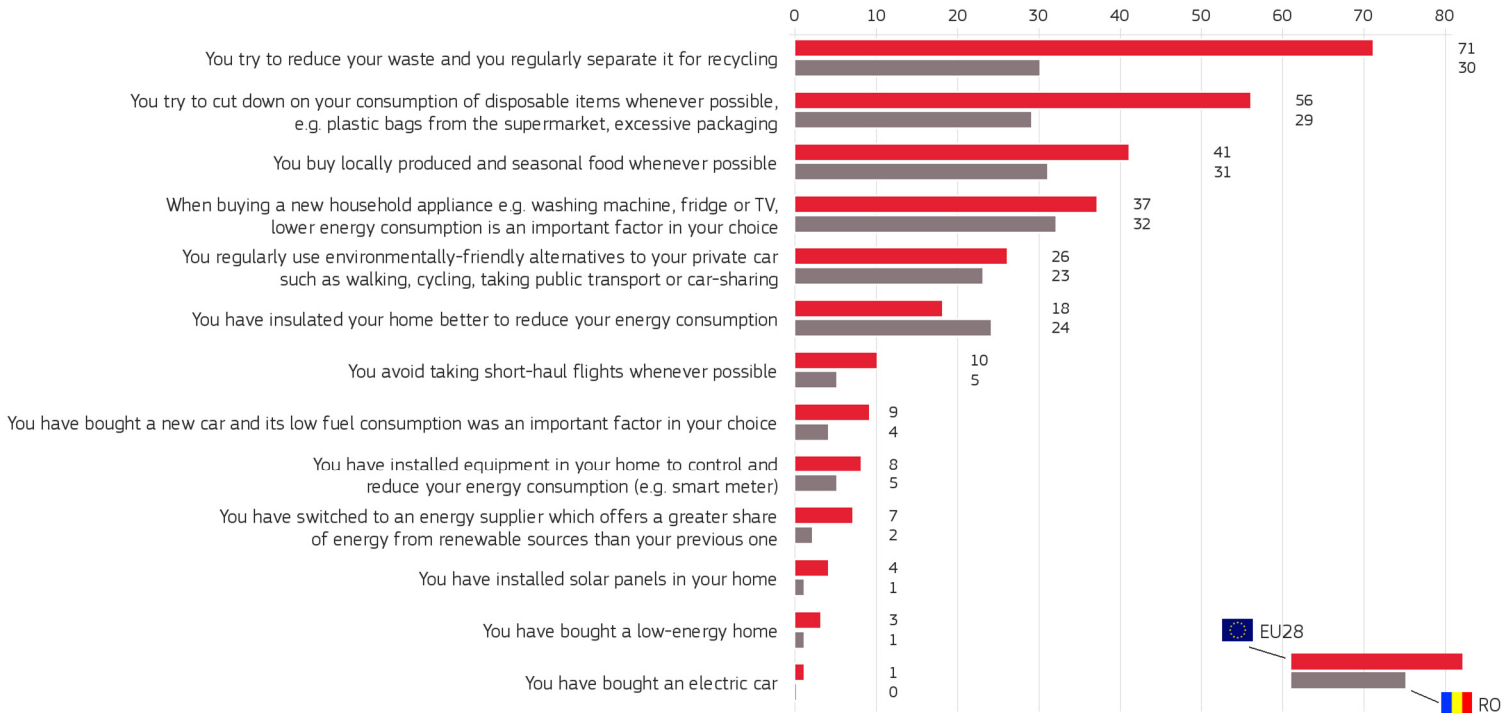
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### 5. TAKING ACTION ON CLIMATE CHANGE 2/2

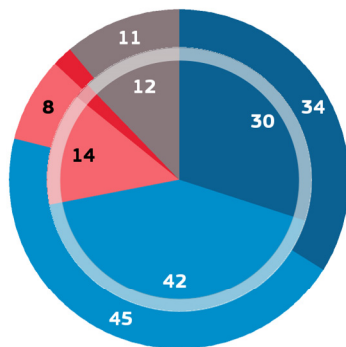
QC6 Which of the following actions, if any, apply to you? (MULTIPLE ANSWERS POSSIBLE)



### 6. ATTITUDES TO FIGHTING CLIMATE CHANGE

QC4.1 To what extent do you agree or disagree with each of the following statements?

**Fighting climate change and using energy more efficiently can boost the economy and jobs in the EU (%)**

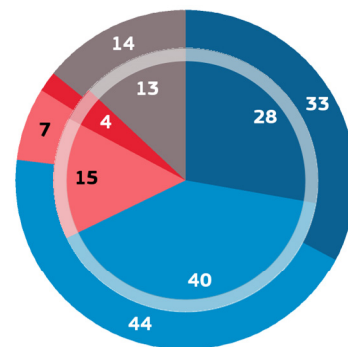


EU28 Outer pie RO Inner pie

	EU28		RO	
	2017	2017-2015	2017	2017-2015
Totally agree	34	- 3	30	- 13
Tend to agree	45	+ 1	42	+ 10
Tend to disagree	8	- 1	14	+ 6
Totally disagree	2	=	2	- 1
Don't know	11	+ 3	12	- 2

QC4.2 To what extent do you agree or disagree with each of the following statements?

**Promoting EU expertise in new clean technologies to countries outside the EU can benefit the EU economically (%)**



EU28 Outer pie RO Inner pie

- Totally agree
- Tend to agree
- Tend to disagree
- Totally disagree
- Don't know

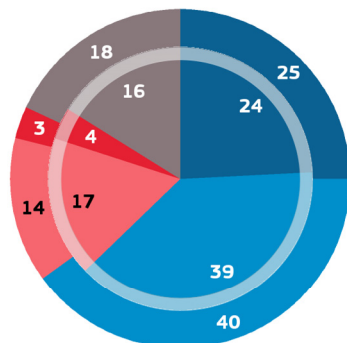
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## 7. ATTITUDES TOWARDS REDUCING FOSSIL FUEL IMPORTS AND TRANSITION TO CLEAN ENERGIES

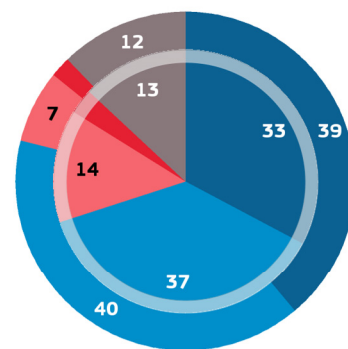
**QC4.3** To what extent do you agree or disagree with each of the following statements?  
**Reducing fossil fuel imports from outside the EU can benefit the EU economically (%)**



EU28 Outer pie RO Inner pie

	EU28		RO	
	2017	2017-2015	2017	2017-2015
Totally agree	25	- 1	24	- 11
Tend to agree	40	+ 1	39	+ 6
Tend to disagree	14	=	17	+ 9
Totally disagree	3	- 1	4	=
Don't know	18	+ 1	16	- 4

**QC4.5** To what extent do you agree or disagree with each of the following statements?  
**More public financial support should be given to the transition to clean energies even if it means subsidies to fossil fuels should be reduced (%)**

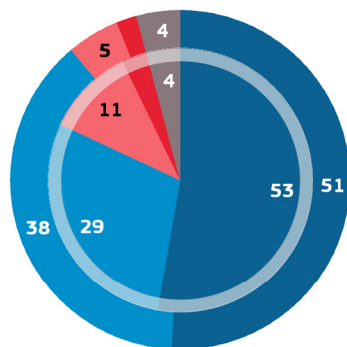


Totally agree  
 Tend to agree  
 Tend to disagree  
 Totally disagree  
 Don't know

EU28 Outer pie RO Inner pie

## 8. LOOKING TO THE FUTURE

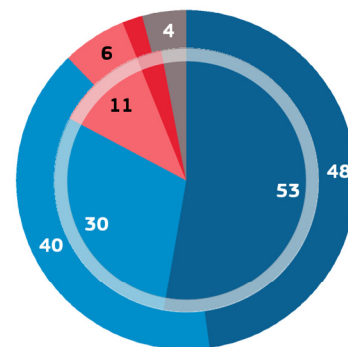
**QC7** How important do you think it is that the (NATIONALITY) government sets targets to increase the amount of renewable energy used, such as wind or solar power, by 2030?  
(%)



EU28 Outer pie RO Inner pie

	EU28		RO	
	2017	2017-2015	2017	2017-2015
Very important	51	- 1	53	+ 1
Fairly important	38	- 1	29	- 10
Not very important	5	=	11	+ 6
Not at all important	2	+ 1	3	+ 3
Don't know	4	+ 1	4	=

**QC8** How important do you think it is that the (NATIONALITY) government provides support for improving energy efficiency by 2030 (e.g. by encouraging people to insulate their home or buy electric cars)?  
(%)



EU28 Outer pie RO Inner pie

	EU28		RO	
	2017	2017-2015	2017	2017-2015
Very important	48	- 4	53	- 3
Fairly important	40	=	30	- 7
Not very important	6	+ 1	11	+ 7
Not at all important	2	+ 1	3	+ 3
Don't know	4	+ 2	3	=