Support for the Impact Assessment of a proposal to address maritime GHG emissions





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## Agenda

Introduction to the study and the project consortium

Overview of the project tasks

• Status of project and next steps



## **Project consortium roles**

- AEA: lead contractor. Leading the environmental and economic impact assessment. Also responsible for modelling GHG impacts of policy options
- AMEC: leading the social impact assessment; responsible for developing historical emissions inventories
- **IHS Fairplay:** responsible for developing **bottom-up baseline estimates** of shipping emissions (2010-2050); contributions to impact assessment
- Marintek: detailed information on costs/performance of abatement measures; contributions to assessment of impacts on shipping sector
- Milieu: leading on administrative/legal aspects of all the policy options

# **Problem definition and policy proposals**

- **Problem definition:** Nature, scale and drivers of the problem
- Policy objectives: Definition of general, specific and operational objectives, as well as criteria to assess policy options
- Design of policy options:
  - Detailed description of each possible option, including administrative arrangements and related implementation tasks
  - Special assessment of the scope for evasion of each policy option

### **Assessment of policy impacts - overview**



- Combination of quantitative and qualitative analysis to assess the impacts of each possible policy option
- Team will follow the EC Impact Assessment guidelines
- Range of emissions modelling activities will support the analysis
- Utilise skills from the whole consortium

### **Bottom-up baseline BAU emissions model**



#### **Bottom-up emissions model - model outline**



# Analysing the impacts of policy options on emissions and costs: TIMES energy systems model

- TIMES (The Integrated MARKAL-EFOM System):
  - Partial equilibrium on sector/system of interest – bottom-up, technology-rich
  - Maximises macro metric: combined producer and consumer surplus
  - Multi-regional model, with ability for shipping routes to change in response to policy
  - Calibrated to 2010 shipping movements data
  - Model chooses shipping investment to maximise utility of sector in response to policy



#### **Reference Energy System**

## **Analysis of economic impacts**

3. Quantitative analysis of economic impacts:



## **Analysis of environmental impacts**

#### **Environmental impacts**

The climate

Transport and the use of energy

Air quality

**Biodiversity, flora, fauna and landscapes** 

Water quality and resources

Soil quality or resources

Land use

**Renewable or non-renewable resources** 

The environmental consequences of firms and consumers

Waste production / generation / recycling

The likelihood or scale of environmental risks





# **Analysis of social impacts**

- Aim: Understand how companies may adjust operations to comply/respond to each policy option
- Relies on outputs of economic/environment assessments
- Social impact categories to be considered:
  - Employment and labour market
  - Standards and rights related to job quality
  - Social inclusion and protection of particular groups
  - Equality of treatment and opportunities, non-discrimination
  - Public health and safety



#### **Revenues and rents**

**Objective:** Assess the impacts of different uses of revenues/rents from possible market-based measures



## **Quantitative assessment of historical emissions**

- Method: 2010 bottom-up baseline (IHS) - back-cast (top-down) emissions to previous years
- Up to 5 scenarios (years): including 2005 and 1990
- Use disaggregated 2010 baseline emissions and backcast using historical trade data
- Method used in IMO Second GHG study



# Analysis of administrative and management arrangements for possible policies

- Information gathering
- Synergies/interactions with other initiatives and policies
- Synergies with existing systems/procedures
- Identification of possible new systems and procedures – and legislative requirements
- Estimates of administrative burden on ship owners, operators, other key stakeholders
- Analysis of costs and cost effectiveness



## **Status and next steps**

- Baseline emissions model in development
- TIMES shipping model in development
- Analysis of environmental, social and economic impacts will be complete by March 2012





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