Regional implications for 2C



Low climate IMpact scenarios and the Implications of required Tight emission control Strategies Massimo Tavoni FEEM and CMCC

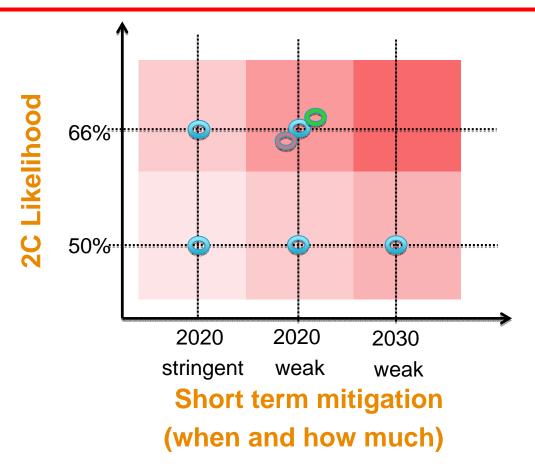
with Elmar Kriegler, and the LIMITS project



The research leading to these results has received funding from the European Community's Seventh Framework Programme FP7/2007-2013 under grant agreement n° 282846 (LIMITS)

**COP** Warsaw

### Key dimensions considered

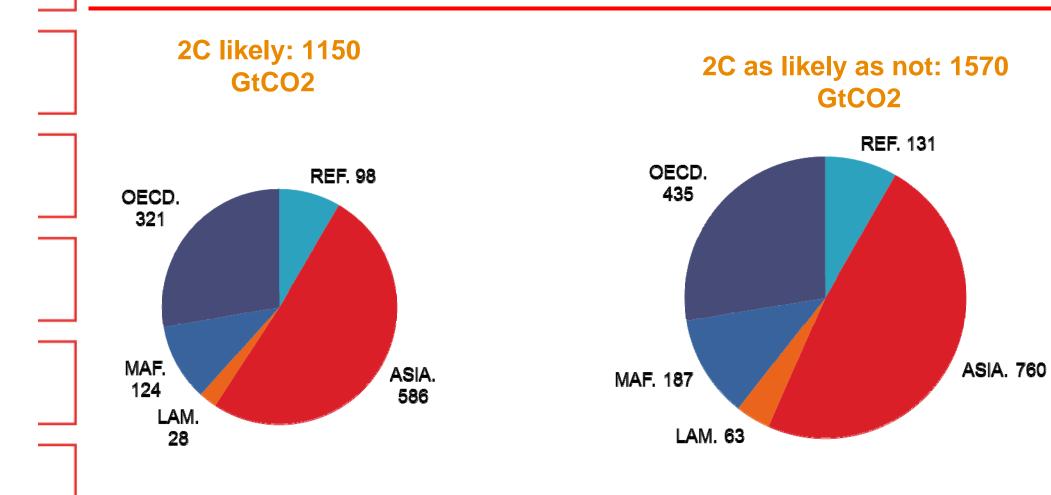


Carbon tax, no transfer

1

- Cap and trade, equalization of regional per capita emissions (by 2050)
- Cap and trade, equalization of regional mitigation costs (from 2025)

## **Regional carbon budgets 2010-2100**



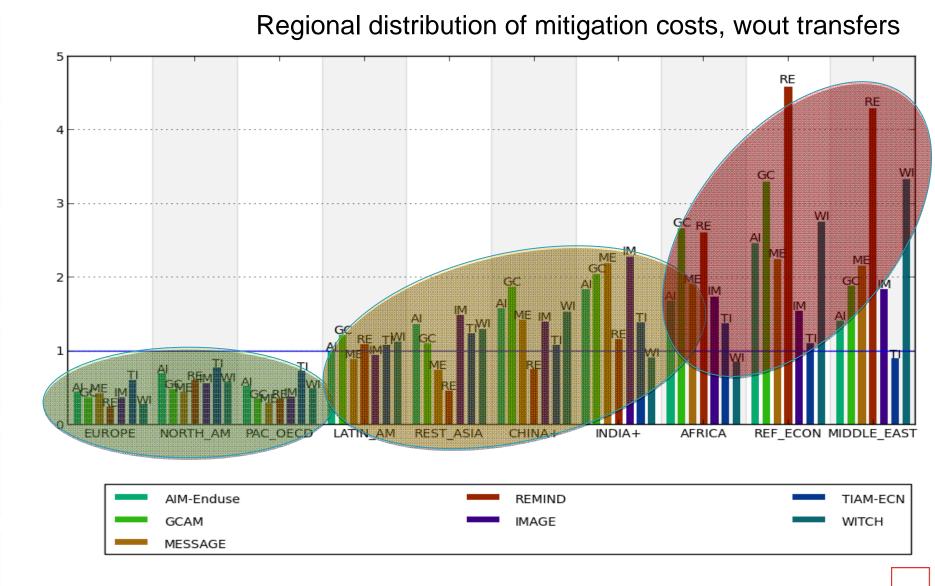


2

### Year of CO2 emissions peak

	WORLD	OECD	ASIA	Latin America	Middle East & Africa	Reforming economies
2C likely	2020	now	2020	now	2020	2018
2C as likely as not	2020	now	2022	now	2022	2018

# It is the <u>relative</u> economy, stupid!



LIMITS

Carbon tax, no transfer

# **Resource sharing**:

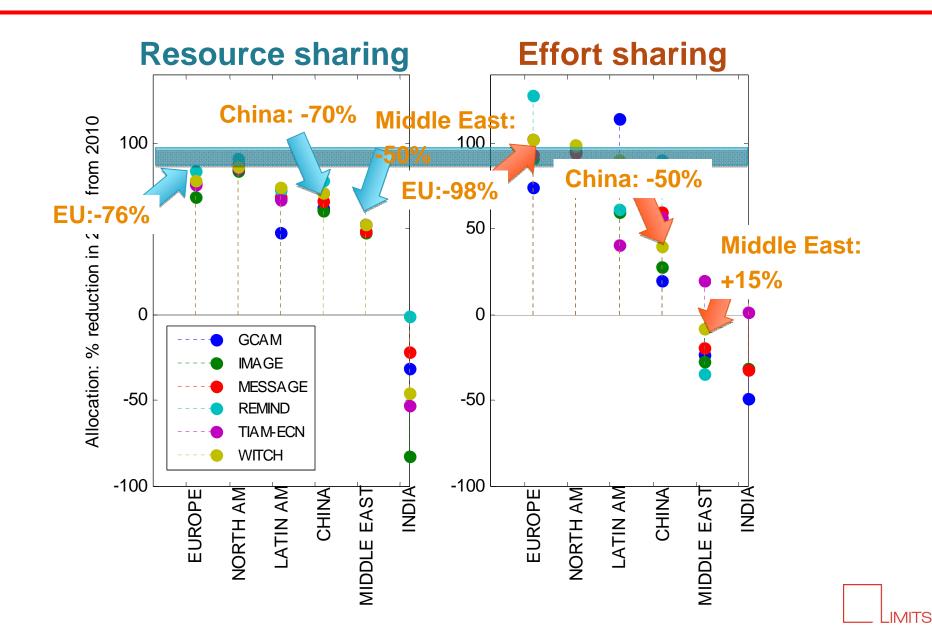
Allocation based on the equalization of regional per capita emissions by 2050

# **Effort sharing**:

Allocation based on equalization of regional mitigation costs (2025 onwards)

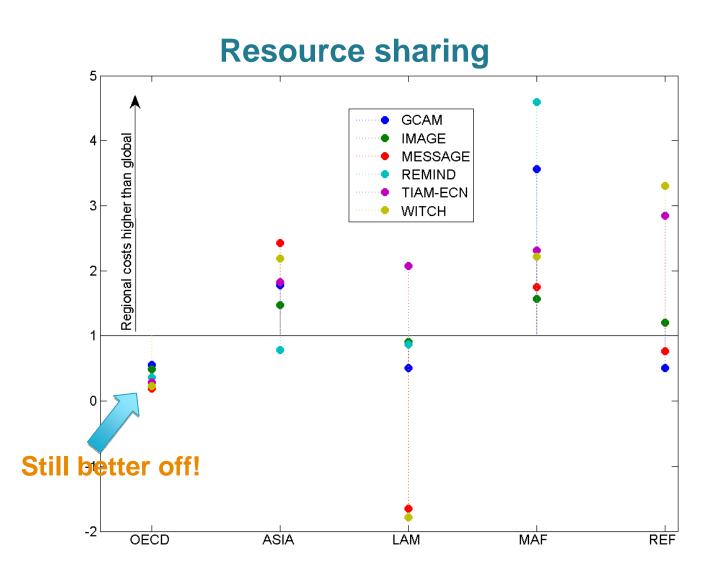


#### Allocation of allowances: 2050 reductions from 2010



6

## Is 'per capita' fair ?



\_ Limits

In both schemes, a large carbon market would be needed:

•4 GtCO2-yr by 2030 ... in every year, more than twice the CERs issued by all CDM projects to date

•100 USD Billions-yr of transfers

•Trading positions depend on regional abatement opportunities and allocation scheme: OECD buyers, China/Russia/Middle East sellers only in the effort sharing scheme.

## Conclusions

1.Between now and 2035 emissions should peak in all major economies

2.Without transfers, mitigation costs would be distributed unevenly (OECD -, DC +, EEX ++)

3.Carbon markets can alleviate these distributional concerns, but:

- An integrated, large market with significant (4GtCO2/100 USD Billions) volumes will be eventually needed
- II. There is no 'right' allocation scheme

2C leaves us with a tight carbon budget: sharing it equitably and efficiently is the biggest challange 12 papers covering the Durban Platform scenarios:

financing and investments
2C and energy security
technological transitions
fiscal policy

Already available at the project website Scenario DataBase will be made public shortly

> <u>http://www.feem-</u> project.net/limits/03\_outreach\_01\_02.html





## **Thanks!**

The research leading to these results has received funding from the European Community's Seventh Framework Programme FP7/2007-2013 under grant agreement n° 282846 (LIMITS)