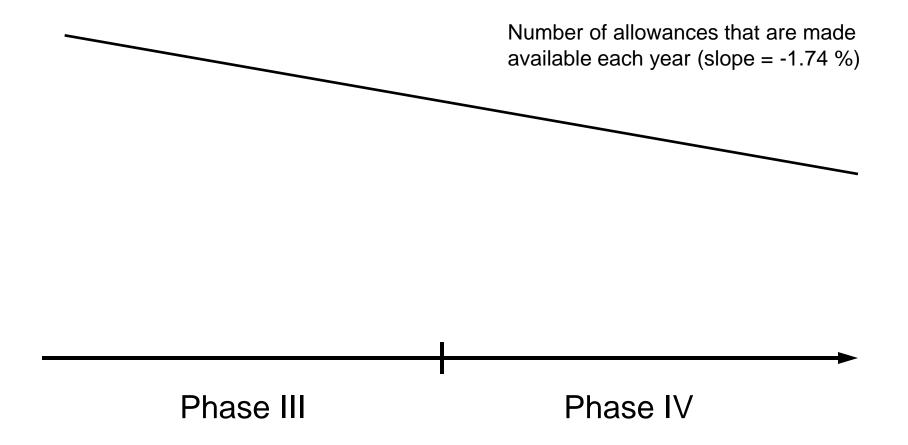
# A valve for overflow needs to be introduced in EU ETS

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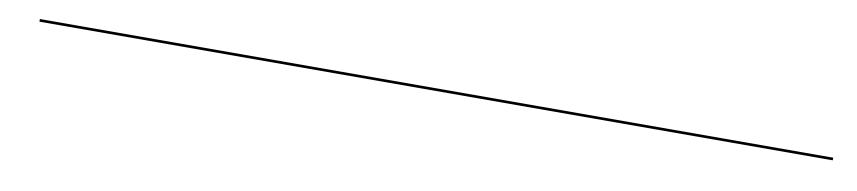
## Background

- The amount of available allowances is determined by the slope of the cap, -1.74 % (or any other suitable factor from 2020).
- "Unexpected" situations, like e.g. economic downturns, will for sure occur also in the future.
- A valve for overflow, with purpose to correct for such situations, needs to be introduced in EU ETS; otherwise interventions have to be performed ad-hoc when such situations occur.
- The *valve for overflow* may be applied every e.g. eight years; 2019, 2027, 2035 and 2043.
- With such valve for overflow, EU ETS will work without any need for political interventions. This will give a predictable legislation.
- The methodology applied in 2019 is illustrated in the following slides.

### **Current situation**



#### Determine the "overflow"



The "overflow" at the end of 2018, OF, is calculated in Q3 2019 OF = number of issued allowances until December 2018, minus number of cancelled allowances until June 2019.

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Phase III

Phase IV

### Permanent set-aside in Phase IV

