



Special Eurobarometer 513

Climate Change

March-April 2021

GERMANY

#### 1. COUNTRY HIGHLIGHTS

Nearly three in ten respondents in Germany (28%) consider climate change to be the single most serious problem facing the world, a much higher proportion than the EU average (18%). Climate change ranks as the most common answer to this question, as in 2019. Moreover, close to eight in ten respondents (79% vs the EU average of 78%) believe that climate change is a very serious problem.

Close to three quarters of respondents in Germany (74%, above the EU average of 58%) say business and industry are responsible for tackling climate change, ahead of national governments (63%, similar to the EU average) and the European Union (63%, above the EU average of 57%). Furthermore, 56% of respondents (above the EU average of 41%) say they are personally responsible for tackling climate change. In fact, close to eight in ten respondents have taken action to fight climate change in the past six months (79%, above the EU average of 64%), and this proportion increases to almost all respondents when asked to choose from a list of 15 possible actions to fight climate change (99%, compared with the EU average of 96%).

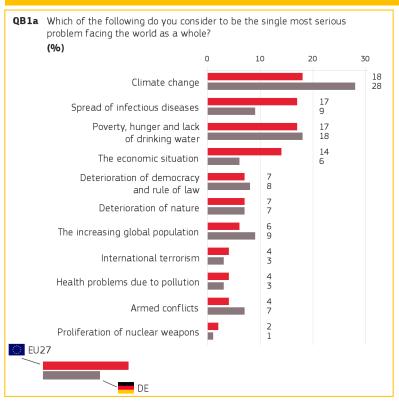
Respondents in Germany are much more likely to regularly use environmentally friendly alternatives to their private car (51% vs the EU average of 30%) and to buy and eat less meat (51% vs the EU average of 31%).

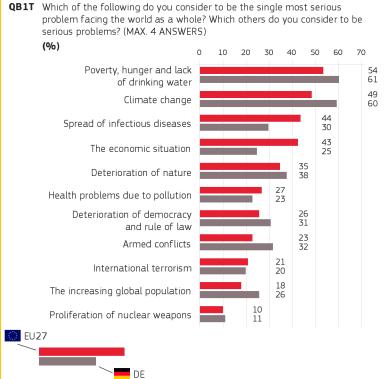
Nearly nine in ten respondents in Germany (87%, the same as the EU average) agree that tackling climate change and environmental issues should be a priority to improve public health. Moreover, close to three quarters of respondents (74%, the same as the EU average) agree that the cost of the damage due to climate change is much higher than the investment needed for a green transition.

More than eight in ten respondents in Germany think it is important that both their national government (88%, equal to the EU average) and the European Union (88% vs the EU average of 87%) set ambitious targets to increase the amount of renewable energy used by 2030.

Just over nine in ten respondents in Germany agree that greenhouse gas emissions should be reduced to a minimum while offsetting the remaining emissions in order to make the EU economy climate-neutral by 2050 (91% vs the EU average of 90%). Three quarters of respondents (75%, the same as the EU average) think that the money from the economic recovery plan should mainly be invested in the new green economy.

## 2. EUROPEAN PERCEPTIONS OF CLIMATE CHANGE 1/2









Methodology: face-to-face

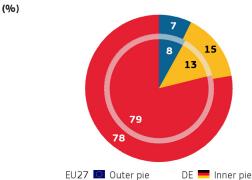
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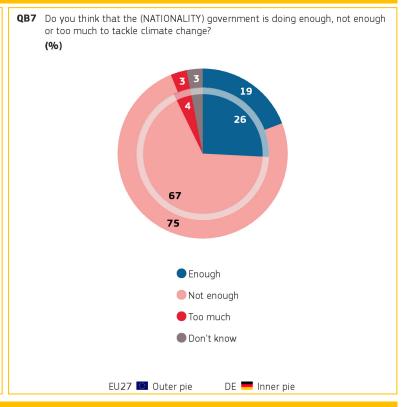
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# 2. EUROPEAN PERCEPTIONS OF CLIMATE CHANGE 2/2

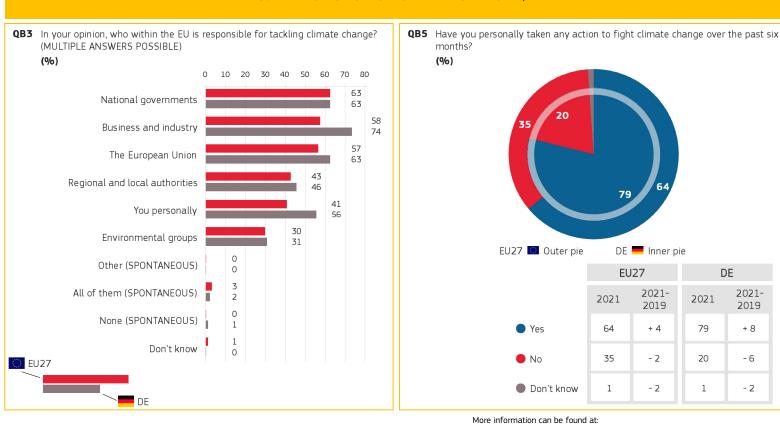
**QB2** And how serious a problem do you think climate change is at this moment? Please use a scale from 1 to 10, with '1' meaning it is "not at all a serious problem" and '10' meaning it is "an extremely serious problem".

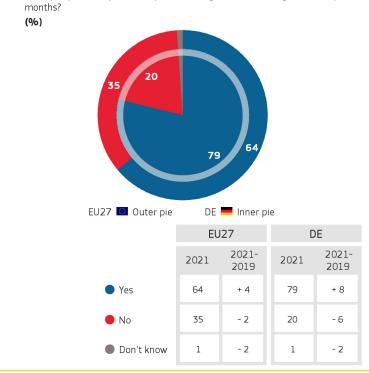


	EU27		DE	
	2021	2021- 2019	2021	2021- 2019
Total 'Not a serious problem' (1-4)	7	+ 1	8	+ 1
O Total 'A fairly serious problem' (5-6)	15	+ 1	13	+ 2
Total 'A very serious problem' (7-10)	78	- 1	79	- 2
Don't know	0	- 1	0	- 1



## 3. TAKING ACTION ON CLIMATE CHANGE 1/2









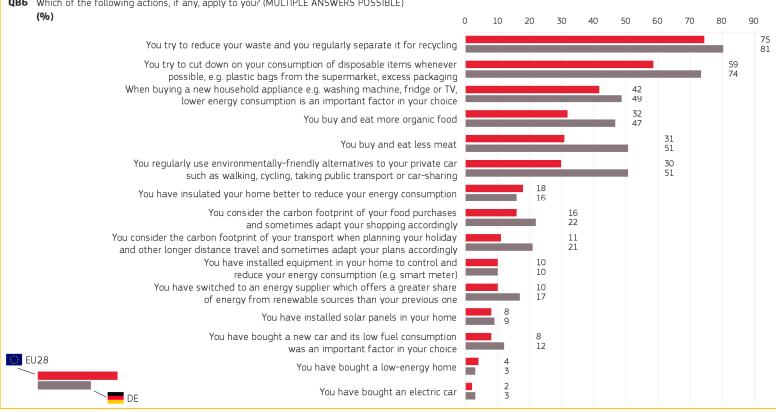
Methodology: face-to-face

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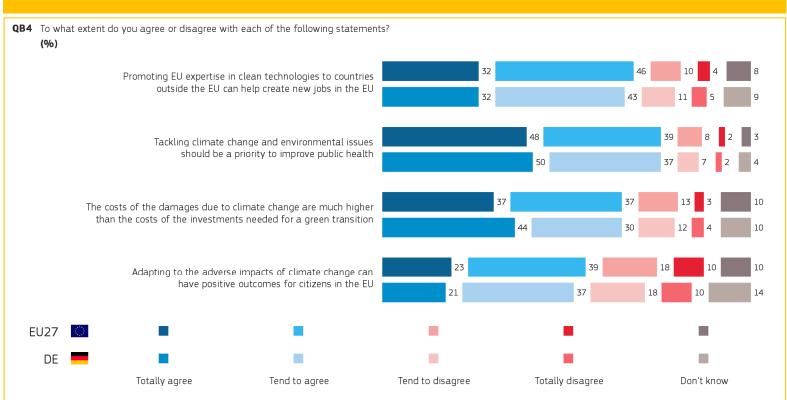
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# 3. TAKING ACTION ON CLIMATE CHANGE 2/2 QB6 Which of the following actions, if any, apply to you? (MULTIPLE ANSWERS POSSIBLE)



#### 4. ATTITUDES TO FIGHTING CLIMATE CHANGE







Methodology: face-to-face

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# 5. LOOKING TO THE FUTURE

