

Latest developments at ICAO - GMBM

7th EU ETS Compliance Conference – 8 & 9
November 2016

8 November, 2016



39th ICAO Assembly

- ➤ In 2013, the ICAO States agreed to develop a global market-based measure to address international aviation's CO₂ emissions
- > 39th ICAO Assembly decided to implement the:



Carbon Offsetting and Reduction Scheme for International Aviation

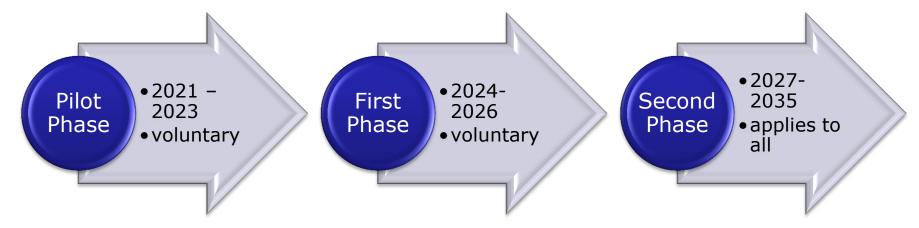


Goals and timelines of CORSIA

- ➤ CORSIA to address any annual increase in total CO₂ emissions from international civil aviation above the 2020 levels
- > 2020 baseline: average of 2019-2020 emissions
- Implementation on a route basis, as of 2021 and until the 2035



Implementation phases



>states decide the basis for their operators' offsetting requirements

➤a single method to determine operators' offsetting requirements

➤ exempt: LDCs, LLDCs, SIDs and states with less than 0,5% of total RTKs in 2018



What is the coverage?

- Pilot phase: up to date, 66 states volunteered to implement the CORSIA from the start
- > First Phase: more states to join?
- Second Phase: estimation is that 73 states will be in, and 118 states will remain exempt
- ➤ About 80% of emissions above 2020 levels will be offset throughout the 2021 2035



Operators' offsetting requirements

- > Fully based on sector's growth from 2021 to 2030
- ➤ at least 20% of offsetting requirement based on the individual growth from 2030
- ➤ at least 70% of offsetting requirement based on the individual growth from 2033 to 2035
 - > ICAO Council may recommend in 2028 the adjustment of the individual percentage



Reviews: the key for improvement of CORSIA

- Reviews every 3 years, starting in 2022: Council to propose adjustments for the decision of the Assembly:
 - To assess the progress towards achievement of the goal
 - Consider improvements to support the goals of the Paris agreement
 - Update the design to improve implementation and increase effectiveness
- ➤ A special review in 2032 on termination or extension of the scheme



Implementation rules

- Standards and Recommended Practices (SARPs) and guidance material on:
 - ➤ MRV: adoption in 2018,
 - >Emissions monitoring starts in 2019
 - > Emissions Units Criteria: adoption in 2018
 - First compliance in 2023
- > Policies and guidance on registries:
 - > Consolidated central registry by 2021
 - Arrangements for national registries (or accounts)



What is next? The CAEP process:

- Ongoing discussions in the Technical task force for the GMBM:
 - > On MRV rules
 - > On emissions units eligibility criteria
- New Interim Program Approval Group (IPAG):
 - to approve emissions units for the pilot phase
- Ongoing discussions in the Alternative Fuels task Force on:
 - > Life cycle assessment and default values
 - Sustainability criteria



Where we are now on this?

- > MRV rules:
 - > Agreement achieved on key components: monitoring methods, fuel density, identification of aircraft operators
 - Thresholds, procedures and tools for small emitters; accounting of alternative fuels still under development,
- > Emissions units eligibility criteria:
 - Draft recommendations on the eligibility criteria for emissions units
 - ➤ IPAG to use the recommendations to identify the eligible emissions offset projects and programmes for the use in the first years of CORSIA