INNOVATION FUND Lessons learnt from the applications to the 2020 calls

Desida Int.

28 April - 10.00 CEST



First call for small-scale projects Applicants' survey



Contents

Findings from the survey on the application process for the Small-Scale Call

- Survey background
- Information on respondents
- Support through Helpdesk and webinars
- Application process



Survey on Small-Scale Call application process

Objective

• To identify key challenges applicants faced with the call process and to provide recommendations for how forms, procedures, applied methodologies and guidance could be improved in the future.

Process

- Implemented via EU Survey
- Sent via email to all applicants, all Helpdesk users and the IFEG
- Open between 8 29 March 2021
- 130 responses

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Background of survey respondents

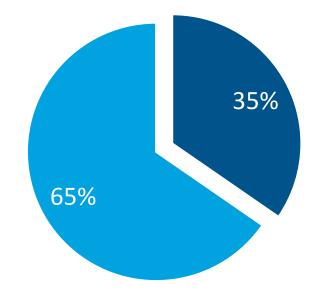


Survey background

The survey had 130 respondents.

- 85 submitted an application for the SSC
- Total number of applications for the SSC was 232
- Survey responses represent 37% of SSC applications
- Of the 35% of respondents (45) who did not submit an application, a little over half (25) intended to apply but did not due to among other things:
 - Lack of time and/or resources
 - Maturity level of project

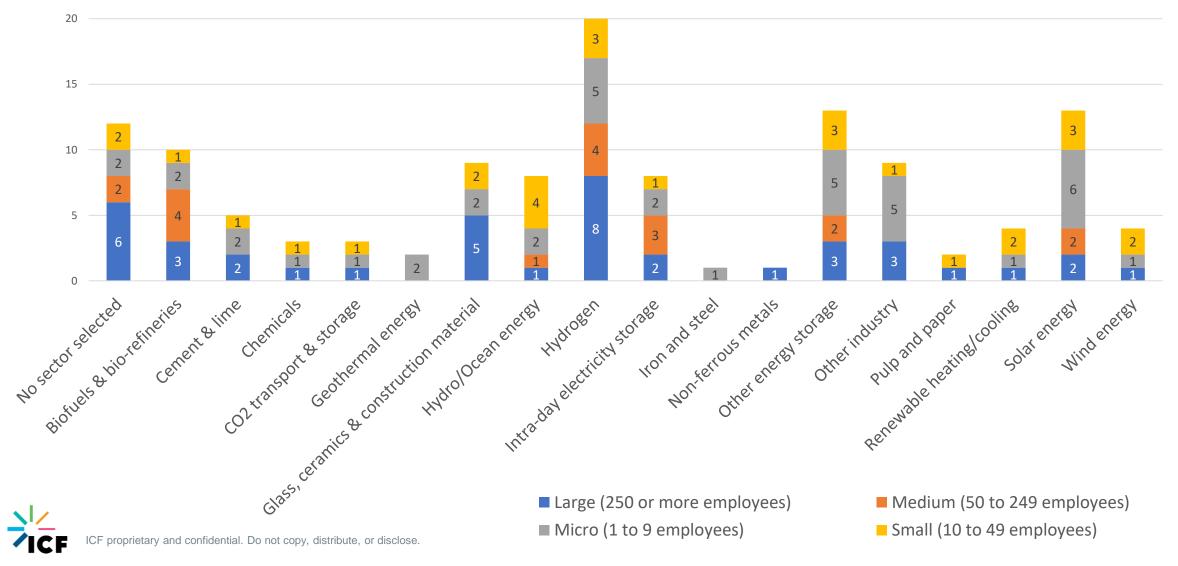
Application submission status (N=130)



Did not submit an application

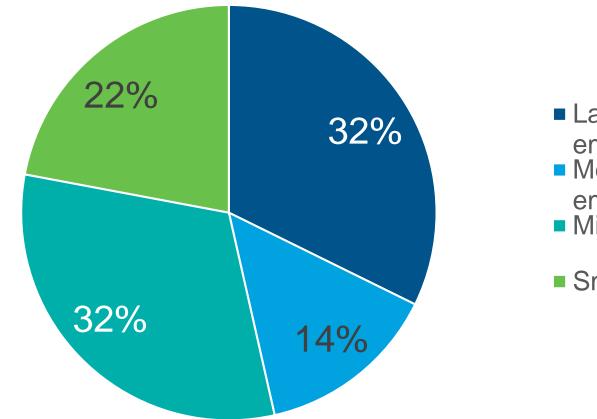
Survey achieved broad sectoral coverage

Sectoral coverage (N = 130)



Good balance achieved across firm sizes

Respondents by firm size (N = 127)

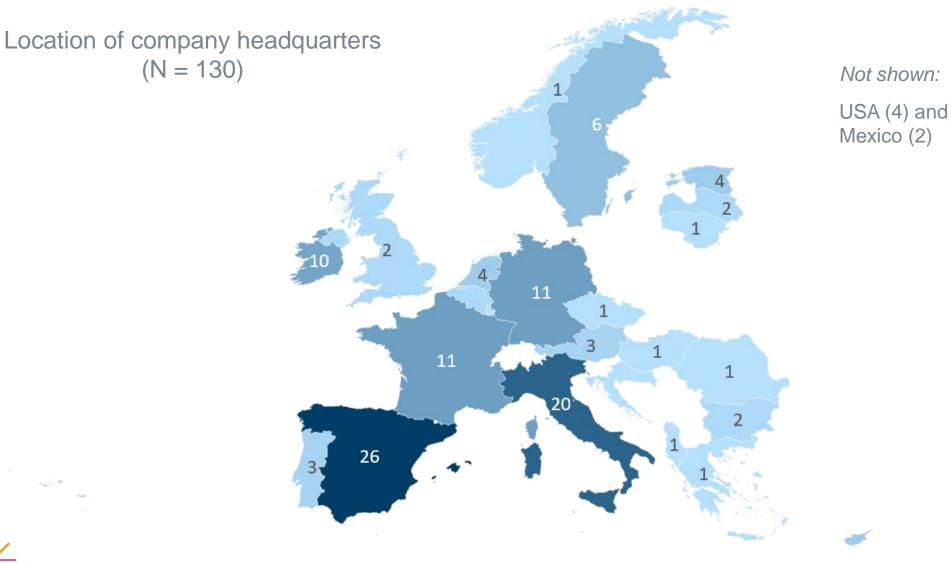


Large (250 or more employees)
Medium (50 to 249 employees)

- employees) Micro (1 to 9 employees)
- Small (10 to 49 employees)



Good geographical spread of respondents



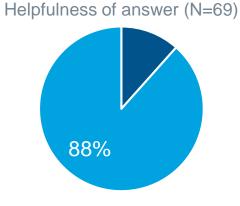
Support for applicants

Helpdesk and webinars

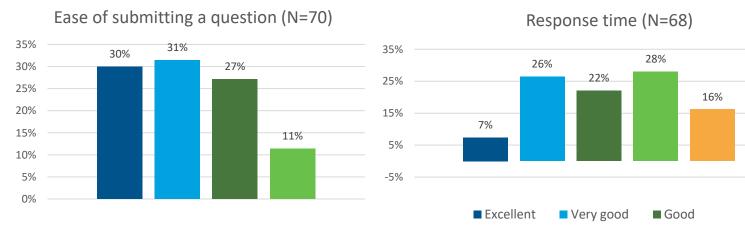


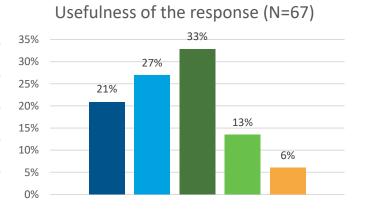
Helpdesk support

- Of the 128 respondents, 55% (i.e. 70 in total) submitted a helpdesk question.
- Vast majority (88%) of respondents report that the answer to their Helpdesk question helped them complete the application.



 Answer did not help complete the application

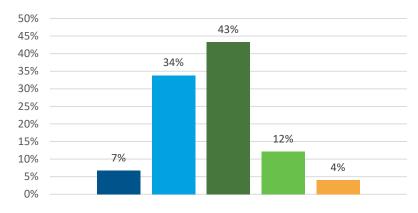




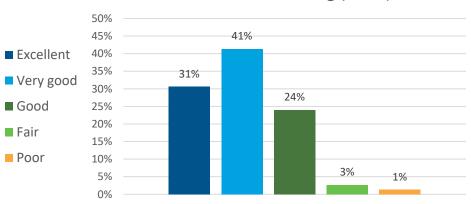
• 56% of applicants are satisfied with the response time (voting from excellent to good), while 44% considered that it took too long.

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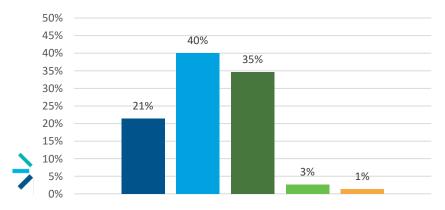
Publicity for the webinar (N=74)

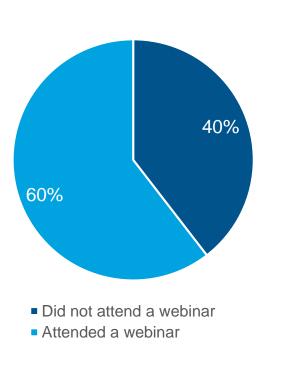


Ease of connecting (N=75)

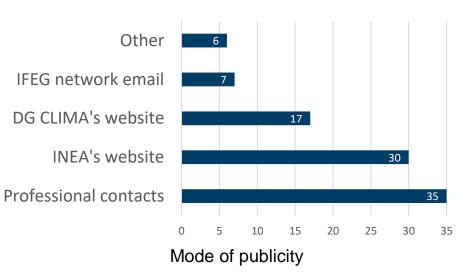


Usefulness of information (N=75)





Webinar attendance



- High webinar attendance 60% of respondents
- Respondents request for more specific information to be shared
- Webinars should be publicised more broadly
- Improved ratings of webinars compared to LSC survey

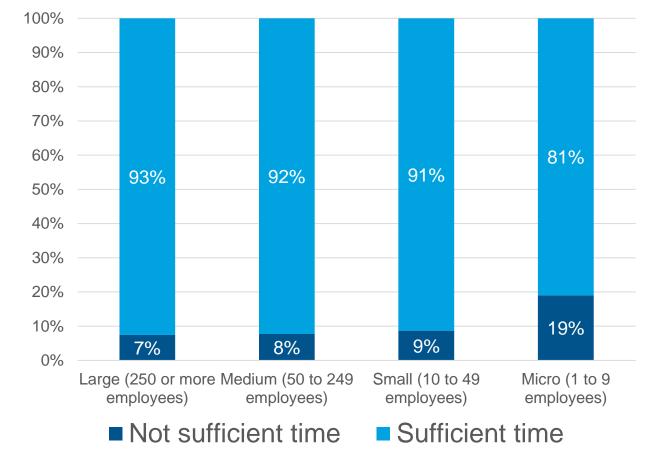
N = 129

Application process



Logistics & availability of data

- 89% of respondents found the allotted time for completing the application to be sufficient
 - Average time to prepare application was 6.5 weeks
 - Most common time was 4 weeks
- 94% found the Funding & Tenders portal easy to navigate
- 82% report that it was easy to decide on the principal product

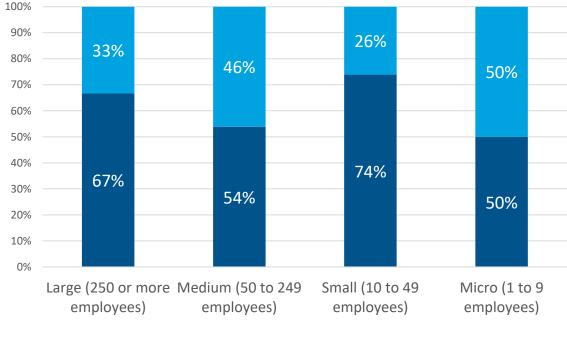


Allotted time by size of company (N = 84)

Ability to meet mandatory document requirements and stick to page limits

- More than half of respondents (62%) report the mandatory documents were not challenging to produce (small variation across business size).
- A limited number of applicants asked for the provision of templates (e.g. for CAPEX).

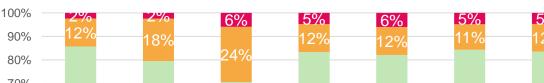




Not challenging

Clarity of application documents

- Vast majority of respondents found the clarity of the documents to be good or better
- Between 2-6% of respondents found the documents' clarity to be poor
- GHG methodologies were the least clear



Clarity of the application process and documents (N=84)

80% 70% 60% 50% 40% 30% 39% 34% 20% 27% 33% 33% 24% 25% 10% 10% 8% 1% 1% 5% 10/ 6% 0% The guidance on Relevant costs and ... The guidance on Degree of innovation Application Form (Parts A and B) The guidance on Project maturity Application process overall The GHG methodologies The guidance on Scalability

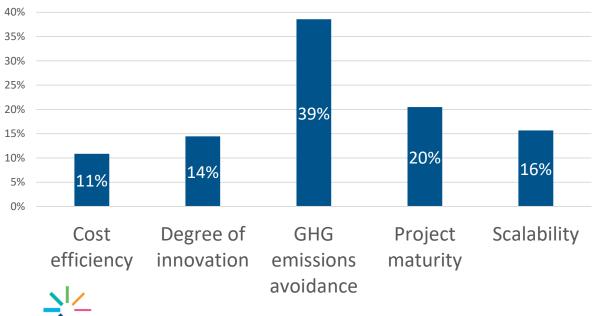


Excellent Very good Good Fair Poor

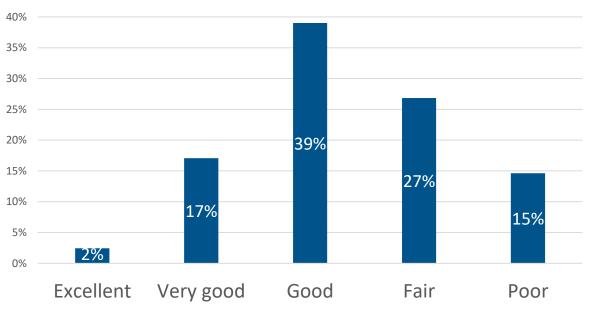
Evaluation criteria & GHG tools

 GHG emissions avoidance criterion was the most challenging element to complete, followed by Project maturity, Scalability, Degree of innovation, and Cost efficiency

Most challenging element of the application (N = 85)



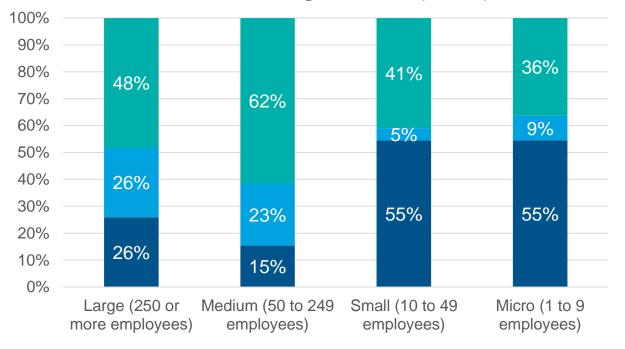
 More than half of respondents (58%) rate the ease of working with the GHG calculation tools as good, very good or excellent



Ease of working with GHG calculation tools (N=82)

Use of consulting services to help applicants

- Use of consulting services is common to support and/or complete application
- Usage varies across company size:
 - Large companies and mid-caps tend to resort more to consulting services



Use of consulting services (N=84)

- Yes we were partially supported in our application
- Yes a consulting firm completed most of the application on our behalf

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THANK YOU

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