

### **ENVIRONMENT KNOW-HOW**

# Typical data flow and risk assessment for TK and emissions monitoring

How smart IT helps monitoring, reporting and verification

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## Agenda

- Introduction to SITA
- SITA and EU-ETS
- Are AOs\* ready for EU-ETS\*\*?
- How SITA can help the ATI\*\*\*...

\*Aircraft Operators

\*\*Air Transport Industry



<sup>\*\*</sup>European Union's Emission Trading Scheme

### Who is SITA?

- SITA\* was created in 1949 to serve the airline industry (telecommunication network operation, development of IT solutions and software applications)
- We serve nearly 600 members worldwide, 3200 customers in more than 220 countries and territories
- Membership represents over 90% of total worldwide airline business.
   Nearly no single flight takes place without at least one of our service
- Our members are airlines, airports, aerospace companies, air freight organizations and governments
- We operate the biggest private network for ATI and provide software solutions



### SITA and ETS – Our position

- At the last SITA board meeting, airlines asked SITA to help them address Environmental issues
- SITA's position regarding the EU ETS is NEUTRALITY:

Since the new regulation has been approved, SITA will do all it can to help airlines prepare for it

#### **BUT**

 SITA believes that most airlines are not yet prepared for the new regulation.



### SITA and ETS – Our projects

 SITA has created the WORKING GROUP for Environmental Regulation Implementation.

### Our goals:

- Explain the EU-ETS regulation to airlines
- Develop best practices
- Exchange knowledge
- Share development cost
- Work on other ETS worldwide
- SITA has started the development of a prototype to automate the generation of reports for airlines. If successful, a service will be launched.
  - -> Verifiers will be given the access to verify airline reports with other sources of information



### ATI and the ETS verification process

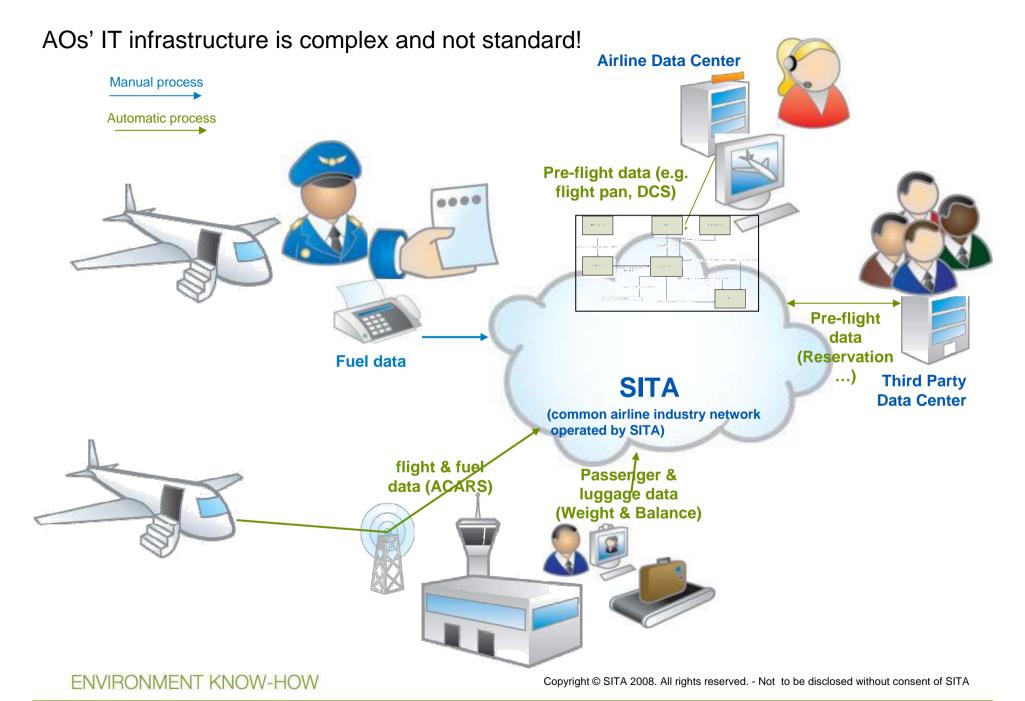
- The ATI community has got fairly similar IT\* systems.
- These IT systems are specific to the industry and relies on messaging standards (ACARS, Type B), joint processes (DCS\*\*), Safety rules (JAR\*\*\*), Flight Plans, ATM<sup>(4)</sup> etc
- Proper verification will require specific knowledge of the ATI to ensure "credibility" of the verifiers and coherency along verification in all MS<sup>(5)</sup>.
- SITA recommends the set-up of ATI verification practices and is willing to contribute to their definition
  - \*\*Departure Control System
  - \*\*\*Joint Aviation Requirements
  - (4) Air Traffic Management
  - (5) Member States



# Why is it a challenge for AOs? And what are the issues they must handle?











-Airlines have heterogeneous fleets- Not all aircraft have the same equipments and same communication access -> airlines may decide to install ACARS in all their aircraft OR adopt the lowest common denominator (manual reporting by pilots/fuel bill reporting) -Fuel gauges on board have a 97% accuracy rate and vary with the quantity of fuel loaded. Verifiers shall ensure that the gauge accuracy is stable over time

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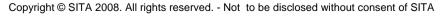
- -There is a risk of error when the data is manually reported by pilots at the end of their flights.
- -Verifiers shall be able to verify the data using aircraft & engine performance databases OR by comparing with other airlines' performances





- -Fuel supply data can be sent by the numerous fuel suppliers located at airports flown by airlines. Verifiers shall be aware that fuel data are not always a good source of data when tankering is used and when some segments are outside of EU-ETS
- -Problem of data accuracy and reporting since there are many different fuel suppliers worldwide







SITA AIRLINES LOADSHEET CHECKED BY APPROVED EDNO ALL WEIGHTS IN KG FROM/TO FLIGHT A/C REG VERSION CREW DATE TIME ATL JFK XS0090/30 GAJKL J24Y161 2/7 30JUN08 1634 WEIGHT DISTRIBUTION LOAD IN COMPARTMENTS 4711 1/1297 2/0 3/2452 4/952 5/10 0/0 PASSENGER/CABIN BAG 14098 167/2/2 TTL 171 CAB 0 PAX 9/160 TOTAL TRAFFIC LOAD 18809 BLKD 3/0 DRY OPERATING WEIGHT 84149 ZERO FUEL WEIGHT ACTUAL 102958 MAX 114758 L ADJ TAKE OFF FUEL 51500 TAKE OFF WEIGHT ACTUAL 154458 MAX 175540 ADJ TRIP FUEL

TRIP FUEL 43100 LANDING WEIGHT ACTUAL 111358 MAX 126098 ADJ

BALANCE AND SEATING CONDITIONS LAST MINUTE CHANGES
DOI 49.99 DEST SPEC CL/CPT + - WEIGHT
LIZFW 58.59 MACZFW 26.68
LITOW 60.13 MACTOW 26.60

STAB TO 03.5 UP FLAP SETTING: TO FLAP 5/15 SEATING 0A/9 0B/32 0C/70 0D/58

LILAW 55.71 MACLAW 25.31

UNDERLOAD BEFORE LMC 11800 LMC TOTAL + -

LOADMESSAGE AND CAPTAINS INFORMATION BEFORE LMC

NOTOC - NIL

#### Facts:

- -Loadsheets don't follow the same format.
- -Information on weight may not have the required level of accuracy and are not displayed with the same unit
- -Verifiers can check the data accuracy against external data sources (e.g. airport databases) or against industry standard values

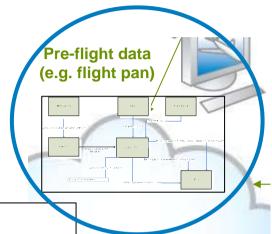


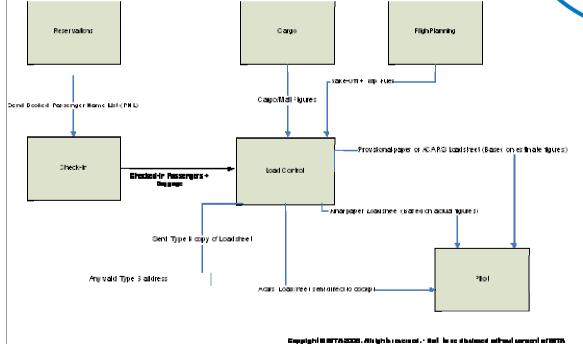


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- -IT systems are different between airlines
- -10 years data archiving can be a great burden
- -Verifiers shall be trained on a variety of IT systems prior to perform their tests





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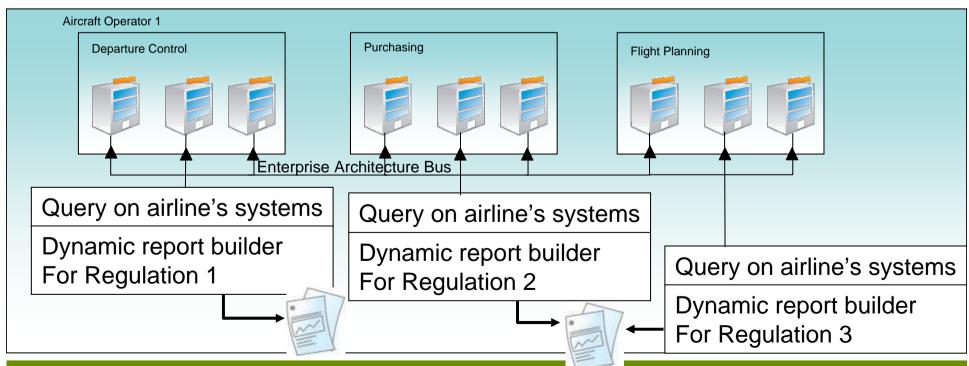


- -TK calculation is critical for airlines and therefore will require a high level of accuracy
- -TK reported by airlines shall be verified using external sources of data (e.g. Eurocontrol's Pagoda)



### Strategies to adapt airline's IT to the regulation

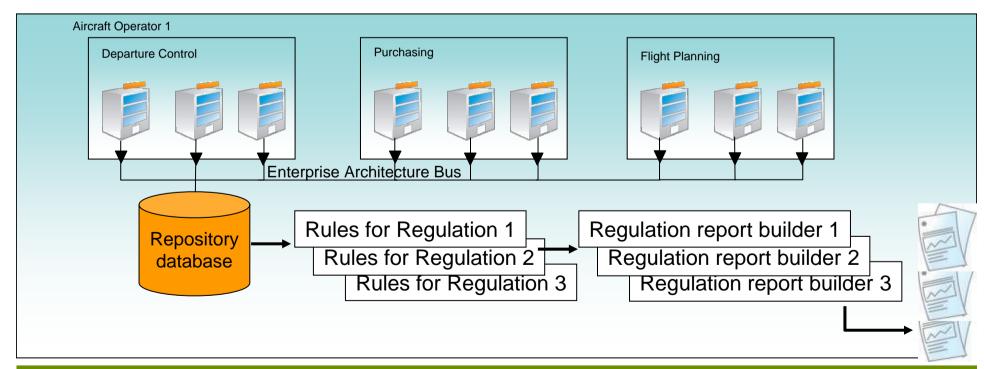
- Option 1:
  - Development inhouse
  - Query airline's systems
  - Produce reports for different regulations





### Strategies to adapt airline's IT to the regulation

- Option 2:
  - Development inhouse
  - Push data to a "Regulatory" database
  - Produce reports for different regulations

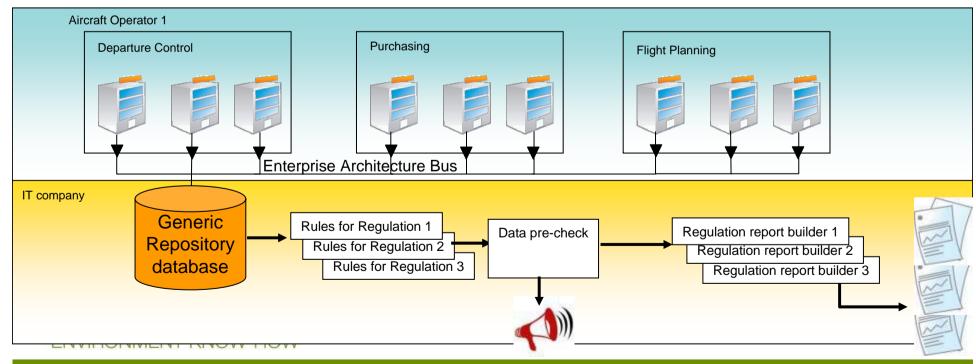




### Strategies to adapt airline's IT to the regulation

#### Option 3:

- Outsourcing of data processing to a Third Party
- Push data to a generic "Repository" database
- Pre-check the data prior the verification process (using external sources of information)
- Produce reports for different regulations



# Option analysis

	Pros	Cons
Option 1	*Confidential information stays with AOs *AOs are fully responsible to implement the regulation *Queries are customised to AOs' IT systems	*AOs must invest in the development of a reporting system  *Verifiers must check different reporting systems
Option 2	*Confidential information stays with AOs *It's easier to implement and maintain than Option 1	*AOs must invest in the development of a reporting system  *Verifiers must check different reporting systems
Option 3	For airlines:  *Share the cost amongst AOs  *Simpler solution than a Query-based one  *The best cost-efficient solution  *Share the responsibility of implementing the regulation between AOs and Third Parties  *No change on AOs if the format of reports change  For verifiers:  *One system to verify (Vs many)  Reduce the verification duration (and cost)	*send confidential data to third party *No control on the software evolution



### Questions & answers?





# Thank you

