Citizens' summary EU strategy on adaptation to climate change

WHAT IS BEING PROPOSED?

The European Commission has published a policy paper outlining the EU's strategy for adapting to climate change.

WHAT'S THE ISSUE?

- The EU is **already facing adverse impacts** of climate change: changing rainfall patterns, melting glaciers, rising sea levels, more frequent heat waves and floods.
- We already need to adapt to deal with the economic, environmental and social costs of these
 impacts for example by making infrastructure resilient to climate change, selecting droughttolerant crops and building sea dykes.
- Failure to adapt will be costly to our economies and societies. Effective adaptation will reduce overall damage costs and save lives.

WHO WILL BENEFIT AND HOW?

- The **environment and all people living in Europe** all adaptation measures are intended to preserve quality of life and our environment.
- The **economy** the cost of taking early, planned and coordinated action to address climate change is much lower than the (medium- and long-term) costs of not doing so.
- **Businesses** adaptation to climate change will stimulate innovation and bring new market opportunities and jobs (in agricultural technologies, ecosystem management, water management, insurance, etc).

WHY DOES ACTION HAVE TO BE TAKEN BY THE EU?

- National, regional and local initiatives already exist, but are incomplete and do not cover the whole EU territory.
- Many climate change impacts affect domains where the EU already has common policies, such as agriculture and energy. EU-level action in these domains offers greater consistency and coherence.
- Coordinated action at EU level promises substantial savings in areas like capacity building, research, data collection and knowledge transfer.

WHAT EXACTLY WILL CHANGE?

The EU is committing to:

- support action by EU countries, including action taken at regional and local level
- create a basis for coordinated research, information sharing, exchange of best practice and innovative approaches
- make key economic and policy sectors more resilient to the impacts of climate change
- facilitate funding for adaptation in all relevant EU funding programmes for 2014-20.

WHEN IS THE PROPOSAL LIKELY TO COME INTO EFFECT?

Immediately.

More information on adaptation to climate change is available on: http://ec.europa.eu/clima/policies/adaptation/index_en.htm
http://climate-adapt.eea.europa.eu/