## EU Emissions Trading Scheme (ETS) – Consultation on design and organisation of emissions allowance auctions

This document is the questionnaire for this consultation. The survey contains 4 initial questions (A-D) to identify respondents, 86 questions for which responses will be made public and 4 questions that are classified confidential, must be sent directly to the European Commission and will not be made public. The questions that are classified potentially confidential are on two separate pages (2 questions on each page) and highlighted in green boxes.

#### **Period of consultation**

From 3 June 2009 to 3 August 2009 inclusive

#### How to submit your contribution

This consultation seeks to obtain feedback from all categories of stakeholders regarding the different aspects of auction design and implementation covered in the Consultation Paper.

We are sorry for the inconvenience, but the web-based survey is not available yet. If participants wish to complete the survey on this document and send their contributions back to **contact ets auctions consultation@icfi.com** their responses can be accepted in this format. The web-based survey will be available as soon as possible if participants wish to wait till that is available.

Received contributions will be published on the Internet. It is important to read the specific privacy statement attached to this consultation for information on how your personal data and contribution will be dealt with.

#### Specific privacy statement

"Received contributions, together with the identity of the contributor, will be published on the Internet, unless the contributor objects to publication of his or her personal data on the grounds that such publication would harm his or her legitimate interests. In such cases the contribution may be published in an anonymous form. Otherwise, the contribution will not be published nor will, in principle, its content be taken into account. Responses for questions deemed confidential in the consultation will not be available for view on the website irrespective of contributor objecting or not."

### Instructions to filling out the questionnaire

•	Questions may only be answered in designated response fields
•	For certain multiple choice questions, simply click on box to indicate choice
•	Answer [Y/N] questions by typing "y" / "Y" or "n" / "N" on underlined area ()
•	Some responses require explanations, additional comments and detailed answers. These will either by identified by underline ( ) or an answer section (A: ). The amount of text that can be entered here is unlimited.
•	After completing the survey, please save and send to contact_ets_auctions_consultation@icfi.com
•	If any questions seem unclear in context or for method of response, please mail <a href="mailto:contact_ets_auctions_consultation@icfi.com">contact_ets_auctions_consultation@icfi.com</a> to clarify

Thank you

#### **Section 1: Questions to categorize participants**

## **Question A** Name of Company/Organization: FINNISH ENERGY INDUSTRIES identification number 68861821910-84 Principal nature of activities: INTEREST ORGANISATION OF ELECTRICITY AND DISTRICT HEATING COMPANIES IN FINLAND Number of employees in 2008: World-wide \_\_\_\_\_ Europe-wide 50 Turnover in 2008: World-wide \_\_\_\_\_ Europe-wide 9 M€ **Question B** Type of respondent: Member State Company operating one or more installations covered by the EU ETS Electricity generators Energy companies other than electricity generators Industrial sectors Aviation Other. Please specify:\_\_\_\_\_ Approx Annual Emissions: \_\_\_\_\_tCO<sub>2</sub> Intermediary Financial institution Trading arm of non-financial institution Other. Please specify \_\_\_\_\_ Trader on own account Financial institution

#### **Question C**

Contact details will not be made public.

Academic

Other. Please specify \_\_\_\_\_

#### **Question D**

Questions relating to the "Specific privacy statement" above.

Do you object to publication of your personal data because it would harm your legitimate interests? [Y/N] N

If so, please provide an explanation of the legitimate interests that you think will be harmed:

A:

o Are any of your responses confidential? [Y/N]  $\underline{N}$ 

If so, please indicate which ones and provide an explanation:

A:

#### Section 2: Survey questions (86) and potentially confidential questions (4)

### **Question 1**

_	eneral rule throughout the trading period, in your opinion, are early auctions early? [Y/N] $\underline{Y}$
If so, v	what should the profile of EUA auctions be?
	5-10% in year n-2, 10-20% in year n-1, remainder in year n
$\boxtimes$	10-20% in year n-2, 20-30% in year n-1, remainder in year n
	20-30% in year n-2, 30-35% in year n-2, remainder in year n
	Other? Please specify:

#### **Question 2**

Do you think there is a need to auction futures?  $[Y/N] \underline{Y}$ 

If so, why so?

A: Market participants need to be able to hedge their positions. Especially power market participants need to be able to reduce risk to rises in EUA price, since they may have electricity sales contracts with fixed prices. Auctioning futures also enables the start of the EUA auction before 2013, which is also important to allow continuity of the market.

In addition the volumes of the emission allowances companies need to purchase will increase drastically and market participants should be allowed to choose the trading and hedging profile most suitable for them.

#### **Question 3**

What share of allowances should be auctioned spot and what share should be auctioned as futures for each year?

			SPOT	FUTURES
•	year n	:	<u>50</u> %	%
•	year n-1	÷	%	<u>30</u> %
•	year n-2	:	%	<u>20</u> %

Please provide evidence to support your case.

A: We see that this would allow sufficient hedging possibilities while keeping the SPOT auctions as the main rule.

*NB*: The answer to this question will be published as part of the public consultation. Please do not submit confidential information as part of your answer to this question.

#### **Question 4**

Should the common maturity date used in futures auctions be in December (so the maturity date would be December in year n, both when auctioning in year n-2 as when auctioning in year n-1)?  $[Y/N] \underline{Y}$ 

If not, please suggest alternative maturity dates and provide evidence to support your view.

A:

## This page contains two questions that will not be made public. These questions cannot be completed on this document

<b>Request for</b>
potentially
confidential
information 1

Please send the answer to this question in paper and electronic format, marked on the envelope "Strictly Private and Confidential – Auctioning consultation", directly to the European Commission, DG ENV, Directorate C, Unit C2, to the attention of the Head of Unit, Office BU-5 2/1, 1049 Brussels, Belgium. It will be treated confidentially and will not be disclosed publicly.

For ETS operators: what share of your expected emissions covered by the EU ETS in a given year n do you hedge and how much in advance?

•	year n	:	%
•	year n-1	:	%
•	year n-2	:	
•	earlier years (please specify)		0/0

# Request for potentially confidential information 2

Please send the answer to this question in paper and electronic format, marked on the envelope "Strictly Private and Confidential – Auctioning consultation", directly to the European Commission, DG ENV, Directorate C, Unit C2, to the attention of the Head of Unit, Office BU-5 2/1, 1049 Brussels, Belgium. It will be treated confidentially and will not be disclosed publicly.

What share of the annual quantity of allowances you intend to purchase *via* auctions would you wish to buy spot or futures respectively?

		SPOT		FUTURES	
•	year n	: <u></u>	%	_	%
•	year n-1	: <u></u>	%	_	%
•	year n-2	: <u></u>	%	T _	%

Please specify whether you are an:

- ETS operator; or
- other participant.

For spe	ot auctions:
What s	should be the <b>optimum</b> frequency of auctions?
	Weekly?
	Fortnightly?
$\boxtimes$	Monthly?
	Quarterly?
	Other? Please specify:
What s	should be the <b>minimum</b> frequency of auctions?
	Weekly?
	Fortnightly?
	Monthly?
$\boxtimes$	Quarterly?
	Other? Please specify:
What s	should be the <b>maximum</b> frequency of auctions?
$\boxtimes$	Weekly?
	Fortnightly?
	Monthly?
	Quarterly?
	Other? Please specify:

Please provide arguments to support your case.

A: If there is only one common platform in use, auctions should be arrabged monthly or even weekly. If there are several auctioning places, quarterly auctions on each market place is a suitable frequency. To avoid disturbance on the secondary market, there should be an auction at least monthly.

We see that having fairly frequent auctions reduces the risk of market manipulation, since the lot sizes will be smaller and there will be auctions on both high and low EUA market price levels. For market participants it is good that there are frequent auctions, so they can freely choose when they wish to participate. And if they don't win a bid in one auction, they do not have to wait more than a month for the next auction.

It must be taken into consideration that also Member State probably wish to reduce the price risk and therefore they probably wish to hold several auctions each year.

## Consultation on design and organisation of emissions allowance auctions **Question 6** For spot auctions, what should be the: Optimum auction size? Minimum auction size? \_\_\_\_\_ Maximum auction size? If deemed appropriate, please indicate a range and/or distribution over different sizes. Please provide arguments to support your case. A: Each auction should be equal in size so they are equally interesting for the market. **Question 7** For futures auctions: What should be the **optimum** frequency of auctions? Weekly? Fortnightly? Monthly? Quarterly? Other? Please specify: What should be the **minimum** frequency of auctions? Weekly? Fortnightly? Monthly? $\boxtimes$ Quarterly?

Other? Please specify: Please provide arguments to support your case.

Other? Please specify:

 $\boxtimes$ 

Weekly?

Monthly? Quarterly?

Fortnightly?

What should be the **maximum** frequency of auctions?

A:The frequency should be the same as for the SPOT auctions.

Questi	ion 8
For fut	tures auctions, what should be the:
•	Optimum auction size?
•	Minimum auction size?
•	Maximum auction size?
If deer	med appropriate, please indicate a range and/or distribution over different sizes.
Please	provide evidence to support your case.
A:Eacl	h auction should be equal in size so they are equally interesting for the market.
Questi	ion 9
Should	I volumes of spot allowances be auctioned evenly throughout the year? $[Y/N] \underline{Y}$
If not, specify	how should volumes be distributed? (more than one answer possible) Please y:
	A larger proportion in the first 4 months of the year?
	A larger proportion in December?
	A smaller proportion in July and August?
	Other? Please specify:
Questi	ion 10
	e futures are auctioned, should the volumes for spot and futures auctions be spread ne year in the same manner? $[Y/N] \underline{Y}$
If not,	how should they differ? (more than one answer possible)
	No futures auctions less than six months before the maturity date.
	A larger proportion in December.
	A smaller proportion in July and August.
	Otherwise? Please specify how and comment:

Quesi	10n 11			
				id holding auctions during a short il each year)? [Y/N] <u>N</u>
If yes,	how long	should this period	d be:	
One w	eek 🗌	2 weeks	3 weeks	1 month
		re auctioned, show or to the maturity		ar provisions with respect to the period
If yes,	how long	should this period	d be:	
One w	eek 🗌	2 weeks	3 weeks	1 month
Quest	ion 12			
Which	n dates shou	uld be avoided? (	more than one ans	swer possible)
$\boxtimes$	Public ho	lidays common is	n most Member S	tates?
	Days whe	ere important rele	vant economic da	ata is released?
$\boxtimes$	Days whe	ere emissions data	a are released?	
$\boxtimes$	Other? Pl	ease specify: All	public holidays in	n Member States
Please	specify the	e dates you have	in mind in your a	nswers.
Ouest	ion 13			
_		10-12 hrs CET au	ction slot desirab	le? [Y/N] Y
		native(s) would y		. 1—
A:				
_	ion 14			
			element of the ca	llendar be determined?
Annua		to be auctioned:		
	1 year in	advance		

EU Emissions Trading Scheme (ETS) -

What should be the volume of allowances to be auctioned in 2011 and 2012?

- in 2011:20 % of the 2013 volume and 0% of the 2014 volume
- in 2012:<u>30</u>% of the 2013 volume and <u>20</u>% of the 2014 volume

What percentage of these shares should be auctioned as futures?

- in 2011: 20% of the 2013 share and 0% of the 2014 share
- in 2012: <u>30</u>% of the 2013 share and <u>20</u>% of the 2014 share

Please provide evidence to support your case.

A:We see that there should be SPOT + 2 years futures auctions and SPOT auctions can start in 2013, before that auctions could be future auctions.

A	1/
<b>Ouestion</b>	16
<b>CAUCALION</b>	

What s	should be the rule with respect to allowances not auctioned due to force majeure?
	They should automatically be added to the next auction on the calendar, irrespective of the auction process.
	They should be auctioned within one month, though leaving flexibility as to which auction(s) the EUAs should be added.
	They should be auctioned within three months, though leaving flexibility as to which auction(s) the EUAs should be added.
	Other? Please specify:
Questi	ion 17
Is 1,00	0 allowances the most appropriate lot size? $[Y/N] \underline{Y}$
If not,	why not?
A:	

Is a single-round sealed-bid auction the most appropriate auction format for auctioning EU allowances? [Y/N] $\underline{Y}$
If not, please comment on your alternative proposal?
A:In addition it must be possible to leave in several bids by same bidder.

Question 19		
What is the most appropriate pricing rule for the auctioning of EU allowances?		
☐ Uniform-pricing.		
Discriminatory-pricing.		
Indifferent.		
Please provide arguments to support your case.		
A:		
Question 20		
Should the rules for solving ties in the Regulation be:		
random selection; or		
pro-rata re-scaling of bids?		
Please comment on your choice.		
A:This is simple to organise and fair.		

Should a reserve price apply?

A:No

#### **Question 22**

In case a reserve price would apply, should the methodology/formula for calculating it be kept secret? [Y/N] N

Please comment on your choice.

A:A reserve price must not be introduced to an free market environment. Should it be introduced anyway, at least the formula must be public.

Question 23
Is a maximum bid-size per single entity desirable in a Uniform-price auction?
[Y/N] <u>N</u>
Is a maximum bid-size per single entity desirable in a discriminatory-price auction? $[Y/N] \underline{N}$
Please comment on your choice.
A:Bidding should not be limites in any way apart from pre-registration and warranties.
Question 24
If so, what is the desirable bid-size limit (as a percentage of the volume of allowances auctioned per auction – only one choice is possible):
10%:
25%:
Please comment on your choice.
A:
Question 25
In case only one of the two following options would be chosen, to limit the risk of market manipulation or collusion, which one would be preferable?
A discriminatory-price auction format?
A maximum bid-size per single entity?
Please comment on your choice.
A:
Question 26

Are the following pre-registration requirements appropriate and adequate?

*Identity:*  $\boxtimes$ Natural or legal person;  $\boxtimes$ Name, address, whether publicly listed, whether licensed and supervised under the AML rules; membership of a professional association; membership of a chamber of commerce; VAT and/or tax number;  $\boxtimes$ Contact details of authorised representatives and proof of authorisation; and  $\boxtimes$ CITL-Registry account details. Anything else? Please specify: Declarations with respect to the past 5 years on absence of: Indictment or conviction of serious crimes: check corporate officers, directors, principals, members or partners; Infringement of the rules of any regulated or unregulated market;  $\boxtimes$ Permits to conduct business being revoked or suspended; Infringement of procurement rules; and Infringement of disclosure of confidential information. Anything else? Please specify: Declarations and submission of documentation relating to:  $\boxtimes$ Proof of identity;  $\boxtimes$ Type of business; Participation in EU ETS or not; EU ETS registered installations, if any;  $\boxtimes$ Bank account contact details; Intended auctioning activity; Whether bidding on own account or on behalf of another beneficial owner;  $\boxtimes$ Corporate and business affiliations;  $\boxtimes$ Creditworthiness:  $\boxtimes$ Collateral; and  $\boxtimes$ Whether it carries out transactions subject to VAT or transactions exempted from VAT. Anything else? Please specify:

Question 27
Do you agree that the pre-registration requirements for admittance to EU auctions should be harmonised throughout the EU?
Yes ⊠ No □
Please comment on your choice.
A:To keep the auction transaction costs as low as possible, there should be only one common EU-wide registry. Then participants only need to declare their registration number and sufficient warraties for each auction.
Question 28
Should the amount of information to be supplied in order to satisfy the pre-registration requirements for admittance to EU auctions depend on the:
means of establishing the trading relationship;
identity of bidder;
whether auctioning spot or futures;
size of bid;
means of payment and delivery;
anything else? Please specify:
If so, what should the differences be?
A: All companies must be treated equally.
Question 29
Should the bidder pre-registration requirements under the Regulation apply in the same manner irrespective of whether or not the auctioneer is covered by the MiFID or AML rules? [Y/N] $\underline{Y}$
A: Having same rules for everyone is an even approach. And if there is only on registry, this should not be an issue.
If not, why not?
A:
Please provide arguments to support your case.

Question 30
Do you agree that the auctioneer(s) should be allowed to rely on pre-registration checks
carried out by reliable third parties including: $[Y/N] \underline{Y}$
Other auctioneers?
Credit and/or financial institutions?
Other? Please specify: Common EU-wide registry
Please comment on your choice.
A:
Question 31
In order to facilitate bidder pre-registration in their home country, should the auctioneer(s) be allowed to provide for pre-registration by potential bidders in other (or all) Member States than the auctioneer's home country e.g. by outsourcing this to a reliable third party?
Yes No No
Please comment on your choice:
A:
If so, should such entities be:
Covered by the AML rules?
Covered by MiFID?
Covered by both?
Other? Please specify:
Please comment on your choice:
A:

Question 32
Should the Regulation prohibit the multiplicity of pre-registration checks in the case of Member States auctioning jointly?
Yes 🖂 No 🗌
Please comment on your choice.
A: As mentioned, there must be a common EU-wide registry.
Question 33
Do you agree that the <i>level</i> of collateral accepted in EUA auctions should be harmonised for all EU ETS auctions? $[Y/N] \underline{Y}$
If so, how should they be harmonised?
A: All Member States must participate in common auctions.
If not, why not?
A:
Question 34
Do you agree that the <i>type</i> of collateral accepted in EUA auctions should be harmonised for all EU ETS auctions? $[Y/N] \underline{Y}$
If so, how should they be harmonised?
A: All Member States must participate in common auctions.
If not, why not?
A:

Do you agree that 100% collateral in electronic money transfer ought to be deposited upfront at a central counterparty or credit institution designated by the auctioneer to access spot auctions? [Y/N] _
If not, why not?
A:
What alternative(s) would you suggest? Please provide arguments to support your case:
A:
Question 36
In case futures are auctioned, should a clearing house be involved to mitigate credit and market risks? $[Y/N]_{-}$
If so, should specific rules – other than those currently used in exchange clearing houses – apply to:
the level of the initial margin;
the level of variation margin calls;
the daily frequency of variation margin call payments?
If you have answered yes, please justify and elaborate on the rules that should apply and the mechanisms to implement them:
A:
Question 37
What are the most preferable payment and delivery procedures that should be implemented for auctioning EUAs?
Payment before delivery.
Delivery versus payment.
Both.
Please comment on your choice.
A:

-	ective of the payment procedure, should the Regulation fix a maximum delay of or payment and delivery to take place? $[Y/N] \underline{Y}$
If yes;	what should it be?
	4 working days
	5 working days
	6 working days
	7 working days
Other?	Please specify:
Quest	ion 39
	d the Regulation provide any specific provisions for the handling of payment and ry incidents or failures? $[Y/N] \underline{Y}$
If yes,	what should they be?
A:	
Quest	ion 40
exister	d the Regulation provide for all matters that are central to the very creation, nce and termination or frustration of the transaction arising from the EUA ns? $[Y/N] \underline{Y}$
If not,	why not?
A:	
If so, a	are the matters enumerated below complete? [Y/N] $\underline{N}$
•	The designation of the parties' to the trade.
• [	The characteristics of the auctioned product:
	o Nature: EUAs or EUAAs, trading period concerned.
	O Date of delivery: date at which winning bidders will receive the allowances on their registry account.
	O Date of payment: date at which payment will be required from winning bidders.

• Events of default by the auctioneer and/or the bidder and their consequences.

Events of 'force majeure' and resulting consequences.

Lot size: number of allowances associated with one unit of the auctioned good.

- Applicable remedies or penalties.
- The regime governing the judicial review of claims across the EU.

If not, what additional matters should be foreseen in the Regulation and why?

A: The regulation must in addition define how to handle the futures after the auction. Will the futures be stored on buyer's account in a clearing house or is there some other procedure in place.

Question 41
Should the Regulation provide for rules on jurisdiction and the mutual recognition and enforcement of judgments? $[Y/N] \underline{Y}$
If so, should these be:
specific to the Regulation;
by reference to the Brussels I Regulation;
by citing exceptions from the Brussels I Regulation;
by citing additions to the Brussels I Regulation?
Please comment on your choice:
A:
If not, why not?
A:

#### **Question 42**

Which auction model is preferable?

☑ Direct bidding?☐ Indirect bidding?☐ Both?

Please comment on your choice.

A:Market participants must be allowed to choose the way they wish to take part in auctions.

Questi	ion 43
	ndirect model is used, what share of the total volume of EU allowances could be ned through indirect bidding?
Please	provide arguments to support your case.
A:	
•	
Questi	ion 44
	primary participants model is used, what provisions would be desirable for ting disadvantages of restricting direct access (more than one answer is possible):
	Allow direct access to largest emitters, even if they trade only on their own account?
	If so, who should have direct access and what thresholds should apply?
	Disallow primary participants trading on their own account?
	Impose strict separation of own-account trading from trading on behalf of indirect bidders?
	Other? Please specify: On application any emission permit holder

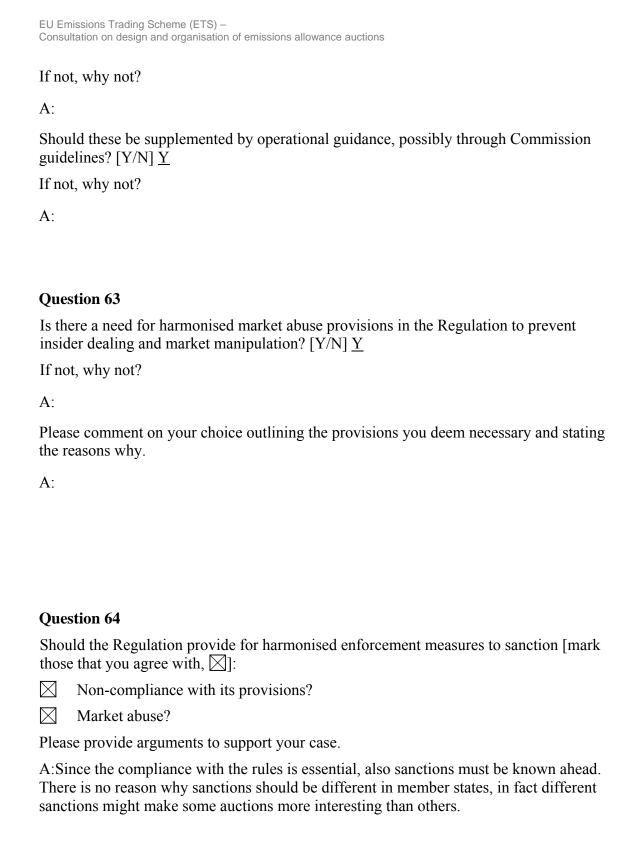
	primary participants' model is used, what conflict of interest requirements should posed? (more than one answer possible)
	Separation of client registration and trading on behalf of clients from all own account trading activities.
	Separation of collateral management, payment and delivery on behalf of clients from all own account trading activities.
	Separation of anything else, please specify:
Quest	ion 46
What	obligations should apply to primary participants acting in EU-wide auctions as:
•	Intermediaries? A:
•	Market makers? A:
Please	e provide arguments to support your case.
Quest	ion 47
	what conditions should auctioning through exchanges be allowed (more than one or possible):
	Only for futures auctions open to established members of the exchange?
	Also for spot auctions open to established members of the exchange?
	Only when the exchange-based auction is open to non-established members on a non-discriminatory cost-effective basis?
	Other? Please specify:
Please	e provide arguments to support your case.
	ctiong market place should be part on existing exchange, but must be open to one on cost-effective basis.

Question 48		
Should direct auctions through [mark those that you agree with, []:		
third party service providers; or		
public authorities be allowed?		
If not, why not?		
A:Auctiong market place should be part on existing exchange.		
Question 49		
Do the general rules for auctioning EUAs suffice for ensuring full, fair and equitable access to allowances to SMEs covered by the EU ETS and small emitters? $[Y/N] \underline{Y}$		
If not, why not?		
A:		
Question 50		
Is allowing non-competitive bids necessary for ensuring access to allowances to SMEs covered by the EU ETS and small emitters in case of:		
<ul> <li>discriminatory-price auctions? A: No</li> </ul>		
• uniform-price auctions? A: No		
Question 51		
If non-competitive bids are provided for in spot auctions, what maximum share of allowances could be allocated through this route?		
☐ 5%		
<u> </u>		
Other? Please specify: 0%		
Please comment on your choice.		
A: All participants must be treated equally regardless of the size of the company. And ETS directive does have an opt-out possibility for small emitters.		

Question 52
What rule should apply for accessing non-competitive bids (more than one answer possible):
Participants should only be allowed to use one of the two bidding routes?
Non-competitive bids should be restricted to SMEs covered by the EU ETS and small emitters only?
Other? Please specify:
Please comment on your choice.
A:
Question 53
What should be the maximum bid-size allowed for SMEs covered by the EU ETS and small emitters submitting non-competitive bids?
5 000 EUAs
☐ 10 000 EUAs
25 000 EUAs
Over 25 000 EUAs, please specify exact size and give reasons for your
answer:
Question 54
Are there any other specific measures not mentioned in this consultation that may be necessary for ensuring full, fair and equitable access to allowances for SMEs covered to the EU ETS and small emitters? $[Y/N] N$
If so, please specify:
A:

What should be the minimum period of time before the auction date for the release of the notice to auction?		
2 weeks	1 month 2 months	
Other 🔲 F	Please specify:	
Please com	nment on your proposal.	
A:		
Question 5	56	
	ld be the minimum period of time before the auction date for the submission nation to bid?	
1 week ⊠	2 weeks  1 month	
Other 🔲 F	Please specify:	
Please com	nment on your proposal.	
A:		
Question 5	57	
Are there a	any specific provisions that need to be highlighted in:	
	e notice to auction?	
The	e intention to bid?	
Bot	:h?	
Please spec	cify what they are.	
A:		
Question 5	58	
What infor	rmation should be disclosed after the auction:	
	aring price (if allowances are awarded on a uniform-price basis or in the case non-competitive bids being allowed)?	
⊠ Av	erage price (if allowances are awarded on a discriminatory-price basis)?	
⊠ An	y relevant information to solve tied bids?	
	al volume of EUAs auctioned?	

EU Emissions Trading Scheme (ETS) – Consultation on design and organisation of emissions allowance auctions
Total volume of bids submitted distinguishing between competitive and non-competitive bids (if applicable)?
Total volume of allowances allocated?
Anything else? Please specify:
Question 59
What should be the maximum delay for the announcement of auction results?
5 minutes
1 hour
Other Please specify:
Please comment on your proposal.
A:
Question 60
$\label{eq:Question 60} \textbf{Question 60}$ Do you feel that any specific additional provisions should be adopted in the Regulation for the granting of fair and equal access to auction information? [Y/N] $\underline{N}$
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Do you feel that any specific additional provisions should be adopted in the Regulation for the granting of fair and equal access to auction information? [Y/N] N  If so, what may they be?
Do you feel that any specific additional provisions should be adopted in the Regulation for the granting of fair and equal access to auction information? [Y/N] N  If so, what may they be?  Question 61
Do you feel that any specific additional provisions should be adopted in the Regulation for the granting of fair and equal access to auction information? [Y/N] N  If so, what may they be?  Question 61  Should an auction monitor be appointed centrally to monitor all EU auctions?
Do you feel that any specific additional provisions should be adopted in the Regulation for the granting of fair and equal access to auction information? $[Y/N] N$ If so, what may they be?  Question 61  Should an auction monitor be appointed centrally to monitor all EU auctions? $[Y/N] Y$
Do you feel that any specific additional provisions should be adopted in the Regulation for the granting of fair and equal access to auction information? [Y/N] N  If so, what may they be?  Question 61  Should an auction monitor be appointed centrally to monitor all EU auctions?  [Y/N] Y  If not, why not?
Do you feel that any specific additional provisions should be adopted in the Regulation for the granting of fair and equal access to auction information? [Y/N] N  If so, what may they be?  Question 61  Should an auction monitor be appointed centrally to monitor all EU auctions?  [Y/N] Y  If not, why not?
Do you feel that any specific additional provisions should be adopted in the Regulation for the granting of fair and equal access to auction information? [Y/N] N  If so, what may they be?  Question 61  Should an auction monitor be appointed centrally to monitor all EU auctions?  [Y/N] Y  If not, why not?  A:
Do you feel that any specific additional provisions should be adopted in the Regulation for the granting of fair and equal access to auction information? [Y/N] N  If so, what may they be?  Question 61  Should an auction monitor be appointed centrally to monitor all EU auctions?  [Y/N] Y  If not, why not?  A:  Question 62  Do you agree that the Regulation should contain general principles on [mark those that



Shou	Ild the enforcement measures include [mark those that you agree with, $\boxtimes$ ]:	
	The suspension of the auctioneer(s) and/or bidders from the EU-wide auctions? If so, for how long should such suspension last? 6 months	
	Financial penalties?	
	If so, at what level should such penalties be fixed?	
	The power to address binding interim decisions to the auctioneer(s) and/or bidders to avert any urgent, imminent threat of breach of the Regulation with likely irreversible adverse consequences?	
	Anything else? Please specify:	
Pleas	se provide arguments to support your case.	
A:		
Ques	stion 66	
Shou	ald such enforcement measures apply at:	
$\boxtimes$	EU level?	
	National level?	
	Both?	
Pleas	se comment on your choice.	
A:		
Ques	stion 67	
Who	should enforce compliance with the Regulation (more than one answer is possible):	
	The auction monitor?	
	The auctioneer?	
$\boxtimes$	A competent authority at EU level?	
	A competent authority at national level?	
	Other? Please specify:	
Please provide evidence to support your case.		
A:		

**Question 69** 

**Question 71** 

Which of the three approaches for an overall EU auction model do you prefer? Please rate the options below (1 being the most preferable, 3 being the least preferable)

- <u>3</u> Limited number of coordinated auction processes.
- <u>1</u> Full centralisation based on a single EU-wide auction process.
- <u>2</u> The hybrid approach where different auction processes are cleared through a centralised system.

Please give arguments to support your case.

A:The auctioning system must be as simple and cost-effective as possible. This is best achieved by a centralized system. Also for all participants it is easiest to act on one system only. Also the required information management is best carried out by a single system.

If a limited number of coordinated auction processes develops, what should be the maximum number?
∑ 2
☐ 3
□ 5
☐ 7
more than 7, please specify:
Please give arguments to support your case.
A:Please see previous answer.
Question 70
Is there a need for a transitional phase in order to develop gradually the optimal auction
infrastructure? $[Y/N] N$
If so, what kind of transitional arrangements would you recommend?

Should the Regulation impose the following requirements for the auctioneer(s) and auction processes? [mark those that apply,  $\boxtimes$ ]: *Technical capabilities of auctioneers:*  $\boxtimes$ capacity and experience to conduct auctions (or a specific part of the auction process) in an open, fair, transparent, cost-effective and non-discriminatory manner;  $\boxtimes$ appropriate investment in keeping the system up-to-date and in line with ongoing market and technological developments; and  $\boxtimes$ relevant professional licences, high ethical and quality control standards, compliance with financial and market integrity rules. Integrity:  $\boxtimes$ guarantee confidentiality of bids, ability to manage market sensitive information in an appropriate manner;  $\boxtimes$ duly protected electronic systems and appropriate security procedures with regards to identification and data transmission:  $\boxtimes$ appropriate rules on avoiding and monitoring conflicts of interest; and  $\boxtimes$ full cooperation with the auction monitor. Reliability:  $\boxtimes$ robust organisation and IT systems;  $\boxtimes$ adequate fallback measures in case of unexpected events:  $\boxtimes$ minimisation of the risk of cancelling an individual auction once announced;  $\boxtimes$ minimisation of the risk of failing functionalities (e.g. access to the bidding

Accessibility and user friendliness:

 $\boxtimes$ 

platform for certain potential bidders); and

fallback system in case of IT problems on the bidder side.

X	General principles or	proportionality, fa	irness and non-discrimination.

Rules on fee structure.

Rules on the amount of admissible fees.

Other? Please specify: \_\_\_\_\_

Please provide arguments to support your case.

A:

#### **Question 73**

Should there be provisions for public disclosure of material steps when introducing new (or adapted) auction processes?

A:

EU Emissions Trading Scheme (ETS) – Consultation on design and organisation of emissions allowance auctions

Should new (or adapted) auction process be notified to and authorised by the Commission before inclusion in the auction calendar?

A:Yes the auction monitor should approve the process.

Questio	on 74		
	one of the following options is the most appropriate in case a Member State does d auctions (on time)?		
	Auctions by an auctioneer authorised by the Commission.		
	Automatic addition of the delayed quantities to those foreseen for the next two or three auctions.		
What o	ther option would you envisage? Please specify:		
A:			
Questio	on 75		
its com	a sanction apply to a Member State that does not auction allowances in line with mitments? $[Y/N] \underline{Y}$ hat form should that sanction take?		
A: Fina	ncial sanction		
Questio	on 76		
As a ge	neral rule throughout the trading period, in your opinion, are early auctions		
necessa	ry? [Y/N] _		
If so, w	hat should the profile of EUAA auctions be:		
	5-10% in year n-2, 10-20% in year n-1, remainder in year n		
	10-20% in year n-2, 20-30% in year n-1, remainder in year n		
	20-30% in year n-2, 30-35% in year n-2, remainder in year n		
	Other? Please specify:		

Do you think there is a need to auction EUAA futures?  $[Y/N]_{-}$  If so, why?

A:

# This page contains two questions that will not be made public. These questions cannot be completed on this document

<b>Request for</b>
potentially
confidential
information 3

Please send the answer to this question in paper and electronic format, marked on the envelope "Strictly Private and Confidential – Auctioning consultation", directly to the European Commission, DG ENV, Directorate C, Unit C2, to the attention of the Head of Unit, Office BU-5 2/1, 1049 Brussels, Belgium. It will be treated confidentially and will not be disclosed publicly.

For aircraft operators covered by the EU ETS:

Have you determined a corporate hedging strategy for carbon needs? Yes [ ] No [ ]

If so, what share of your expected emissions covered by the EU ETS in a given year n do you (intend to) hedge and how much in advance?

year n
year n-1
year n-2
year n-2

# Request for potentially confidential information 4

Please send the answer to this question in paper and electronic format, marked on the envelope "Strictly Private and Confidential – Auctioning consultation", directly to the European Commission, DG ENV, Directorate C, Unit C2, to the attention of the Head of Unit, Office BU-5 2/1, 1049 Brussels, Belgium. It will be treated confidentially and will not be disclosed publicly.

What share of the annual quantity of allowances you intend to purchase *via* auctions would you wish to buy spot or futures respectively?

		SPOT	FUTURES
•	year n	:%	%
•	year n-1	:%	%
•	year n-2	:%	

Question 78		
What should be the optimal frequency and size of EUAA auctions:		
2 auctions per year of around 15 million EUAAs?		
3 auctions per year of around 10 million EUAAs?		
More than 3 auctions per year? Please specify:		
Please comment on your choice.		
A:		
Question 79		
What would be your preferred timing for EUAA auctions:		
Equally spread throughout the year?		
November – March?		
Other? Please specify:		
Question 80		
Should any of the EUAA auction design elements be different compared to EUA		
auctions (see section 3)? [Y/N] _		
If so, please specify and comment on your choice.		
A:		
Question 81		
Do you agree there is no need for a maximum bid-size? [Y/N] _ If not, why not?		
A:		
Question 82		

Is there any information regarding aircraft operators made available as part of the regulatory process to the competent authorities that could facilitate the KYC checks		
performed by the auctioneer(s)? [Y/N] _		
If so, please describe what information is concerned and whether it should be referred to in the Regulation or any operational guidance published by the Commission.		
A:		
Question 83		
In your opinion, is there a specific need to allow for non-competitive bids in EUAA auctions?		
A:		
Would this be the case even when applying a uniform clearing price format?		
A:		
Please provide arguments to support your case.		
Question 84		
Do you agree that there is no need for any specific provisions for EUAA auctions as		
regards [mark those that you agree with, $\boxtimes$ ]:		
☐ Involvement of primary participants, exchanges or third party service providers?		
Guarantees and financial assurance?		
Payment and delivery?		
☐ Information disclosure?		
Auction monitoring?		
Preventing anti-competitive behaviour and/or market manipulation?		
Enforcement?		
If not, please describe in detail what rules would be needed and why.		
A:		

Taking into account the smaller volume of EUAA allowances to be auctioned compared to EUAs, which of the three approaches for an overall EUAA auctioning model do you prefer? Please rate the options below (1 being the most preferable, 3 being the least preferable)

_	Limited number of coordinated auction processes.
_	Full centralisation based on a single EU-wide auction process.
_	Hybrid approach where different auction processes are cleared through a centralised system.
Does y	our choice differ from the approach preferred for EUAs? [Y/N] _
Please 1	provide arguments to support your case.
A:	
Questi	on 86
-	agree that there is no need for any specific provisions for EUAA auctions as . [mark those that you agree with, $\boxtimes$ ]:
	Requirements for the auctioneer(s) and auction processes?
	Administrative fees?
	Rules to ensure appropriate and timely preparation of the auctions?
If not, p	please describe in detail what rules would be needed and why.
A:	

EU Emissions Trading Scheme (ETS) – Consultation on design and organisation of emissions allowance auctions