

One in 20 respondents in Bulgaria (5%, well below the EU average of 18%) believe that climate change is the single most serious problem facing the world. Climate change ranks sixth in Bulgaria and the proportion of respondents mentioning it is the lowest of any EU Member State, as was also the case in 2019. However, three quarters of respondents (75% vs the EU average of 78%) think that climate change is a very serious problem.

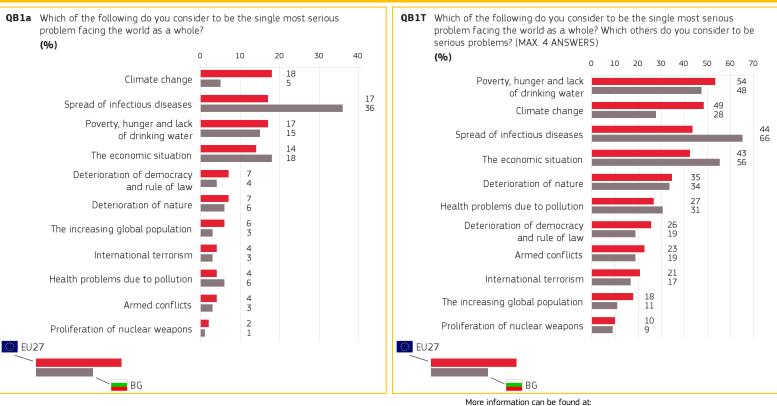
Just over six in ten respondents in Bulgaria (61%, compared with the EU average of 63%) believe that national governments are responsible for tackling climate change, an increase of 13 percentage points since 2019. A smaller proportion of respondents say they are personally responsible for it (21%, below the EU average of 41%). In addition, close to six in ten respondents say they have not taken action to fight climate change in the past six months (59%, above the EU average of 35%). However, when asked to choose from a list of 15 possible actions to fight climate change, 84% of respondents in Bulgaria (below the EU average of 96%) say at least one action applies to them.

More specifically, respondents in Bulgaria are less likely than the EU average to have taken any action to fight climate change. On the other hand, they are more likely to have better insulated their homes to reduce energy consumption (31% vs the EU average of 18%).

Over eight in ten respondents in Bulgaria agree that tackling climate change and environmental issues should be a priority to improve public health (86%, compared with 87% in the EU as a whole). They are less likely to agree that the cost of the damage due to climate change is much higher than the investment needed for a green transition (62%, compared with 74% in the EU as a whole).

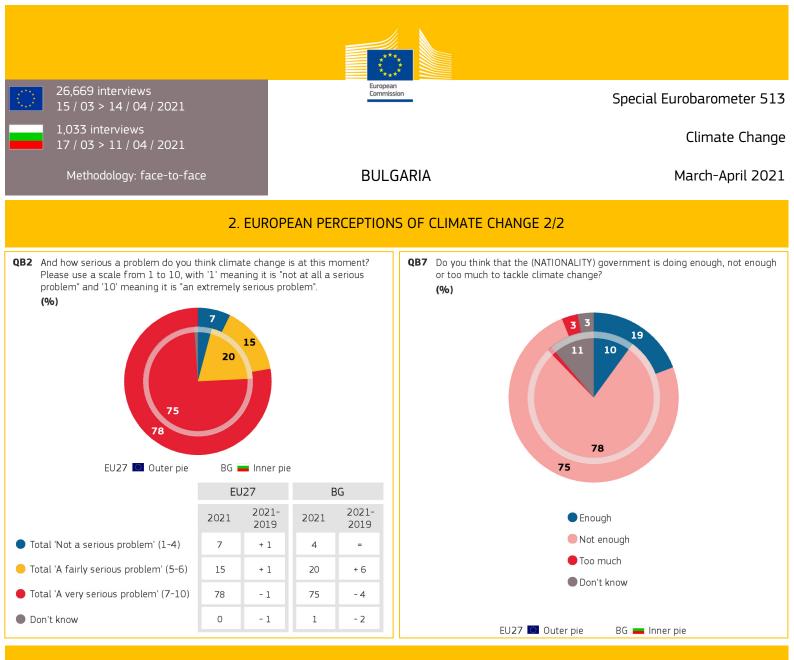
A large proportion of respondents in Bulgaria think it is important that both their national government (90% vs the EU average of 88%) and the European Union (89% vs the EU average of 87%) set ambitious targets to increase the amount of renewable energy used by 2030.

Close to nine in ten respondents in Bulgaria (89%, similar to the EU average of 90%) agree that greenhouse gas emissions should be reduced to a minimum while offsetting the remaining emissions in order to make the EU economy climate-neutral by 2050. Finally, nearly two thirds of respondents (63%, below the EU average of 75%) think that the money from the economic recovery plan should mainly be invested in the new green economy.



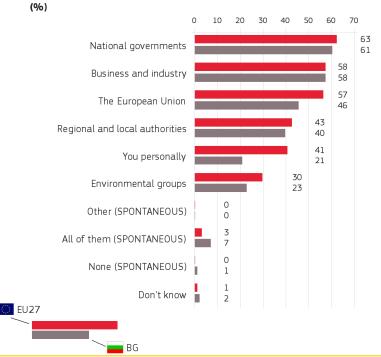
2. EUROPEAN PERCEPTIONS OF CLIMATE CHANGE 1/2

More information can be found at: https://ec.europa.eu/clima/citizens/support_en

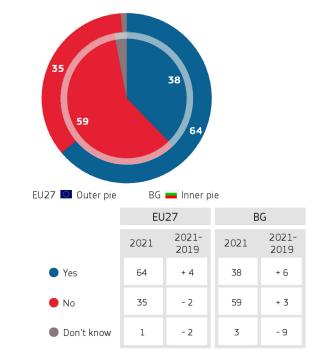




QB3 In your opinion, who within the EU is responsible for tackling climate change? (MULTIPLE ANSWERS POSSIBLE)

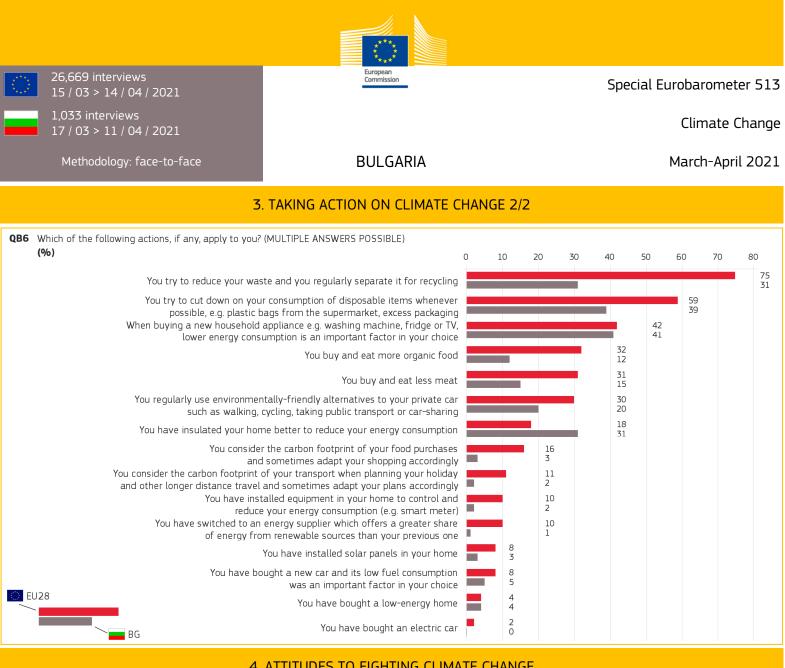


QB5 Have you personally taken any action to fight climate change over the past six months?
(%)

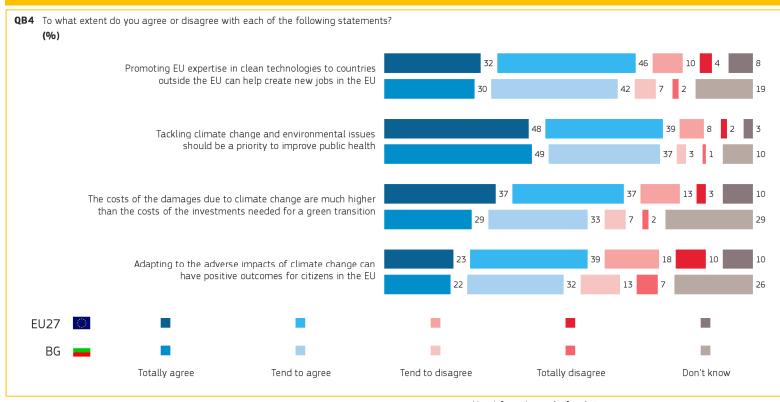


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4. ATTITUDES TO FIGHTING CLIMATE CHANGE



More information can be found at: https://ec.europa.eu/clima/citizens/support en

3

