Brussels, 26.10.2021
SWD(2021) 308 final

## COMMISSION STAFF WORKING DOCUMENT

## [...]

Accompanying the document
Report from the Commission to the European Parliament and the Council on the Functioning of the European Carbon Market in 2020 pursuant to Articles 10(5) and 21(2) of Directive 2003/87/EC (as amended by Directive 2009/29/EC and Directive (EU) 2018/410)
$\{\operatorname{COM}(2021) 950$ final $\}-\{C O M(2021) 962$ final $\}$Table of Contents
APPENDIX 1 - EU ETS INFRASTRUCTURE AND COVERAGE3
Figure 1.1. Number of installations per emissions category in 2020 ..... 4
Table 1.1. Greenhouse gases other than $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ per activity and EU ETS participating country ..... 4
APPENDIX 2 - THE EU ETS CAP ..... 6
APPENDIX 3 - CROSS-SECTIONAL CORRECTION FACTOR ..... 7
Table 3.1. Cross-Sectional Correction Factor: 2013 (original) and 2017 values ..... 7
APPENDIX 4 - IMPLEMENTING LEGISLATION FOR PHASE 4 OF THE EU ETS ..... 8
Table 4.1 Legislative acts adopted to implement phase 4 of the EU ETS (2021-30) ..... 8
APPENDIX 5 - AUCTIONS AND AUCTION REVENUES ..... 11
Figure 5.1. Number of bidders in general allowances’ auctions, 1 January 2013-30 June 2021 ..... 11
Table 5.1. Revenues generated from the auctioning of emission allowances by EU27 (and the UK until 2020), 1 January 2013-30 June 2021 (in million EUR) ..... 12
Table 5.2. Revenues generated from the auctioning of emission allowances by Iceland, Liechtenstein and Norway, 2019-30 June 2021 (in million EUR) ..... 14
Table 5.3: Revenues generated from the auctioning of emission allowances for the Innovation Fund and the Modernisation Fund (in million EUR) ..... 14
APPENDIX 6 - MODERNISATION OF THE ELECTRICITY SECTOR IN CERTAIN MEMBER STATES UNDER ARTICLE 10C OF THE EU ETS DIRECTIVE ..... 15
Table 6.1. Number of free allowances allocated to modernising the electricity sector ..... 15
Table 6.2. Maximum number of free allowances per year under the Article 10c per Member State 16
Table 6.3. Number of unused free allowances under the Article 10c derogation that have been auctioned or are planned for auctioning in 2013-2021 ..... 16
Table 6.4. Distribution of Article 10c allowances from phase 4 of the EU ETS (2021-30) ..... 17
APPENDIX 7 - EU ETS FUNDING INSTRUMENTS: NER 300, INNOVATION FUND AND MODERNISATION FUND ..... 18
Table 7.1. NER 300 projects awarded support under the first and second calls for proposals ..... 18
Table 7.2. Projects supported under the InnovFin EDP and and CEF DI (NER 300 funds), June 2020 - June 2021 ..... 18
Table 7.3. Transfers of allowances to the Modernisation Fund decided by eligible Member States in 2019 ..... 20
APPENDIX 8 - INTERNATIONAL CREDITS ..... 21
Table 8.1. Summary of international credits surrendered during phase 2 of EU ETS (2008-12) ..... 21
Table 8.2. Summary of international credits exchanged during phase 3 of EU ETS (2013-20) until June 2021 ..... 21
Table 8.3. Summary of international credits surrendered in phase 2 (2008-12) and exchanged in phase 3 (2013-20) by types of operators (in millions) ..... 22
APPENDIX 9 - NON-CO2 EMISSIONS FROM STATIONARY INSTALLATIONS IN THE EU ETS ..... 23
Table 9.1. Reported ETS verified non- $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ emissions from installations by greenhouse gas in phase 3 of the EU ETS (2013-20) (in million tonnes) ..... 23
APPENDIX 10 - MARKET STABILITY RESERVE. ..... 24
Figure 10.1 - TNAC methodology ..... 24
Table 10.1. Annual contributions to the Market Stability Reserve by EU ETS participating country ..... 24
APPENDIX 11 - MONITORING, REPORTING, VERIFICATION AND ACCREDITATION IN THE EU ETS ..... 26
11.1 Monitoring applied in 2020. ..... 26
11.2. Accredited verification in 2020 ..... 26
Table 11.2.1 Overview of developments in the EU ETS accreditation and verification in 2020 ([ ] is the difference from previous year, omitted if unchanged) ..... 28
11.3 Overview of administrative arrangements in 2020 ..... 29
Table 11.3.1 Coordination between competent authorities in EU ETS participating countries ([ ] shows the difference from the previous year, omitted if unchanged) ..... 29
Table 11.3.2 Administrative fees charged by EU ETS participating countries ([ ] is difference from previous year, omitted if unchanged) ..... 30
11.4 Compliance and enforcement. ..... 31
Table 11.4.1 Compliance checks in EU ETS participating countries ([ ] is difference from previous year, omitted if unchanged) ..... 32
Figure 11.4.1 Overview of conservative estimates in EU ETS participating countries in phase 3 (2013-20) ..... 34
Table 11.4.2 Overview of compliance measures administered in EU ETS participating countries ([ ] is difference from previous year, omitted if unchanged) ..... 35
Table 11.4.3 Imposition of excess emissions penatlies in EU ETS participating countries ([ ] is difference from previous year, omitted if unchanged) ..... 35

## APPENDIX 1 - EU ETS INFRASTRUCTURE AND COVERAGE

The European Union Emissions Trading System (EU ETS) in phase 3 (2013-2020) ${ }^{1}$ covered larger stationary installations such as power stations and other combustion plants with >20MW thermal rated input (except hazardous or municipal waste installations), oil refineries, coke ovens, iron and steel, cement clinker, glass, lime, bricks, ceramics, pulp, paper and board, aluminium, petrochemicals, ammonia, nitric, adipic, glyoxal and glyoxylic acid production, as well as capture of, transport in pipelines and geological storage of carbon dioxide.

The aviation scope of the EU ETS was limited to flights within the European Economic Area (EEA) in the period 2013-2016, to sustain momentum in the International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO) for an international agreement to control greenhouse gas emissions from aviation. To support further development and facilitate operationalisation of the ICAO's Carbon Offsetting and Reduction Scheme for International Aviation (CORSIA), in 2017, the limitation of the ETS scope to intra-EEA flights was prolonged until 2023.

The EU ETS covers emissions of carbon dioxide $\left(\mathrm{CO}_{2}\right)$, nitrous oxide $\left(\mathrm{N}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)$ from nitric, adipic, glyoxylic acid and glyoxal production, and perfluorocarbons (PFCs) from aluminium production. In some sectors, only installations above a certain size or production level are included. Participating countries can exclude small installations, emitting less than 25000 tonnes of carbon dioxide equivalent $\left(\mathrm{CO}_{2} \mathrm{eq}\right)$ from the system if alternative and equivalent measures to limit emissions are in place.

According to Article 21 reports submitted by EU ETS participating countires ${ }^{2}$ in 2021, a total of 9628 installations in 2020 were covered by the system, with the necessary permit. Similarly to previous years, $7 \%$ of installations were category C, $20 \%$ were category B and $73 \%$ were category $\mathrm{A}^{3}$, which is 6990 installations, of which 5534 were classified as installations with low emissions ${ }^{4}$ ( $58 \%$ of the total). Figure 1.1 shows the number of installations in 2020 divided by emissions category.

[^0]Figure 1.1. Number of installations per emissions category in 2020


The EU ETS activities additionally listed for non- $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ emissions are shown in Table 1.1.
Table 1.1. Greenhouse gases other than $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ per activity and EU ETS participating country

| Gas | Activity | Number of <br> countries | EU ETS participating country |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| PFCs | Primary aluminium | 12 | DE, ES, FR, GR, IS, IT, NL, NO, RO, SE, SI, SK |
| $\mathrm{N}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ | Nitric acid | 20 | AT, BE, BG, CZ, DE, ES, FI, FR, GR, HR, HU, IT, LT, <br> NL, NO, PL, PT, RO, SE, SK |
|  | Adipic acid | 3 | DE, FR, IT |
|  | Glyoxal and glyoxylic <br> acid | 2 | DE, FR |

PFCs permits were reported as issued in 12 EU ETS participating countries for primary aluminium and perfluorocarbons, while 20 countries reported issued $\mathrm{N}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ permits for nitric acid production. $\mathrm{N}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ permits for other sectors - adipic acid production and glyoxal and glyoxylic acid production were reported in three countries. Only Norway declared $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ capture and storage activities.

Six countries (ES, FR, HR, IS, IT and SI) have continued to use of the possibility to exclude small emitters from the EU ETS in line with Article 27 of the Directive 2003/87/EC (EU ETS Directive) ${ }^{5}$. Emissions excluded for 2020 amounted to 1.70 million tonnes $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ (some $0.13 \%$ of total stationary EU ETS emissions, compared to $0.25 \%$ for 2019).

Just as in previous years, eight countries (BE, DK, FR, HR, HU, LI, LT and NL) have taken advantage of the provision of Article 13 of the Monitoring and Reporting Regulation (MRR) ${ }^{6}$ to allow the use of simplified monitoring plans in low risk cases for stationary installations. For aircraft operators with low emissions, two countries reported to have used this provision for 2020 (BE and IS).

In 2020, 349 aircraft operators were reported as having a monitoring plan in place, 254 (42\%) fewer than in 2019 , of which 151 had been previously administered by the UK. Some $62 \%$ (217) of the reported aircraft operators were commercial, while the other 38\% (132) were non-commercial. ${ }^{7}$ A total of 116 operators ( $33 \%$ ) qualified as small emitters (compared to 262 ( $43 \%$ ) in 2019).

[^1]
## APPENDIX 2-THE EU ETS CAP

The 2013 cap on emissions from stationary installations was set at 2084301856 allowances. This cap decreased each year by a linear reduction factor of $1.74 \%$ of the average total quantity of allowances issued annually in 2008-2012. This implied that the cap in 2020 was $21 \%$ lower than in 2005.

The annual cap on aviation allowances for phase 3 of the EU ETS (2013-20) was originally 210349264 allowances, $5 \%$ below the average annual level of aviation emissions in 20042006. It increased by 116524 aviation allowances on 1 January 2014 to accommodate Croatia joining the EU ETS. This cap reflects the 2008 legislation ${ }^{8}$, which includes all flights from, to and within the European Economic Area (EEA) in the EU ETS. However, the scope of the EU ETS was temporarily limited to flights within the EEA to support the development of a global measure by the International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO) to stabilise emissions from international aviation at 2020 levels. Therefore, the number of aviation allowances put into circulation since 2013 has been significantly lower than the original cap. In 2017, to support further development and facilitate operationalisation of the ICAO's Carbon Offsetting and Reduction Scheme for International Aviation (CORSIA), the limited aviation scope of the EU ETS was extended until 2023.

[^2]
## APPENDIX 3 - CROSS-SECTIONAL CORRECTION FACTOR

Table 3.1. Cross-Sectional Correction Factor: 2013 (original) and 2017 values

| Cross-Sectional Correction Factor | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 9}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Values as of 1 March 2017 | 0.892071 | 0.876577 | 0.860901 | 0.845062 | 0.829051 | 0.812885 | 0.796517 |
| Original 2013 values | 0.942721514 | 0.926347308 | 0.90978052 | 0.893041051 | 0.876121241 | 0.8590092 |  |

## APPENDIX 4 - IMPLEMENTING LEGISLATION FOR PHASE 4 OF THE EU ETS

Table 4.1 Legislative acts adopted to implement phase 4 of the EU ETS (2021-30)

| Measure | Purpose | Type of legislative act | Adoption |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Carbon leakage list for 2021-30 ${ }^{9}$ | Established the new carbon leakage list for the entire phase 4 based on criteria for determining sectors significantly exposed to the risk of carbon leakage. This list specifies, which industrial sectors receive a higher share of free allocation. | Commission Delegated Decision | Adopted on <br> 15 February 2019 and published in the Official Journal on 8 May 2019 |
| Revision of the free allocation rules for 2021-30 ${ }^{10}$ | Adapted free allocation to the new legal context of phase 4. Based on this Regulation the Commission, Member States and operators prepared National Implementation Measures that provided data for calculating revised benchmark values and free allocation for the first allocation period 2021-25. | Commission <br> Delegated <br> Regulation | Adopted on <br> 19 December 2018 and published in the Official Journal on 27 February 2019 |
| Adjustment to free allocation due to production changes ${ }^{11}$ | In phase 4, allocations to individual installations are adjusted in a timely manner to reflect significant increases and decreases in operation. The Regulation defined the rules for the adjustment of the level of free allocation to installations on the basis of changing levels of operation (of more than $15 \%$ upwards or downwards on average over a period of two years). | Commission Implementing Regulation | Adopted on <br> 31 October 2019 and published in the Official Journal on 4 November 2019 |
| Update of benchmark values for free allocation for 2021$25^{12}$ | To reflect technological progress and innovation, benchmark values for 2021-25 were updated on the basis of real data submitted by installations for the years 2016-17. | Commission <br> Implementing Regulation | Adopted on 12 March 2021 and published in the Official Journal on 15 March 2021 |
| National Implementation Measures 2021-25 ${ }^{13}$ | Rejection or acceptance of installations in the National Implementation Measures' list - the Commission accepted the list and data of installations under the EU ETS. | Commission Decision | Adopted on 25 February 2021 and published in the Official Journal on 26 February 2021 |

[^3]| Cross-Sectoral Correction Factor 2021-25 ${ }^{14}$ | Determined the uniform cross-sectoral correction factor for the adjustment of free allocations for the period 2021-25. The value of the cross-sectoral correction factor for every year between 2021 and 2025 was determined to be 1 . | Commission Implementing Decision | Adopted on 31 May 2021 and published in the Official Journal on 9 June 2021 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| National Allocation Tables 2021-25 ${ }^{15}$ | After the calculation of the cross-sectoral correction factor, Member States submitted to the Commission the final annual free allocations over 2021-25. Based on that, the Commission adopted national allocation tables per Member State per year. | Commission Decision | Adopted on 29 June 2021 and publlished in the Official Journal on 28 July 2021 |
| Establishment of the Innovation Fund ${ }^{16}$ | Determined the rules on the operation of the Innovation Fund, including the selection procedure and criteria. | Commission <br> Delegated <br> Regulation | Adopted on 26 February 2019 and published in the Official Journal on 28 May 2019 |
| Establishment of the Modernisation Fund ${ }^{17}$ | Determined the rules for the operation of the Modernisation Fund. | Commission <br> Implementing Regulation | Adopted on 9 July 2020 and published in the Official Journal on 10 July 2020 |
| Revision of the Registry Regulation ${ }^{18}$ | Laid down the requirements for the EU Registry for phase 4 in the form of standardised electronic databases containing common data elements to track the issue, holding, transfer and cancellation of allowances, and to provide public access and eensure confidentiality. | Commission Delegated Regulation | Adopted on 12 March 2019 and published in the Official Journal on 2 July 2019 |
| Amendment of the Auctioning Regulation ${ }^{19}$ | Enabled the auctioning of the first 50 million allowances for the Innovation Fund taken from the Market Stability Reserve in 2020. | Commission <br> Delegated <br> Regulation | Adopted on 30 October 2018 and publsihed in the Official Journal on 4 January 2019 |
| Revision of the Auctioning Regulation ${ }^{20}$ | Revised some aspects of the auctioning process to implement requirements for phase 4, in particular to enable the | Commission Delegated Regulation | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Adopted on } 28 \\ \text { August } 2019 \text { and } \\ \text { published in the } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |

[^4]|  | auctioning of allowances for the Innovation Fund and the Modernisation Fund, as well as to reflect the classification of EU ETS allowances as financial instruments under Directive 2014/65/EU ${ }^{21}$ on markets in financial instruments (MiFID2). |  | Official Journal on 8 November 2019 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Revision of the <br> Monitoring and <br> Reporting <br> Regulation ${ }^{22}$ | Simplified, improved and clarified the monitoring and reporting rules and reduced administrative burden, based on implementation experience from phase 3 | Commission <br> Implementing Regulation | Adopted on 19 December 2018 and published in the Offical Journal on 31 December 2018 |
| Revision of Verification and Accreditation Regulation ${ }^{23}$ | Simplified, improved and clarified the accreditation and verification rules and reduced administrative burden to the extent possible, based on implementation experience from phase 3 | Commission <br> Implementing Regulation | Adopted on 19 December 2018 and publsihed in the Official Journal on 31 December 2018 |
| Monitoring, reporting and verification of aviation emissions as regards CORSIA ${ }^{24}$ | Supplemented the EU ETS Directive as regards measures adopted by the International Civil Aviation Organisation for the monitoring, reporting and verification of aviation emissions for the purpose of implementing CORSIA | Commission <br> Delegated <br> Regulation | Adopted on 18 July 2019 and published in the Official Journal on 30 September 2019 |
| EU ETS State aid Guidelines 2021-30 ${ }^{25}$ | Revised the EU ETS State aid Guidelines for phase 4 to accommodate the new provisions introduced by the revised EU ETS Directive for indirect carbon cost compensation schemes | Communication from the Commission | Adopted on 21 <br> September 2020 and in force as of 1 January 2021 |
| Exclusion of incoming flights from Switzerland from the EU ETS ${ }^{26}$ | Amended Annex I of the EU ETS Directive to exclude incoming flights from Switzerland from the EU emissions trading system as from 1 January 2020 | Commission Delegated Decision | Adopted on 18 May 2020 and published in the Official Journal on 21 July 2020 |
| Exclusion of incoming flights from the UK from the EU ETS ${ }^{27}$ | Amended Annex I of the EU ETS Directive to exclude incoming flights from the United Kingdomfrom the EU emissions trading system as from 1 January 2020 | Commission <br> Delegated <br> Regulation | Adopted on 17 June 2021 and published in the Official Journal on 31 August 2021 |

[^5]
## APPENDIX 5 - AUCTIONS AND AUCTION REVENUES

Figure 5.1. Number of bidders in general allowances' auctions, 1 January 2013-30 June 2021 ${ }^{28}$


[^6]Table 5．1．Revenues generated from the auctioning of emission allowances by EU27（and the UK until 2020）， 1 January 2013－30 June 2021 （in million EUR $)^{29}$

|  | 2013 |  | 2014 |  | 2015 |  | 2016 |  | 2017 |  | 2018 |  | 2019 |  | 2020 |  | 2021 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | W | － |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 耧 } \\ & \text { 荷 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { تín } \\ & \ddot{\#} \\ & \text { H } \end{aligned}$ | 雨 | Fix | 会 | W | 会 | ت | 会 | W | 脣 |
| AT | 55.75 | 0.00 | 52.17 | 1.18 | 76.24 | 2.36 | 58.81 | 0.65 | 78.74 | 0.69 | 208.20 | 2.16 | 180.94 | 2.89 | 181.62 | 2.60 | 143.42 | 1.54 |
| BE | 114.99 | 0.00 | 95.03 | 2.05 | 138.96 | 2.69 | 107.14 | 0.74 | 143.52 | 0.79 | 379.00 | 2.47 | 353.47 | 3.30 | 353.07 | 2.98 | 246.24 | 2.11 |
| BG | 52.63 | 0.00 | 36.19 | 0.22 | 120.91 | 0.91 | 85.08 | 0.25 | 130.15 | 0.27 | 367.34 | 0.83 | 439.19 | 1.11 | 447.55 | 1.01 | 369.36 | 0.72 |
| CY | 0.35 | 0.00 | 0.43 | 0.30 | 0.00 | 1.42 | 0.00 | 0.39 | 6.15 | 0.41 | 24.66 | 1.30 | 24.4 | 1.74 | 38.50 | 1.57 | 33.82 | 0.53 |
| HR | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 86.40 | 0.49 | 20.09 | 0.16 | 26.97 | 0.18 | 70.96 | 0.55 | 71.97 | 0.74 | 71.52 | 0.66 | 50.06 | 0.58 |
| CZ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 55.24 | 0.47 | 110.30 | 1.20 | 117.63 | 0.33 | 199.43 | 0.35 | 583.33 | 1.10 | 628.94 | 1.46 | 718.12 | 1.32 | 289.54 | 0.77 |
| DE | 791.25 | 0.00 | 749.97 | 0.00 | 1093.31 | 16.87 | 845.74 | 4.65 | 1141.74 | 5.07 | 2565.34 | 16.31 | 3146.14 | 17.89 | 2641.79 | 20.58 | 2364.82 | 0.00 |
| DK | 56.06 | 0.00 | 46.93 | 1.16 | 68.64 | 2.71 | 52.93 | 0.74 | 70.93 | 0.79 | 187.32 | 2.48 | 162.78 | 3.31 | 163.47 | 2.99 | 133.95 | 1.87 |
| EE | 18.07 | 0.00 | 7.41 | 0.04 | 21.13 | 0.15 | 23.57 | 0.04 | 39.31 | 0.05 | 139.89 | 0.14 | 142.65 | 0.20 | 142.26 | 0.17 | 110.94 | 0.19 |
| EL | 147.64 | 0.00 | 129.97 | 1.10 | 190.17 | 4.99 | 146.68 | 1.37 | 196.57 | 1.46 | 518.96 | 4.57 | 503.34 | 6.11 | 501.16 | 5.53 | 454.60 | 3.80 |
| ES | 346.11 | 0.00 | 323.53 | 6.56 | 473.20 | 16.32 | 364.97 | 4.48 | 488.78 | 4.77 | 1291.07 | 14.97 | 1225.22 | 19.97 | 1222.29 | 18.05 | 1114.86 | 10.81 |
| FI | 66.97 | 0.00 | 62.68 | 0.81 | 91.64 | 2.13 | 70.63 | 0.58 | 94.64 | 0.62 | 249.84 | 1.96 | 217.35 | 2.60 | 218.22 | 2.36 | 188.06 | 1.54 |
| FR | 219.25 | 0.00 | 205.29 | 10.05 | 299.94 | 12.18 | 231.34 | 3.35 | 309.85 | 3.55 | 818.40 | 11.16 | 711.64 | 14.89 | 714.65 | 13.47 | 665.67 | 8.22 |
| HU | 34.59 | 0.00 | 56.21 | 0.29 | 82.28 | 0.99 | 63.43 | 0.27 | 84.94 | 0.29 | 224.48 | 0.91 | 226.8 | 1.21 | 225.21 | 1.10 | 189.42 | 0.72 |
| IE | 41.68 | 0.00 | 35.11 | 0.87 | 51.32 | 2.15 | 39.54 | 0.59 | 52.93 | 0.63 | 140.10 | 1.97 | 121.64 | 2.62 | 122.17 | 2.37 | 70.35 | 1.39 |
| IT | 385.98 | 0.00 | 361.25 | 5.24 | 528.00 | 14.41 | 407.23 | 3.96 | 545.44 | 4.21 | 1440.10 | 13.22 | 1271.35 | 17.64 | 1274.55 | 15.95 | 1150.03 | 8.94 |

${ }^{29}$ Source：EEX

| LT | 19.98 | 0.00 | 17.28 | 0.06 | 28.13 | 0.29 | 20.76 | 0.08 | 31.43 | 0.09 | 80.11 | 0.25 | 83.69 | 0.35 | 86.30 | 0.31 | 37.88 | 0.34 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LU | 4.97 | 0.00 | 4.52 | 0.63 | 6.62 | 0.22 | 5.08 | 0.06 | 6.81 | 0.07 | 18.09 | 0.20 | 16.79 | 0.28 | 16.75 | 0.25 | 4.06 | 0.24 |
| LV | 10.79 | 0.00 | 10.08 | 0.14 | 14.76 | 0.53 | 11.36 | 0.15 | 15.24 | 0.15 | 40.20 | 0.49 | 41.92 | 0.66 | 41.72 | 0.58 | 25.71 | 0.38 |
| MT | 4.47 | 0.00 | 3.81 | 0.10 | 5.62 | 0.57 | 4.30 | 0.16 | 5.78 | 0.17 | 15.19 | 0.52 | 15.21 | 0.71 | 15.13 | 0.63 | 12.18 | 0.43 |
| NL | 134.24 | 0.00 | 125.63 | 5.47 | 183.57 | 3.68 | 141.59 | 1.01 | 189.63 | 1.07 | 500.84 | 3.37 | 435.64 | 4.50 | 437.34 | 4.07 | 407.25 | 3.12 |
| PL | 244.02 | 0.00 | 78.01 | 0.00 | 129.84 | 2.98 | 135.57 | 0.58 | 505.31 | 0.69 | 1209.98 | 1.59 | 2545.94 | 2.89 | 3155.44 | 2.19 | 2601.21 | 4.96 |
| PT | 72.78 | 0.00 | 65.82 | 1.27 | 96.32 | 2.89 | 74.29 | 0.79 | 99.50 | 0.85 | 262.96 | 2.65 | 253.58 | 3.53 | 252.60 | 3.19 | 230.01 | 2.84 |
| RO | 122.74 | 0.00 | 97.57 | 0.32 | 193.62 | 1.60 | 193.56 | 0.44 | 260.29 | 0.47 | 717.64 | 1.45 | 747.87 | 1.95 | 801.34 | 1.77 | 247.60 | 1.35 |
| SE | 35.67 | 0.00 | 33.34 | 1.02 | 48.79 | 3.63 | 37.61 | 1.00 | 50.45 | 1.06 | 132.98 | 3.34 | 124.1 | 4.43 | 123.88 | 4.02 | 98.77 | 2.69 |
| SI | 17.74 | 0.00 | 16.59 | 0.05 | 24.28 | 0.14 | 18.70 | 0.04 | 25.05 | 0.04 | 66.19 | 0.12 | 65.14 | 0.16 | 64.88 | 0.15 | 58.18 | 0.10 |
| SK | 61.70 | 0.00 | 57.59 | 0.04 | 84.31 | 0.20 | 64.99 | 0.06 | 87.01 | 0.06 | 229.74 | 0.18 | 244.47 | 0.24 | 241.85 | 0.21 | 127.18 | 0.10 |
| UK | 409.63 | 0.00 | 387.42 | 14.08 | 567.72 | 18.54 | 418.96 | 5.37 | 604.02 | 5.30 | 1607.32 | 0.00 | 0 | 0 | 2652.29 | 39.20 |  |  |
| E | 3550.73 | 0.00 | 3115.11 | 53.53 | 4815.97 | 117.26 | 3761.57 | 32.28 | 5490.60 | 34.14 | 14090.23 | 90.27 | 14002.17 | 117.37 | 16925.69 | 149.27 | 11425.16 | 60.28 |

Table 5.2. Revenues generated from the auctioning of emission allowances by Iceland, Liechtenstein and Norway, 2019-30 June 2021 (in million EUR) ${ }^{30}$

|  | 2019 |  | 2020 |  | $\mathbf{2 0 2 1}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | General | Aviation | General | Aviation | General |  |
| Aviation |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| IS | 23.91 | 1.86 | 36.29 | 2.82 | 1.35 |  |
| LI | 0.52 | 0 | 0.79 | 0.00 | 0.14 |  |
| NO | 476.78 | 18.24 | 720.58 | 27.19 | 81.18 |  |
| TOTAL | $\mathbf{5 0 1 . 2 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 . 1}$ | $\mathbf{7 5 7 . 6 6}$ | $\mathbf{3 0 . 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{8 2 . 6 8}$ |  |

Table 5.3: Revenues generated from the auctioning of emission allowances for the Innovation Fund and the Modernisation Fund (in million EUR) ${ }^{31}$

|  | 2020 |  | 2021 |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | General | Aviation | General |  |
| Aviation |  |  |  |  |
| Innovation Fund | 1333.82 |  | 861.85 |  |

[^7]APPENDIX 6 - MODERNISATION OF THE ELECTRICITY SECTOR IN CERTAIN MEMBER STATES UNDER ARTICLE 10C OF THE EU ETS DIRECTIVE

Table 6.1. Number of free allowances allocated to modernising the electricity sector ${ }^{32}$

| Member State | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 11009416 | 9779243 | 8259680 | 6593238 | 3812436 | 2471297 | 1948441 |
| CY | 2519077 | 2195195 | 1907302 | 1583420 | 1259538 | 935657 | 575789 |
| CZ | 25285353 | 22383398 | 20623005 | 15831329 | 11681994 | 7661840 | 3830905 |
| EE | 5135166 | 4401568 | 3667975 | 2934380 | 2055614 | 38939 | 19471 |
| $\mathrm{HU}^{33}$ | 7047255 | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. |
| LT | 322449 | 297113 | 269475 | 237230 | 200379 | 158922 | 94432 |
| PL | 65992703 | 52920889 | 43594320 | 31621148 | 21752908 | 31942281 | 16912108 |
| RO | 15748011 | 8591461 | 9210797 | 7189961 | 6222255 | 3778439 | 1723016 |
| TOTAL | 133059430 | 100568867 | 87532554 | 65990706 | 46985124 | 46987375 | 25104162 |

[^8]Table 6.2. Maximum number of free allowances per year under the Article 10c per Member State ${ }^{34}$

| Member State | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 13542000 | 11607428 | 9672857 | 7738286 | 5803714 | 3869143 | 1934571 | 54167999 |
| CY | 2519077 | 2195195 | 1907302 | 1583420 | 1259538 | 935657 | 575789 | 10975978 |
| CZ | 26916667 | 23071429 | 19226191 | 15380953 | 11535714 | 7690476 | 3845238 | 107666668 |
| EE | 5288827 | 4533280 | 3777733 | 3022187 | 2266640 | 1511093 | 755547 | 21155307 |
| HU | 7047255 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7047255 |
| LT | 582373 | 536615 | 486698 | 428460 | 361903 | 287027 | 170552 | 2853628 |
| PL | 77816756 | 72258416 | 66700076 | 60030069 | 52248393 | 43355049 | 32238370 | 404647129 |
| RO | 17852479 | 15302125 | 12751771 | 10201417 | 7651063 | 5100708 | 2550354 | 71409917 |
| TOTAL | 151565434 | 129504488 | 114522628 | 98384792 | 81126965 | 62749153 | 42070421 | 679923881 |

Table 6.3. Number of unused free allowances under the Article 10c derogation that have been auctioned or are planned for auctioning in 2013-2021 ${ }^{35}$

| Member State | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 5444169 | 1461360 | 920823 | 604908 | 1386372 | 0 | 476621 |
| CY | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| CZ | 0 | 90694 | 77741 | 66740 | 54550 | 80295 | 0 |
| EE | 0 | 188682 | 134897 | 1767499 | 761088 | 50026 | 0 |
| LT | 259924 | 0 | 456725 | 191229 | 161522 | 128105 | 76120 |
| PL | 1196 | 0 | 7491 | 0 | 55800000 | 49520000 | 34501299 |
| RO | 2104468 | 6710664 | 3540974 | 3011456 | 0 | 0 | 827338 |
| HU | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

[^9]Table 6.4. Distribution of Article 10c allowances from phase 4 of the EU ETS (2021-30) ${ }^{36}$

| Eligible Member States | Maximum Article 10c derogation ( $40 \%$ of regular allowances) | Amount to be used under Article 10c | Amount transferred from Article 10c to the Modernisation Fund | Amount to be auctioned |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 51599838 | 51599838 | 0 | 0 |
| CZ | 111462281 | 0 | 111462281 | 0 |
| EE | 17583702 | 0 | 0 | 17583702 |
| HR | 11957703 | 0 | 5978852 | 5978851 |
| LV | 3794677 | 0 | 0 | 3794677 |
| LT | 8696818 | 0 | 8696818 | 0 |
| HU | 34610750 | 20748000 | 0 | 13862750 |
| PL | 273211665 | 0 | 0 | 273211665 |
| RO | 91673704 | 5600000 | 86073704 | 0 |
| SK | 33228414 | 0 | 33228414 | 0 |
| TOTAL | 637819552 | 77947838 | 245440068 | 314431646 |

[^10]
## APPENDIX 7 - EU ETS FUNDING INSTRUMENTS: NER 300, INNOVATION FUND AND MODERNISATION FUND

Table 7.1. ${ }^{37}$ NER 300 projects awarded support under the first and second calls for proposals ${ }^{38}$

|  | $\mathbf{1}^{\text {st }}$ Call for proposals | 2 $^{\text {nd }}$ Call for proposals |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Projects in preparation | 0 | 5 |
| Projects under status revision | 1 | 0 |
| Projects in operation | 7 | 1 |
| Projects completed | 2 | 0 |
| Projects withdrawn | 10 | 13 |
| TOTAL | 20 | 19 |

Since 2020, one new project was awarded support from the unspent funds of the NER 300 under the InnovFin Energy Demonstration Projects (InnovFin EDP), worth EUR 2.1 million. Another six operations eligible for the NER 300 support, amounting to some EUR 219 million, are in the InnovFin EDP pipeline.

Financing of some EUR 70 million from the undisbursed NER 300 funds was also awarded under the Connecting Europe Facility Debt Instrument (CEF DI) to two innovative projects in Denmark and Spain. Five more CEF DI projects have been confirmed as eligible for the NER 300 support, requesting financing of EUR 272.3 million.

Table 7.2 below provides detailed information on the projects supported from the unspent NER 300 funds via the InnovFin EDP and and CEF DI over 2020-21.

Table 7.2. Projects supported under the InnovFin EDP and and CEF DI (NER 300 funds), June 2020 - June 2021

| Project title | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| CH New Charging and Energy <br> Storage Solutions <br> (InnovFin EDP) | The proposed technology platform allows the integration of electric vehicles <br> ("EVs") into the power grid by aggregating and leveraging the energy storage <br> potential of end-user EVs batteries as stationary storage devices in order to <br> provide power system services. The project's demonstration is located in <br> Germany, France and the Netherlands and the NER 300 contribution amounts <br> to EUR 2.1 million. |
|  | The project comprises the deployment of a hydrogen distribution <br> infrastructure and a hydrogen production plant, to supply green hydrogen to a |
| DK Everfuel Green Hydrogen | large-scale fleet of fuel cell electric buses in Denmark. The financing of EUR |
| Project | 20.7 million is supported under the Future Mobility product, backed by the |
| Connecting Europe Facility and the NER300 Programme. |  |

[^11]|  | The project consists of the roll out of an electric vehicle charging network <br> ES Evervest <br> involving the deployment of 476 charging points in 200 sites over a 3-year <br> implementation period. Charging points will only sell electricity sourced from <br> renewable sources backed by relevant certificates. This project requested the <br> EIB loan of EUR 50 million, fully covered from NER300 unspent funds. |
| :--- | :--- |

Table 7.3. Transfers of allowances to the Modernisation Fund decided by eligible Member States in $2019{ }^{39}$

| Member States | Share as per Annex IIb of the EU ETS Directive | Allowances as per Article 10(1) of the EU ETS Directive | Transfers from Article 10(2)(b) of the EU ETS Directive (solidarity) | Transfers from Article 10c of the EU ETS Directive | Total transfers from Article 10(2)(b) (solidarity) and Article 10c | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BG | 5.84\% | 16095825 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16095825 |
| CZ | 15.59\% | 42968135 | 38722276 | 111462281 | 150184557 | 193152692 |
| EE | 2.78\% | 7662054 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7662054 |
| HR | 3.14\% | 8654262 | 0 | 5978852 | 5978852 | 14633114 |
| LV | 1.44\% | 3968834 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3968834 |
| LT | 2.57\% | 7083265 | 0 | 8696818 | 8696818 | 15780083 |
| HU | 7.12\% | 19623677 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 19623677 |
| PL | 43.41\% | 119643793 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 119643793 |
| RO | 11.98\% | 33018490 | 81673875 | 86073704 | 167747579 | 200766069 |
| SK | 6.13\% | 16895104 | 1783231 | 33228414 | 35011645 | 51906749 |
| TOTAL | 100.00\% | 275613439 | 122179383 | 245440068 | 367619451 | 643232890 |

[^12]
## APPENDIX 8 - INTERNATIONAL CREDITS

Table 8.1. ${ }^{40}$ Summary of international credits surrendered during phase 2 of EU ETS (2008-12)

| International credits surrendered 2008-12 (in millions) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Origin | Certified Emssions Reductions | Origin | Emissions Reduction Units |  |  |
| China | 422.25 | 62.51 | Ukraine | 212.72 | $55.48 \%$ |
| India | 108.36 | 16.04 | Russia | 130.53 | $34.04 \%$ |
| Korea | 80.60 | 11.93 | Germany | 11.13 | $2.90 \%$ |
| Brazil | 32.15 | 4.76 | Poland | 10.82 | $2.82 \%$ |
| Mexico | 10.48 | 1.55 | France | 5.86 | $1.53 \%$ |
| Argentina | 4.87 | 0.72 | Romania | 5.19 | $1.35 \%$ |
| Egypt | 3.30 | 0.49 | Lithuania | 2.62 | $0.68 \%$ |
| Vietnam | 3.08 | 0.46 | Czechia | 1.63 | $0.43 \%$ |
| Chile | 2.16 | 0.32 | New Zeland | 0.90 | $0.23 \%$ |
| South Africa | 1.86 | 0.28 | Hungary | 0.81 | $0.21 \%$ |
| Others | 6.39 | 0.94 | Others | 1.21 | $0.32 \%$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{6 7 5 . 5 0}$ | $\mathbf{6 3 . 7 9 \%}$ | Total | $\mathbf{3 8 3 , 4 0}$ | $\mathbf{3 6 , 2 0 \%}$ |
| TOTAL |  |  | $\mathbf{1 0 5 8 . 9 0}$ |  |  |

Table 8.2. ${ }^{41}$ Summary of international credits exchanged during phase 3 of EU ETS (2013-20) until June $2021{ }^{42}$

| International credits exchanged by end June 2021 (in millions) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Origin | Certified Emssions Reductions | Origin | Emissions Reduction Units |  |  |
| China | 228.18 | 72.60 | Ukraine | 147.69 | $76.89 \%$ |
| India | 21.14 | 6.72 | Russia | 32.06 | $16.69 \%$ |
| Uzbekistan | 10.65 | 3.38 | Lithuania | 3.54 | $1.84 \%$ |
| Brazil | 6.98 | 2.21 | Poland | 2.82 | $1.47 \%$ |
| Vietnam | 4.38 | 1.40 | Germany | 1.65 | $0.86 \%$ |
| Indonesia | 4.09 | 1.30 | France | 1.24 | $0.65 \%$ |
| Chile | 3.99 | 1.27 | Romania | 0.67 | $0.35 \%$ |
| Mexico | 3.36 | 1.07 | Sweden | 0.64 | $0.33 \%$ |
| Cambodia | 3.17 | 1.01 | Bulgaria | 0.50 | $0.26 \%$ |
| Korea | 3.04 | 0.99 | Spain | 0.43 | $0.22 \%$ |
| Others | 25.29 | 8.05 | Others | $0.84 \%$ | $0.44 \%$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{3 1 4 . 2 7}$ | $\mathbf{6 2 . 0 7 \%}$ | Total | $\mathbf{1 9 2 . 0 8}$ | $\mathbf{3 7 . 9 3 \%}$ |
| TOTAL |  |  | $\mathbf{5 0 6 . 3 5}$ |  |  |

[^13]Table 8.3. ${ }^{43}$ Summary of international credits surrendered in phase 2 (2008-12) and exchanged in phase 3 (2013-20) by types of operators (in millions)

|  | Certified Emissions Reductions and Emissions Reduction Units |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathbf{2 0 0 8 - 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3 - 2 0}$ |
| Stationary installations | 1047.94 | 498.42 |
| Aviation operators | 10.96 | 7.93 |
| TOTAL | $\mathbf{1 0 5 8 . 9 0}$ | $\mathbf{5 0 6 . 3 5}$ |

[^14]
## APPENDIX 9 - NON-CO2 EMISSIONS FROM STATIONARY INSTALLATIONS IN THE EU ETS

Table 9.1. Reported ETS verified non- $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ emissions from installations by greenhouse gas in phase 3 of the EU ETS (2013-20) (in million tonnes) ${ }^{44}$

|  | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 0}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{P F C s}$ | 0.40 | 0.74 | 0.58 | 0.64 | 0.53 | 0.67 | 0.59 | 0.54 |
| $\mathbf{N}_{2} \mathbf{O}$ | 2.48 | 5.48 | 5.31 | 4.62 | 4.92 | 4.08 | 3.68 | 3.16 |

[^15]
## APPENDIX 10 - MARKET STABILITY RESERVE

## Figure 10.1 - TNAC methodology

A key notion for the functioning of the Market Stability Reserve (MSR) is the total number of allowances in circulation (TNAC). Allowances are added to the reserve if the TNAC is above a predefined upper threshold ( 833 million allowances), and are released from the reserve if the TNAC is below a predefined lower threshold (below 400 million allowances)*. The MSR absorbs or releases allowances when the circulating volume is outside of a predefined range. Back-loaded and so-called unallocated** allowances were also put in the reserve. From 2023 onwards, allowances held in the MSR exceeding the previous year's auction volume will no longer be valid.

The TNAC relevant for determining the MSR feeds and releases is calculated on the basis of the following formula:

$$
\text { TNAC }=\text { Supply }-(\text { Demand }+ \text { allowances in the MSR })
$$

The components of supply and demand used in the formula are described in the Communication from the European Commission on the TNAC, published annually in May.***

* Or where measures are adopted under Article 29a of the EU ETS Directive.
**Unallocated allowances are allowances not allocated pursuant to Article $10 \mathrm{a}(7)$ of the EU ETS Directive, i.e. allowances remaining in the new entrants' reserve, and resulting from the application of Article 10a(19) and (20), i.e. allowances foreseen for free allocation to installations but remaining unallocated because of (partial) cessation of operations or significant capacity reductions. De facto "unallocated" allowances stemming from the application of the relevant carbon leakage factor to sectors not included in the carbon leakage list during the current period, as well as any allowances that are not allocated under Article 10c of the ETS Directive, are not foreseen to be placed in the MSR under Article 1(3) of Decision (EU) 2015/1814. Such allowances are therefore not covered (please refer to p. 225 of the Impact Assessment (SWD(2015)135 final) accompanying the 2015 proposal for revision of the EU ETS Directive).
***See the latest TNAC Communication, published in May 2021: $\underline{\mathrm{C}(2021) 3266 \text { final. }}$

Table 10.1. Annual contributions to the Market Stability Reserve by EU ETS participating country ${ }^{45}$

| EU ETS <br> participating country | MSR contributions 2019 | MSR contributions 2020 | MSR contributions 2021 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Austria | 5935748 | 5614399 | 5563187 |
| Belgium | 9846994 | 9313899 | 9228856 |
| Bulgaria | 8292720 | 7843771 | 6531499 |
| Croatia | 1614984 | 1527552 | 1513604 |
| Cyprus | 932844 | 882342 | 874285 |
| Czech Republic | 15406858 | 14572765 | 14108876 |
| Denmark | 5340750 | 5051614 | 5005490 |

[^16]| Estonia | 2904319 | 2747085 | 2225742 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Finland | 7130025 | 6744021 | 6682443 |
| France | 23346791 | 22082847 | 21881211 |
| Germany | 85389770 | 80766957 | 80029579 |
| Greece | 12684492 | 11997782 | 11888232 |
| Hungary | 5115708 | 4838755 | 4381023 |
| Iceland | 166450 | 157439 | 156001 |
| Ireland | 3991393 | 3775308 | 3740851 |
| Italy | 40304729 | 38122721 | 37775362 |
| Latvia | 865501 | 818645 | 480330 |
| Liechtenstein | 3725 | 3524 | 3492 |
| Lithuania | 1792324 | 1695292 | 1100842 |
| Luxembourg | 467394 | 442090 | 438053 |
| Malta | 354798 | 335590 | 332525 |
| Netherlands | 14291411 | 13517705 | 13394277 |
| Norway | 3314570 | 3135127 | 3106500 |
| Poland | 39282170 | 37155520 | 34583085 |
| Portugal | 6478775 | 6128029 | 6072075 |
| Romania | 14941290 | 14132401 | 11604041 |
| Slovakia | 4752513 | 4495223 | 4206047 |
| Slovenia | 1577714 | 1492300 | 1478674 |
| Spain | 32660234 | 30892081 | 30610010 |
| Sweden | 3457106 | 3269946 | 3246409 |
| United Kingdom (Northern Ireland installations only as of 2021) | 44480623 | 42072540 | 883013 |
| TOTAL | 397124722 | 375625270 | 323125614 |

## APPENDIX 11 - MONITORING, REPORTING, VERIFICATION AND ACCREDITATION IN THE EU ETS ${ }^{46}$

### 11.1 Monitoring applied in 2020

According to Article 21 reports submitted by EU ETS participating countries in 2021, most installations used the calculation-based methodology ${ }^{47}$ to detrmine their emissions. Only 153 installations ( $1.6 \%$ ) in 22 countries reported to have use continuous emissions measurement systems (CEMs), most frequently in Germany and Czechia. While the number of countries is the same as last year, compared to 2019, 10 installations used CEMs for the first time and 6 installations stopped reporting CEMs.

Only 11 countries reported the use of the fall-back approach, by 27 installations covering approximately 2.9 million tonnes $\mathrm{CO}_{2} \mathrm{eq}$ (adding one small Italian installation to the 26 installations that used the fall-back approach in 2019, then covering 2.8 million tonnes $\left.\mathrm{CO}_{2} \mathrm{eq}\right)$. One installation in the Netherlands is responsible for $53 \%$ of the overall emissions reported in relation to the fall-back methodology.

The minimum tier defaults ${ }^{48}$ of the MRR were met by the vast majority of installations. Only 80 category C installations (compared to 81 in 2019), that is $11.6 \%$, were reported to have deviated for at least one parameter from the requirement to apply the highest tiers for major source streams. These deviations are only allowed when the operator demonstrates that the highest tier is technically not feasible or incurs unreasonable costs. Once these conditions no longer apply, the operator has to improve their monitoring system accordingly.

Similarly, 22 participating countries reported that $21 \%$ of category B installations were permitted to operate with some form of deviation from the MRR default requirements. This is similar to the level of $19 \%^{49}$ of the last two years, demonstrating a steady level of the highest tier compliance.

### 11.2. Accredited verification in 2020

The total number of verifiers is not reported in Article 21 reports. However, the European Cooperation for Accreditation provides a central link to relevant National Accreditation Bodies and their lists of EU ETS accredited verifiers ${ }^{50}$.

The mutual recognition of verifiers among participating countries is working successfully: 27 countries reported that at least one foreign verifier was active in their territory.

Compliance of verifiers with the Accreditation and Verification Regulation ${ }^{51}$ (AVR) is found to be high. No country reported a suspension and only one country reported a withdrawal of

[^17]accreditation of a verifier. This compares to no suspensions and no withdrawals for 2019. Germany reported a reduction made in the scope of two verifiers' accreditation, compared to scope reductions for six and one verifiers in 2019 by Germany and Poland respectively. Five countries reported complaints received about verifiers in 2020 (one fewer than in 2019). The overall number of complaints (49) is $11 \%$ higher. $86 \%$ of the complaints received were detailed as resolved at the time of reporitng (last year this rate was $61 \%$ ). Seven countries reported identification of verifier non-conformities as part of the information exchange process between National Accreditation Bodies and competent authorities (compared to seven last year). An overview of these developments is presented in Table 11.2.1 below.

[^18]Table 11.2.1 Overview of developments in the EU ETS accreditation and verification in 2020 ([ ] is the difference from previous year, omitted if unchanged)

|  | Countries | Number | Differences compared to 2019 country by country |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| Number of verifiers accredited by another <br> Member State - for installations | $24[+1]$ | $65[+1]$ | BE (4), BG (6 [+1]), CY (2), CZ (1), DE (1), DK (1), EE (1), ES (4 [-1]), FR (7 [+7]), HR (1), <br> HU (2 [-3]), IE (5 [-1]), IS (3), LI (1), LT (3), LU (5), MT (1), NL (2), NO (3), PL (5), PT (1 [-2]), <br> RO (2), SE (3 [+1]), SK (1 [-1]) |
| Number of verifiers accredited by a <br> national accreditation body in another <br> Member State - for aviation | $23[+2]$ | $50[+8]$ | AT (2 [-1]), BE (4 [+4]), BG (4), CY (1 [-1]), DE (3 [+3]), DK (1), EE (0 [-1]), ES (1), FI (1), <br> FR (2 [+1]), HR (1), HU (1 [-1]), IE (3), IS (1), IT (3 [+3]), LT (1), LU (2), MT (2), NL (4), NO <br> $(2), ~ P L ~(6 ~[+2]), ~ P T ~(2 ~[-1]), ~ S E ~(2), ~ S K ~(1) ~$ |$|$| Number of complaints made about <br> verifiers | $5[-1]$ | $49[+5]$ |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | | DE (11 [-1]), DK (6), ES (29 [+12]), FR (0 [-1]), HU (0 [-5]), PL (1 [+1]), RO (2 [+2]), |
| :--- |
| SE (0 [-3]) |,

### 11.3 Overview of administrative arrangements in 2020

According to Article 21 submissions in 2021, there were, on average, four competent authorities involved in EU ETS implementation per country ( 129 competent authorities in 30 countries, three fewer than last year) ${ }^{52}$. Different tools to coordinate between authorities were reported, such as legislative instruments for central management of monitoring plans (in 14 countries), binding instructions and guidance by a central competent authority to local authorities (in nine countries), and regular working groups or meetings between authorities (in 13 countries). Seven countries indicated that no such tools were in use.

A more detailed overview of the coordination between EU ETS countries is presented in Table 11.3.1 below.

Table 11.3.1 Coordination between competent authorities in EU ETS participating countries ([ ] shows the difference from the previous year, omitted if unchanged)

|  | Countries |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Does national legislation require a central competent authority to review <br> and provide binding instructions on monitoring plans, notifications of <br> changes to the monitoring plan or emissions reports? | 14 <br> $[+1]$ | BG, DE, EE, ES, GR, HR, HU, <br> LT, LV, NL, NO, PL, RO, SE <br> [new] |
| Does a central competent authority steer local and/or regional competent <br> authorities by giving binding instructions and guidance? | 9 | BG, DK, FR, LT, LV, NL, PT, <br> RO, SK |
| Does a central competent authority review and provide advice on <br> monitoring plans, notifications and emissions reports on a voluntary <br> basis? | 15 <br> $[+1]$ | AT, BG, CZ, DK, EE, FR, GR, <br> HR, LT, LV, NL, PL, PT, SE <br> [new], SK |
| Are regular working groups or meetings organised with the competent <br> authorities? | 13 | BE, BG, DK, ES, FI, FR, GR, <br> HR, LT, LV, NL, PT, SE |
| Is common training organised for all competent authorities to ensure <br> consistent implementation of requirements? | 9 <br> $[+1]$ | AT, BG, DK, FR, HR, LV, NL, <br> PT, SE [new] |
| Are IT systems or tools used to ensure common approaches to <br> monitoring and reporting issues? | 12 | AT, DK, ES, HU, LT, LV, NL, <br> NO, PT, SE, SI, SK |
| Is a coordination group established, with competent authority staff, <br> which discusses monitoring and reporting issues and develops common <br> approaches? | 9 | BG, DK, ES, FR, GR, HR, NL, <br> PT, SE |

On administrative fees charged in relation to permitting and approval of monitoring plans, 13 countries reported in 2021 that they do not charge any fees to installation operators, the same as in 2019. Aircraft operators in 15 countries do not pay fees. Charges vary significantly across countries and types of services, ranging from EUR 5 to EUR 7283.17 for permit and monitoring plan approval for installations, and from EUR 2.19 to EUR 29977 for the same service for aviation operators. Most of the price changes in 2020 compared to 2019 are upward.

Table 11.3.2 below presents a detailed overview of administrative charges in EU ETS participating countries.

[^19]Table 11.3.2 Administrative fees charged by EU ETS participating countries ([ ] is difference from previous year, omitted if unchanged)

|  |  |  | EU ETS countries (values in EUR) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Are fees charged to operators? | 17 | AT, BE, BG, CZ, DK, ES, FI, FR, HR, HU, IS, IT, NO, PL, PT, RO, SI |
|  | Permit issuance/monitoring plan approval | 13 | AT (100), BG (500), CZ (400), FI (1900), HR (5), HU (257 [+105]), IS (7167 [+4042]), IT (250), NO (3327 [+215]), PL (18), PT (207 [+1]), RO (366 [-9]), SI (23) |
|  | Permit update | 11 | AT (100), BG (250), FI (1500), HR (5), HU (143 [-9]), IS (734 [-436]), NO (989 [+59]), PL (2), PT (103), RO (366 [-9]), SI (23) |
|  | Permit transfer | 9 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { AT (100), BG (100), FI (750), HR (5), HU (143 [-9]), IS (734 [+144]), } \\ & \text { PL (2), PT (103), SI (23) } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Permit surrender | 3 | HR (5), HU (143 [-9]), PL (2) |
|  | New entrant reserve application | 6 | HR (5), HU (14 [-3]), IS (2447 [+467]), PT (1447 [+4]), RO (366 [-9]), SI (23) |
|  | Annual subsistence charge amount | 2 | DK (4071 [+830]), IT (250) |
|  | Are fees charged to aircraft operators? | 15 | AT, BG, DK, FI, FR, HR, HU, IE, IS, IT, NO, PL, PT, RO, SI |
|  | Approval of monitoring plan for emissions | 13 [+1] | AT (100), BG (500), FI (550), HR (5), HU (603 [+603]), IE (200), IS (29977 [+27577]), IT (250), NO (519 [+26]), PL (2), PT (277 [+4]), RO (1500), SI (23) |
|  | Approval of change to monitoring plan for emissions | 12 [+1] | AT (100), BG (50), FI (180), HR (5), HU (603 [+603]), IS (999 [+199]), IT (62), NO (260 [+13]), PL (2), PT (139 [+2]), RO (500), SI (23) |
|  | Approval of monitoring plan for tonne-kilometre data | 10 [+1] | AT (100), BG (50), HR (5), HU (603 [+603]), IE (200), IS (2977 [+577]), PL (2), PT ( $277[+4]$ ), RO $(2500[+500])$, SI (23) |
|  | Approval of change to monitoring plan for tonne-kilometre data | 10 [+1] | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \hline \text { AT (100), BG (50), FI (180), HR (5), HU (603 [+603]), IS (999 [+199]), } \\ & \text { PL (2), PT (139 [+2]), RO (500), SI (23) } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Transfer of monitoring plan | 7 [+1] | $\begin{aligned} & \text { AT (100), BG (50), HR (5), HU (603 [+603]), IS (999 [+199]), } \\ & \text { PT (139 [+2]), SI (23) } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Surrender of monitoring plan | 2 [+1] | HR (5), HU (603 [+603]) |

### 11.4 Compliance and enforcement

Competent authorities in EU ETS participating countries carry out different compliance checks on installations' annual emissions reports. Based on Article 21 submissions in 2021, all participating countries check completeness of annual emission reports from installations, and most do so for reports from aircraft operators - except for Hungary and Latvia (two and one aircraft operators respectively), as well as Liechtenstein, Estonia and Slovenia (no aircraft operators). 23 countries reported that they also carry out cross-checks against other data for both installations, and 22 countries do this for aircraft operators.

Table 11.4.1 below presents a detailed overview of the compliance checks performed in EU ETS participating countries.

Table 11.4.1 Compliance checks in EU ETS participating countries ([ ] is difference from previous year, omitted if unchanged)

| Type of check |  | EU ETS countries |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Share of the emissions reports checked for completeness and internal consistency (\%) | 30 | AT (100), BE (100), BG (100), CY (100), CZ (100), DE (100), DK (100), EE (100), ES (90 [-4]), FI (100), FR (95), GR (100), HR (100), HU(100), IE(100), IS(100), IT(100]), LI (100), LT (100), LU (100), LV (100), MT (100), NL (100), NO (100), PL (100), PT (100), RO (100), SE (100), SI (100), SK (100) |
|  | Share of the emissions reports checked for consistency with the monitoring plan (\%) | 30 | AT (20), BE (31), BG (100), CY (100), CZ (50 [+20]), DE (100 [+90]), DK (100), EE (100), ES (82 [-4]), FI (100), FR (65), GR (100), HR (100), HU (100), IE (75 [+14]), IS (100), IT (60), LI (100), LT (80 [-20]), LU (100), LV (100), MT (100), NL (100), NO (100), PL (100), PT (100), RO (100), SE (4 [-1]), SI (100), SK (100) |
|  | Share of the emissions reports that were cross- checked with allocation data (\%) | 23 [-2] | AT (100), BE (1 [-3]), BG (100), CY (100), CZ (20), DE (100), EE (100), ES (44 [+2]), FR (100), GR (100), HR (0 [-100]), HU (100), IE (0 [-100]), IS (100), IT (20), LI (100), LT (80 [-20]), LU (100), LV (100), NL (90), PL ( 25 [+16]), PT (100), RO (100), SI (100), SK (100) |
|  | Share of the emissions reports that were cross- checked with other data (\%) | 23 [+1] | AT (100), BE (31), BG (10), CY (100), CZ (30 [+10]), DK (80 [+80]), EE (100), ES (29 [+2]), FR (62), GR (100), HR (100), IE (2), IS (0 [-100]), LI (100), LT (80 [-15]), LU (100), NL (100), NO (100), PL (100 [ +100$]$ ), PT (100), RO (100), SE (100), SI (100), SK (100) |
|  | Share of the emissions reports that were analysed in detail (\%) | 23 [-3] | AT (20), BE (30), BG (100), CY (100), CZ (50 [+20]), DE (0 [-10]), DK (48 [+4]), EE (100), ES (19 [+7]), FI ( 0 [-100]), FR (24), GR (100), HR (100), HU (100), IE (75 [+14]), IS (100), LI (100), LT (100), LU (100), MT (100), NL (30), NO (100), PL (0 [-100]), PT (100), RO (100), SE (4 [-1]) |
|  | Number of inspections of installations that were carried out through site visits by the competent authority | 10 [-3] | Total: 95 [-45] <br> CY (19), CZ (0 [-5]), DE (0 [-2]), ES (7 [-7]), FR (7), HR (20 [+8]), HU (0 [-32]), IE (0 [-2]), IS (0 [-2]), LT (9 [+9]), LV (2 [+2]), NL (26 [-6]), NO (1), RO (3 [-2]), SE (1 [-6]) |
|  | Number of emission reports rejected for non-compliance | 3 [+1] | ```Total: 13 [-5] ES (1 [+1]), FR (7 [-2]), NO (5 [-4])``` |
|  | Share of the emissions reports checked for completeness and internal consistency (\%) | 25 [-2] | AT (100), BE (100), BG (100), CY (100 [+50]), CZ (100), DE (100), DK (100), EE (0 [-100]), ES (100), FI (100), FR (100), GR (100), HR (100), IE (100), IS (100), IT (100), LT (100), LU (100), MT (100), NL (100), NO (100), PL (100), PT (100), RO (100), SE (100 [+90]), SI (0 [-100]), SK (100) |
|  | Share of the emissions reports checked for consistency with the monitoring plan (\%) | 25 [-1] | AT (100), BE (100), BG (100), CY (100 [+50]), CZ (50 [-50]), DE (100), DK (100 [+100]), EE (0 [-100]), ES (100), FI (100), FR (100 [+95]), GR (100), HR (100), IE (43 [-57]), IS (100), IT (100), LT (100), LU (100), MT (100), NL (100), NO (100), PL (100), PT (100), RO (100), SE (100), SI (0 [-100]), SK (100) |
|  | Share of the emissions reports that were cross- checked with other data (\%) | 23 | AT (100), BE (100), BG (100), CY (100 [+50]), DE (100), DK (100), ES (100), FI (100), FR (100), GR (100), HR (100), IE (100), IS (100), IT (100), LT (100), LU (100), MT (100), NL (100), NO (50 [-17]), PT (100), RO (100 [+100]), SE (100), SI (0 [-100]), SK (100) |
|  | Share of the emissions reports that were analysed in detail (\%) | 21 [+1] | AT (100), BE (14 [-13]), BG (100), DE (100), DK (100 [+100]), EE (0 [-100]), ES (100), FI (100), FR (2 [+2]), GR (100), HR (100), IE (43 [-57]), IS (100), LT (100 [+50]), LU (100), MT (100), NL (100), NO (50 [- |


|  |  |  | 17]), PL (100), PT (100), RO (100), SE (100) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Number of inspections of installations that <br> were carried out on aircraft operators | $0[-2]$ | Total: $0[-3]$ <br> DE $(0[-1]), \mathrm{SE}(0[-2])$ |  |
| Number of emission reports rejected for <br> non-compliance | 0 | 0 |  |

Competent authorities in eight countries carried out conservative estimates regarding missing data in the case of 58 installations (approximately $0.6 \%$ of installations overall), compared to 69 in 2019. Of the 58 installations, in 27 cases all emissions were conservativly estimated, in 26 cases part of the emissions was estimated and in five cases the estimate was that there were no emissions. In total, $3.3 \mathrm{Mt} \mathrm{CO}_{2}$ emissions were conservatively estimated (compared to 7.2 Mt in 2019), while the total emissions of the 58 installations were 18 Mt (compared to 63 Mt in 2019). The most common reasons given for making conservative estimates were emission reports that were not fully in line with MRR requirements and the absence of an emission report by 31 March.

Figure 11.4.1 provides an overview of conservative estimates in EU ETS participating countries in phase 3.

Figure 11.4.1 Overview of conservative estimates in EU ETS participating countries in phase 3 (2013-20)


Conservative estimates regarding missing data for aviation were reported by eight countries (two more than in 2019) concerning 23 (same as in 2019) aircraft operators and 0.14 Mt emissions.

Competent authorities' checks remain important to supplement the verifier's work. Additional to the checks on emission reports, 26 countries reported that they carried out spot checks at installations in 2020 (unchanged from 2019), and 13 (unchanged from 2019, also three countries (EE, LI, SI) do not admisister any aircraft operators) countries reported spot checks for aviation.

Table 11.4.2 provides an overview of compliance measures administered in EU ETS participating countries.

Table 11.4.2 Overview of compliance measures administered in EU ETS participating countries ([ ] is difference from previous year, omitted if unchanged)

| Compliance measures |  | Countries |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Spot-Checks | 26 | AT, BE, BG, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, <br> HR, HU, IE, IS, LI, LT, LV, NL, NO, PL, PT, <br> RO, SE, SI, SK |
| Regular meetings with industry <br> and/or verifiers | $25[-2]$ | BE, BG, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GR, <br> HR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LI, LT, <br> PL, PT, RO, MT, NL, NO, |  |

As shown in Table 11.4.3 below, in 2020, the application of an excess emissions penalty was reported for 20 installations by nine countries. For aviation, excess emission penalties were reported for eight aircraft operators by six countries.

Table 11.4.3 Imposition of excess emissions penatlies in EU ETS participating countries ([ ] is difference from previous year, omitted if unchanged)

|  | Countries | Operators |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| Imposition of <br> excess emission <br> penalties to <br> installation | $9[+1]$ | $20[+1]$ | DE (2 [+1]), DK (1 [-1]), ES (1), FR (1), HR (1 [+1]), IT (5 [+1]), <br> LU (1 [+1]), PL (3 [+1]), PT (0 [-1]), RO (5 [-2]) |
| Imposition of <br> excess emission <br> penalties to aircraft <br> operators | $6[-2]$ | $8[-17]$ | CY (0 [-1]), DE (3), ES (1 [-3]), FR (1), IT (1 [-2]), LT (1), NL <br> (1), PT (0 [-11]) |

For 2020, ten Member States (HR, CZ, DK, FR, DE, HU, NL, PL, RO and ES) reported issuing 27 penalties (other than excess emissions' penalties) and two formal notices for installations. No imprisonments were reported, but fines (exercised or yet to be exercise, e.g. due to ongoing legal proceedings) amounting to a total of EUR 2.4 million were reported. For aviation, only Poland reported fines in 2020, for failure to submit a verified emissions report on time, four cases for a total of EUR 0.43 million). The most common violations reported for 2020 were: operation without a permit, a failure to monitor emissions in accordance with the approved monitoring plan and the MRR, a failure to submit a verified emissions report in
due time, a failure to notify planned or effective changes to capacity, activity levels and operation of an installation by 31 December of the reporting year in accordance with Article 24 of the Decision 2011/278/EU ${ }^{53}$.

[^20]
[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Phases 1 and 2 of the EU ETS
    ${ }_{2}$ Article 21 reports refer to the reports submitted by the EU ETS countries in line with Article 21 of the EU ETS Directive. In this context, EU ETS participating countries or 'countries' include EU27 plus Iceland, Liechtenstein and Norway, and the UK. For 2020, the UK reported only on the five installations in Northern Ireland that remain covered by the EU ETS.
    ${ }^{3}$ Category C installations emit more than 500000 tonnes $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ eq per year, category B installations emit between 500000 and 50000 tonnes $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ eq per year, and category A installations emit less than 50000 tonnes $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ eq per year. See Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/2066 of 19 December 2018 on the monitoring and reporting of greenhouse gas emissions pursuant to Directive 2003/87/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council and amending Commission Regulation (EU) No 601/2012, OJ L 334, 31.12.2018, p. 1
    ${ }^{4}$ Installations with low emissions are a subset within category A, which emit less than 25000 tonnes $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ eq per year (see Article 47(2) of the Regulation (EU) No 2018/2066).

[^1]:    ${ }^{5}$ Directive 2003/87/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13 October 2003 establishing a system for greenhouse gas emission allowance trading within the Union and amending Council Directive 96/61/EC, OJ L 275, 25.10.2003, p. 32
    ${ }^{6}$ Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/2066 of 19 December 2018 on the monitoring and reporting of greenhouse gas emissions pursuant to Directive 2003/87/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council and amending Commission Regulation (EU) No 601/2012, OJ L 334, 31.12.2018, p. 1
    ${ }^{7}$ An example of a commercial aircraft operator would be a passenger airline providing services to the general public. An example of a non-commercial aircraft operator would be a privately owned aircraft.

[^2]:    ${ }^{8}$ Directive 2008/101/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 November 2008, amending Directive 2003/87/EC so as to include aviation activities in the scheme for greenhouse gas emission allowance trading within the Community, OJ L 8, 13.1.2009, p. 3

[^3]:    ${ }^{9}$ Commission Delegated Decision (EU) 2019/708 of 15 February 2019 supplementing Directive 2003/87/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the determination of sectors and subsectors deemed at risk of carbon leakage for the period 2021 to 2030, OJ L 120, 8.5.2019, p. 20
    ${ }^{10}$ Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/331 of 19 December 2018 determining transitional Union-wide rules for harmonised free allocation of emission allowances pursuant to Article 10a of Directive 2003/87/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council, OJ L 59, 27.2.2019, p. 8
    ${ }^{11}$ Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/1842 of 31 October 2019 laying down rules for the application of Directive 2003/87/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards further arrangements for the adjustments to free allocation of emission allowances due to activity level changes, OJ L 282, 4.11.2019, p. 20
    ${ }^{12}$ Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2021/447 of 12 March 2021 determining revised benchmark values for free allocation of emission allowances for the period from 2021 to 2025 pursuant to Article 10a(2) of Directive 2003/87/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council, OJ L 87, 15.3.2021, p. 29
    ${ }^{13}$ Commission Decision (EU) 2021/355 of 25 February 2021 concerning national implementation measures for the transitional free allocation of greenhouse gas emission allowances in accordance with Article 11(3) of Directive 2003/87/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council, OJ L 68, 26.2.2021, p. 221

[^4]:    ${ }^{14}$ Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2021/927 of 31 May 2021 determining the uniform cross-sectoral correction factor for the adjustment of free allocations of emission allowances for the period 2021 to 2025 (notified under document C(2021)3745), OJ L 203, 9.6.2021, p. 14
    ${ }^{15}$ Commission Decision of 29 June 2021 instructing the Central Administrator of the European Union Transaction Log to enter the national allocation tables of Belgium, Bulgaria, Czechia, Denmark, Germany, Estonia, Ireland, Greece, Spain, France, Croatia, Italy, Cyprus, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Hungary, Netherlands, Austria, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovenia, Slovakia, Finland and Sweden into the European Union Transaction Log, OJ C 302, 28.7.2021, p. 1
    ${ }^{16}$ Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/856 of 26 February 2019 supplementing Directive 2003/87/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to the operation of the Innovation Fund, OJ L 140, 28.5.2019, p. 6
    ${ }^{17}$ Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2020/1001 of 9 July 2020 laying down detailed rules for the application of Directive 2003/87/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the operation of the Modernisation Fund supporting investments to modernise the energy systems and to improve energy efficiency of certain Member States, OJ L 221, 10.7.2020, p. 107
    ${ }^{18}$ Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/1122 of 12 March 2019 supplementing Directive 2003/87/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the functioning of the Union Registry, OJ L 177, 2.7.2019, p. 3
    ${ }^{19}$ Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/7 of 30 October 2018 amending Regulation (EU) No 1031/2010 as regards the auctioning of 50 million unallocated allowances from the market stability reserve for the innovation fund and to list an auction platform to be appointed by Germany, OJ L 2, 4.1.2019, p. 1
    ${ }^{20}$ Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/1868 of 28 August 2019 amending Regulation (EU) No 1031/2010 to align the auctioning of allowances with the EU ETS rules for the period 2021 to 2030 and with the classification of allowances as financial instruments pursuant to Directive 2014/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council, OJ L 289, 8.11.2019, p. 9

[^5]:    ${ }^{21}$ Directive 2014/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 May 2014 on markets in financial instruments and amending Directive 2002/92/EC and Directive 2011/61/EU, OJ L 173, 12.6.2014, p. 349
    ${ }^{22}$ Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/2066 of 19 December 2018 on the monitoring and reporting of greenhouse gas emissions pursuant to Directive 2003/87/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council and amending Commission Regulation (EU) No 601/2012, OJ L 334, 31.12.2018, p. 1
    ${ }^{23}$ Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/2067 of 19 December 2018 on the verification of data and on the accreditation of verifiers pursuant to Directive 2003/87/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council, OJ L 334, 31.12.2018, p. 94
    ${ }^{24}$ Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/1603 of 18 July 2019 supplementing Directive 2003/87/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards measures adopted by the International Civil Aviation Organisation for the monitoring, reporting and verification of aviation emissions for the purpose of implementing a global market-based measure, OJ L 250, 30.9.2019, p. 10
    ${ }^{25}$ Guidelines on certain State aid measures in the context of the system for greenhouse gas emission allowance trading post 2021, OJ C 317, 25.9.2020, p. 5
    ${ }^{26}$ Commission Delegated Decision (EU) 2020/1071 of 18 May 2020 amending Directive 2003/87/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council, as regards the exclusion of incoming flights from Switzerland from the EU emissions trading system, OJ L 234, 21.7.2020, p. 16
    ${ }^{27}$ Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2021/1416 of 17 June 2021 amending Directive 2003/87/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the exclusion of incoming flights from the United Kingdom from the Union emissions trading system, OJ L 305, 31.8.2021, p. 1

[^6]:    ${ }^{28}$ Source: EEX

[^7]:    ${ }^{30}$ Source: EEX
    ${ }^{31}$ Source: EEX

[^8]:    ${ }^{32}$ Source: DG Climate Action. The number of 10c allowances listed in this table can include allowances issued with a delay for previous years. In this case, the relevant amounts per year are reflected in the EUTL.
    ${ }^{33}$ Hungary made use of the Article 10c derogation only in 2013.

[^9]:    ${ }^{34}$ Source: DG Climate Action
    ${ }^{35}$ Source: DG Climate Action. No unused Article 10c allowances were auctioned in 2013 and 2014.

[^10]:    ${ }^{36}$ Source: DG Climate Action.

[^11]:    ${ }^{37}$ Source: DG Climate Action
    ${ }^{38}$ In line with the Commission Decision 2010/670/EU, projects awarded under the first call had to reach final investment decision by the end of 2016, while projects awarded under the second call had to do so by the end of June 2018.

[^12]:    ${ }^{39}$ Source: DG Climate Action.

[^13]:    ${ }^{40}$ Source: EUTL
    ${ }^{41}$ Source: EUTL
    ${ }^{42}$ UK exchanges that were suspended in 2019 due to the safeguard measures adopted to protect the environmental integrity of the EU ETS resumed in 2020.

[^14]:    ${ }^{43}$ Source: EUTL

[^15]:    ${ }^{44}$ Source: EUTL. For some installations, $\mathrm{N}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ or PFCs emissions might not have been reported separately in the EU Registry, with the total emissions reported in tonnes of $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ equivalent instead. The data in the table reflects the breakdown of emissions by GHG as available in the EU Registry. Emissions of $\mathrm{N}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ had been included in the EU ETS as of phase 2 (2008-12) as a voluntary opt-in by some Member States, and together with PFCs on a mandatory basis as of phase 3 (201320).

[^16]:    ${ }^{45}$ For the period of January to August 2019, the figures are based on the Communication from the Commission $\mathbf{C}(2018) 2801$ final of 15.5 .2018 . For the periods of September to December 2019 and January to August 2020, the figures are based on the Communication from the Commission C(2019)3288 final. For the period of September to December 2020 and January to August 2021, the figures are based on the Communication from the Commission C(2020)2835 final. For the period of September to December 2021 and January to August 2022, the figures are based on the Communication from the Commission C(2021)3266 final.

[^17]:    ${ }^{46}$ The information in this appendix is updated to cover EU ETS participating countries without the UK. Where the text compares figures with the previous year, the 2019 values have been recalculated to exclude the UK.
    ${ }^{47}$ The main reason for this is that the measurement-based methodology involves the deployment of significant resources and know-how for the continuous measurement of the concentration of relevant greenhouse gases, which many smaller operators do not have.
    ${ }^{48}$ The MRR requires all operators to meet certain minimum tiers, with larger emission sources required to meet higher tiers (involving more reliable data quality), while for cost-efficiency reasons, less strict requirements apply to smaller sources.
    ${ }^{49}$ Calculated excluding UK.
    ${ }^{50}$ European Cooperation for Accreditation: National Accreditation Bodies and their lists of EU ETS accredited verifiers

[^18]:    ${ }^{51}$ Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/2067 of 19 December 2018 on the verification of data and on the accreditation of verifiers pursuant to Directive 2003/87/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council, OJ L 334, 31.12.2018, p. 94

[^19]:    ${ }^{52}$ In some cases, countries may be reporting a multiple number of regional/local authorities as one competent authority.

[^20]:    ${ }^{53}$ Commission Decision of 27 April 2011 determining transitional Union-wide rules for harmonised free allocation of emission allowances pursuant to Article 10a of Directive 2003/87/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council, OJ L 130, 17.5.2011, p. 1

