FROM NER300 TO THE INNOVATION FUND

Knowledge-sharing for innovative clean tech projects

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Knowledge-sharing, communication and dissemination

- *Knowledge-sharing* is the information to be shared and activities to be undertaken by the project at the different project stages in order to de-risk the innovative technologies or solutions with regard to scaling up to a commercial size and to accelerate deployment and commercialisation of the technologies.
- Communication and dissemination are the communication and dissemination activities that the applicant plans to undertake to promote the project and the technologies, products or business models that are being demonstrated.



The knowledge-sharing (KS) template

- To collect relevant knowledge generated from Innovation Fund projects after grant award
- Applicants are welcome to provide additional indicators specific to their project and innovative technologies, which they are willing to share knowledge on.
- Applicants are encouraged to foresee both quantitative indicators and qualitative elements.
- The quality and extent of the knowledge-sharing plan will be assessed under scalability.
- If the proposal is successful, the beneficiary will be reporting on all general knowledgesharing elements and all specific knowledge-sharing elements identified at the time of the application.



Knowledge-sharing levels

- Level 1 (L1) recipients are all Innovation Fund projects in the relevant sector, and any other project which has agreed to share the same level of detail of information with INEA and the Commission services responsible for implementation of the Innovation Fund
- Level 2 (L2) recipients are the wider technology community (e.g. other potential users of the technology/the solution/the business model etc.), the Commission, Member States, researchers, non-governmental organisations (NGOs), international organisations and other projects and, where appropriate, the public.
- Aggregation and anonymization: The Commission may decide when appropriate, to aggregate Level 1 relevant knowledge to be shared at or beyond Level 1 recipients (i.e. at Level 2), with the objective that the result cannot be ascribed to individual projects, organisations or persons.



Aggregation and anonymisation

- The Commission may aggregate relevant knowledge and disseminate it when it contributes to the overall goals of the knowledge-sharing (de-risking of the innovative technologies with regard to scaling up to commercial size; acceleration of the deployment; increasing the undertaking of, and confidence in, the innovative technologies by the wider public; maintenance of a competitive market.)
- Aggregation may take place:
 - Where specific data and information is considered important to be communicated at a broader level, this can be aggregated in a manner that 'de-sensitizes' information considered to be too commercially sensitive to be released on a general level (e.g. cost breakdown);
 - Where it is considered important to aggregate knowledge in order to communicate best practice in a more general area between similar projects (e.g. good practice in developing health and safety plans);
 - Where relevant knowledge is considered important to be communicated at a broader level, however the information is of a highly technical nature, and thus may need simplified in order to make it accessible.



Contents

- General project details
- Contact details of the person responsible for the knowledge-sharing report
- A1 Technical Set-up and Performance (L1)
- A2 Technical Set-up and Performance (L2)
- B Actual GHG emission avoidance (mostly L2)
- C Cost and revenues (L1)
- D1 Project Management (L1)
- D2 Project Management (L2)
- E Environmental Impact (L2)
- F Health and Safety (L2)

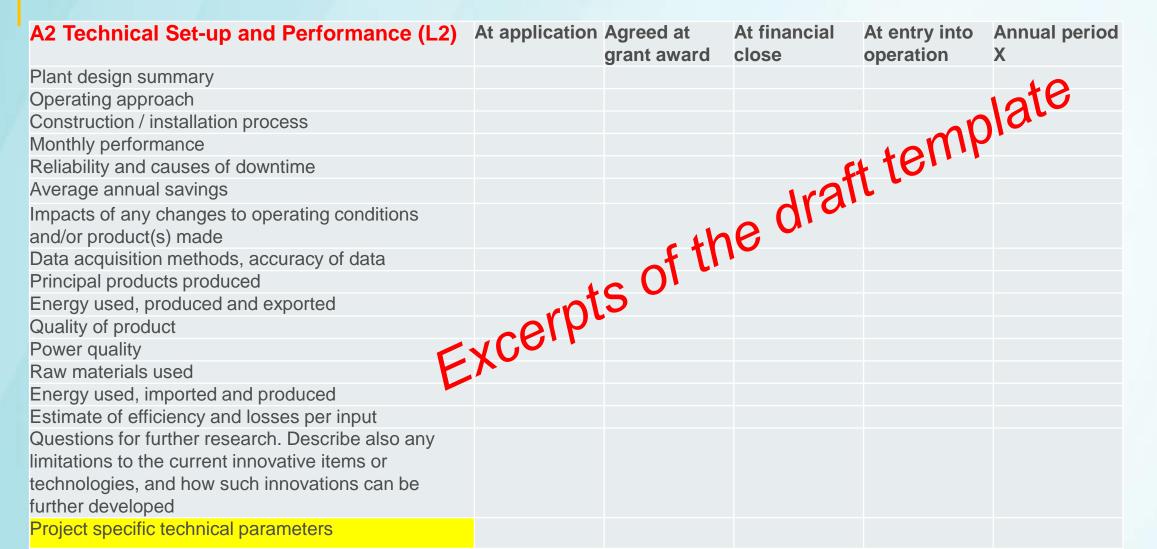


Knowledge sharing aspects reporting frequency

- Knowledge-sharing reports: large-scale projects: annually, but we may consider to limit to:
 - 1 report after financial close or after any milestone linked to payment
 - 1 report after entry into operation or after any milestone linked to payment
 - and annually after entry into operation
- Knowledge-sharing reports: small-scale projects: 3 reports:
 - after financial close
 - after entry into operation
 - after end of project



A1 Technical Set-up and Performance (L1)	At application	Agreed at grant award	At financial close	At entry into operation	Annual period X
A1.1 Technical description					
Overview of technology and related infrastructure					
Block-flow diagram of the system					
Innovative aspects of the project					
A1.1.1 Technology 1					
Description of design					
Deviations	n/a				
Details of sub-installation 1					+0.
A1.2 Construction / installation process					
Construction and installation					
Installation technologies used				AUN	
Challenges and limitations			CL.	161	
Description of design Deviations Details of sub-installation 1 A1.2 Construction / installation process Construction and installation Installation technologies used Challenges and limitations Connections and interfaces with existing facilities, other plants, installations, pipelines, grid A1.3 Resource and Yield Assessment Input (raw material) Deviations Input (raw material) quantitative Reasons for deviations Yield (final product) Reliability and downtime Reasons for deviations A1.4 Summary of remote communication devices and instrumentation used Deviations A1.5 Monitoring Description of monitoring methodology A1.6 Operation and maintenance Preventive maintenance Preventive maintenance			iratt		
A1.3 Resource and Yield Assessment					
Input (raw material)		10	0, 0,		
Deviations Input (raw material) quantitative		c †ľ	V		
Reasons for deviations	n/a				
Yield (final principal product) quantitative					
Deviations Yield (final product)	n/a	13			
Reliability and downtime	arv				
Reasons for deviations	C				
A1.4 Summary of remote communication devices and instrumentation					
used					
Deviations	n/a				
A1.5 Monitoring					
Description of monitoring methodology					
A1.6 Operation and maintenance					
Corrective maintenance	n/a				
Preventive maintenance					
Project specific technical parameters					
A1.7 Suitability for scaling-up					
Suitability for scaling-up					
Potential for cost reductions					





Energy intensive industries						
A1 Technical Set-up and Performance (L1)				CCS, PV, BIO, GEO		
A1.1.1 Summary of the technology deployed and plant descripti	on			To be developed: OCN,		
List all intermediary and principal products of the Hydrogen		Fill in the fields relevant to your project. If not relevant, mark				
The production capacity achieved (in tonnes of p		as n/a and explain why. Please provide all data that is quantitative also in separate		Hydro, Energy storage		
per annum)	Please prov					
NACE2 codes of the products related to the main	clearly mark					
The energy demand per tonne of principal produA1 Technical S	et-up and If no change	nlassa mark sama as nrav	Vious nariod	ant to your project. If not relevant, mark on n		
The feedstock/reductant demand (if applicable) Performance (L		d energy		ant to your project. If not relevant, mark as n		
product(s) A1.1 Hydrogen			and explain why.	to that is guantitative also in concrete also th		
The raw material requirements per unit of principtechnology	detaile			Please provide all data that is quantitative also in separate clea marked tabs		
If this project is a sub process or retrofit of an exiPrimary energy	/ source(s) wind,	WIND		mark come on proving partial		
provide separately the above information respec	geoth		n no change, please	mark same as previous period		
total process or for the process pre-retrofit	geothern ocean	1 Turbing technology				
A1.1.2 Carbon capture and storage/utilisation	treatm	1 Turbine technology	A summary of the wi	nd turbine design, including detailed		
A1.1.3 Hydrogen production and use Secondary ene	rgy source(s) electridocia	2 Summary of wind turbine	description of	na tarbine design, including detailed		
Overview of hydrogen demand Conversion tec	0,	11	* turbine blades,			
Overview of hydrogen production	memb	Bioma * hub,				
A1.3 Energy and materials demand						
A1.3.1 Summary of energy demand	Bioma		 * drive train and housing/narelle, * generator, * tower, * foundation * connections 			
A1.3.3 Summary of imports and exports of heat,	Therm					
energy carriers	Photo					
A1.3.4 Summary of materials demand	Photo					
A1.1.3 Summary of waste-streams and by-produ	Microk		electrical conversion plant (transformer, converters etc.) co			
Identify the types and amounts of by-products an	Fossil	Fossil		within turbine		
can be used	Steam	ing. Vi	Foundations:			
If applicable, provide the emission profiles to air	reform		* technical descriptio	n of the wind turbine structural foundation		
If applicable, provide the amount and compositioSummary of de	esign Exam differe * techi Netto * man * size * total * syste * cell a	S Of the sign basis, dimension		transition piece where applicable, including		
and any capture and reuse processes.	differe	0	design basis, dimens	sions, tolerances, corrosion protection and		
If applicable, provide the amount and temperatur			other relevant aspect	ts. Comment on any deviations from the des		
heat from the plant, and any reuse and/or upgrad	Hert		phase and reasons the			
If this project is a sub process or retrofit of an exi	man * ci		•	or alternative method for connecting inter-an		
provide separately the above information respect	* size		export cables to foun	•		
total process or for the process pre-retrofit				nonthly average site conditions experienced		
Project specific technical parameters	syste			tation of the project, including (wave and wir		
				sed for connecting inter-array export cables		
	* balai			and foundation/turbine		
	plant c			h and distance from shore		

B GHG emission avoidance (L2)

Absolute GHG emission avoidance

Relative GHG emission avoidance

Per unit of product

Actual absolute GHG emission avoidance

Type(s) of modal(s) used in transportation, frequency and distance

[EII] Quantities of de minimis and minor inputs

[EII/RES/Energy storage] Hourly profiles for use and feed-in of grid electricity

[EII/Energy storage] Hourly profiles for generation of electricity delivered to the project from PPAs

[EII/Energy storage] Hourly profiles for avoided curtailment based on final physical notifications of co-located RES plants or grid operator instructions.

[RES] Energy generated by hour, based on the actual load factor, and technology efficiency per operating hour [Bioenergy] Type of bio-based fuel used (refer to annexes V and VI of the RED2). Any pre-treatment(s) of biomass before processing. How is sustainability of biomass ensured?

[Energy storage] Hourly profiles for provided system services Project specific technical parameters

Actual relative GHG emission avoidance (L1) Actual GHG emissions per unit of product (L1) Maximum potential absolute GHG emission avoidance

Maximum potential relative GHG emission avoidance

E Environmental Impact (L2)

Visual impact on landscape Cultural heritage Communication networks Connecting to the national grid Nature and biodiversity Geology, aquifers and water sources Emissions to the environment Raw materials (primary and secondary) Waste and circularity

Soil

Climate change adaptation Other environmental impacts

Questions for further research



C Cost and revenues (L1)

C1 Total investment costs to date [€] development costs capital equipment site infrastructure construction, installation commissioning intangible assets (incl. technology license) grid / pipeline connection other Deviations C2 Operating costs in the previous operative year [€]: inputs (raw materials) operation and maintenance

services

staff costs

overheads

waste disposal

local rates and taxes

insurance

other

Deviations

C3 Cost per unit of output Cost per unit of output (CPUP) during IF monitoring period Cost per unit of output (CPUP) over the plant/installation lifetime C4 Revenues Revenues main products

Revenues by-products

Avoided costs





D1 Project Management (L1)

D1.1 Lessons learned finance

Technical documentation

Business plan

Value chain certainty

Earlier pilots Finance

D1.2 Permits and consents

Lessons learned from permitting Market and regulatory barriers

D1.3 Project planning issues

Risks and mitigation measures Deviations from key milestones D1.4 Project management team Roles and governance model Changes in the consortium Social inclusion, gender and race equality

D1.5 Stakeholder engagement, including public communication strategies

Excerpts of the draft template Communication objectives Target groups selected and number of stakeholders reached Methods of communication Timing/frequency of stakeholder engagement Challenges faced and lessons learned

Project specific technical parameters

D2 Project Management (L2)

D2.1 Aggregated information

Finance

Challenges encountered in relation to securing of project's funding and how have they been addressed?

What type of financial support from Member States or other European Union funds or mechanism were sought, and what were challenges encountered (if any) to achieving financial close?

Lessons learned and experiences in how to finance, insure and minimise financial risks for this type of projects

> European Commission

Questions for possible feedback on the template

- What type of technical, economic, project management, environmental, regulatory and permitting information will be most useful to share with other projects from the sector in order to speed up the uptake of the innovative technologies and to advance the regulatory environment without at the same time compromising the legitimate IPRs, the competitiveness and the first-mover advantage of the companies involved in the projects?
- Are there any important aspects **missing** in the various sections?
- Is the information requested at similar level of detail in the different sector tabs?
- Do we need to simplify the KS template for the small-scale projects? If yes, how?



Questions for possible feedback on the knowledge-sharing activities

- What types of knowledge-sharing activities should INEA organise for projects benefiting from Innovation Fund (and other EU programmes) and for the general public?
- What should be the form of knowledge sharing tools that would be useful for the market?
- How can synergies be obtained from linking to other programmes and networks?





European Commission

Next steps

- Template will be uploaded on the webpage of the event and sent to IFEG for feedback by 10 March 2021
- Final template becomes part of the application documents for 2nd stage of applications under the large-scale call
- First knowledge-sharing reports and activities: as of 2023



Thank you



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