



Common Ground on Climate Change: Shared Challenges and Opportunities in Europe and the Asia-Pacific Region

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Shared challenges and opportunities (1)

Largest global market share in windpower (2009)

- **Vestas (DK) 14.8%**
- **Sinovel (China) 11.1%**

Largest national solar PV capacities (2011)

- **Charanka Solar Park (India)**
- **Multiple sites (Germany)**

Leadership on Geothermal (2010)

- **Iceland (72%)**
- **Philippines (17%)**

Forest cover (2011)

- **Finland (86%)**
- **PNG (65%) Lao (69%)**

Shared challenges and opportunities (2)

Reliance on fossil fuels (2009):

- **92.8% Poland, of which coal 89.1 %**
- **87.4 % China, of which coal 78.8 %**

CO2 metric ton per capita (2008):

- **Thailand 3.28 - Cyprus 4.01**
- **Japan: 9.43 - Austria 9.43**
- **Republic of Korea: 10.98 - Ireland: 10.57**

Low-Lying populations

- **Percentage of Nederland below sea level: 20%**
- **Highest point on Tuvalu: 5 m above sea level**

From Cancun to Durban to Doha

Improving and increasing Cancun Pledges

Accelerating Implementation

Closing the Ambition Gap

Designing a post-2020 Regime

Sharing Leadership of the ADP process

Cancun pledges

Non-Annex I members of the A-P group: 52

A-P group NAMAs: 11 representing 26.87% global GHGs (including LULUCF) (2005)

"Missing" A-P group NAMAs: 9% of global GHGs (including LULUCF)(2005)

Moving ahead together: selected shared policies and initiatives

Promoting renewables: 20 MS, China, India, ROK, Thailand have feed in tariffs

Setting Energy Efficiency Standards: e.g., CLASP

Reducing Fossil Fuel Subsidies: APEC and the G20

Building Sustainable Cities (C-40):

EU: Athens, Berlin, London, Madrid, Paris, Rome, Warsaw

Asia-Pacific: Bangkok, Beijing, Dhaka, Hanoi, Hong Kong, Istanbul, Jakarta, Karachi, Mumbai, New Delhi, Seoul, Shanghai, Tokyo, Melbourne, Sydney



Thank you.