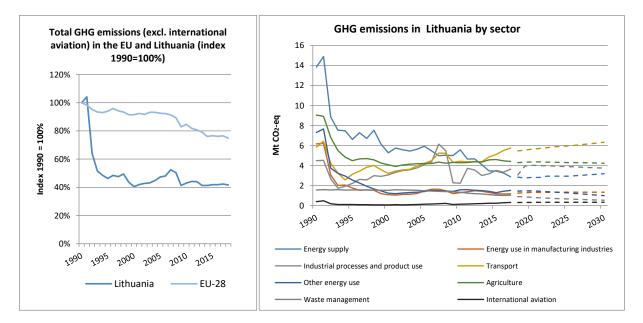
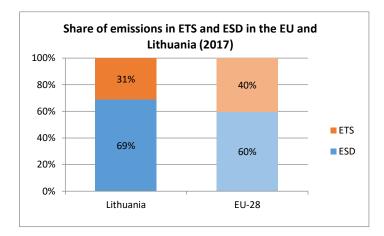
# Country fact sheet: Lithuania



#### 1. Total greenhouse gas emissions

Figure 1: Left hand side: Total greenhouse gas emissions (excl. international aviation) 1990-2018 (index 1990 = 100 %). Right hand side: Greenhouse gas emissions by sector<sup>1</sup> – historical emissions 1990-2017, projections 2018-2030 (Mt  $CO_2$ -eq).



#### Figure 2: Share of emissions covered by the ETS and the ESD (2017).<sup>2</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The sectors in the figure correspond to the following IPCC sectors: Energy supply: 1A1, 1B and 1C. Energy use in manufacturing industries: 1A2. Industrial processes and product use: 2. Transport: 1A3. Other energy use: 1A4, 1A5 and 6. Agriculture: 3. Waste: 5. International aviation: memo item.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Evoluting internetional eviction CO, from demostic eviction and NE

 $<sup>^2</sup>$  Excluding international aviation,  $\text{CO}_2$  from domestic aviation and  $\text{NF}_3.$ 

### 2. ETS emissions

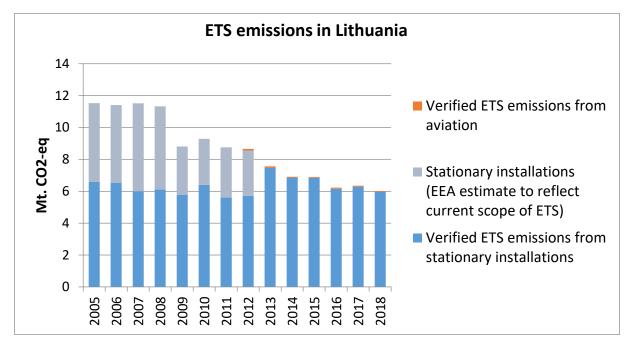


Figure 3: ETS emissions 2005-2018 (Mt CO<sub>2</sub>-eq).<sup>3</sup>

## 3. Emissions in Effort Sharing sectors

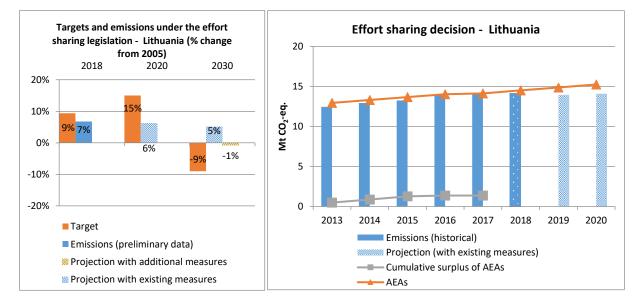
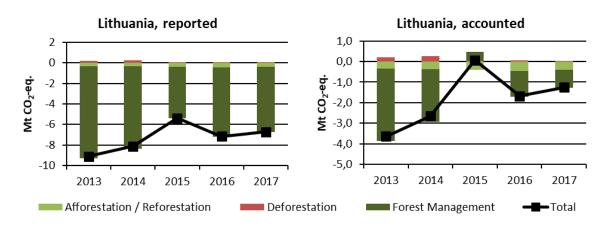


Figure 4: Left hand side: Emissions and targets under the Effort Sharing Decision/ Effort Sharing Regulation 2018, 2020 and 2030 as percentage change from 2005. Right hand side: Emissions, annual emission allocations (AEAs) and accumulated surplus/ deficit of AEAs under the Effort Sharing Decision 2013-2020 (Mt CO<sub>2</sub>-eq).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The scope of ETS was extended from 2013. To reflect the current scope of ETS, estimates made by EEA are included in the figures from 2005 to 2012. The estimates cover only emissions from stationary installations.



#### 4. Land use, land use change and forestry

Figure 5: Reported and accounted emissions and removals from LULUCF (Mt CO<sub>2</sub>-eq.)<sup>4</sup>

Reported quantities under the Kyoto Protocol for Lithuania show net removals of, on average, -7.3 Mt CO<sub>2</sub>-eq for the period 2013 to 2017. In this regard, Lithuania contributes with 1.8% to the annual average sink of -411.9 Mt CO<sub>2</sub>-eq of the EU-28. Accounting for the same period depicts average annual net credits of-1.8 Mt CO<sub>2</sub>-eq, which corresponds to 1.6% of the EU-28 accounted sink of -111.9 Mt CO<sub>2</sub>-eq. Reported net removals and accounted net credits show an overall decreasing trend between 2013 and 2017. A marked drop of accounted quantities in 2015 makes Lithuania one of ten EU Member States that depict net debits for at least one of the observed years in the preliminary accounting exercise.

Dominating reported quantities are removals by Forest Management, which decrease between 2013 and 2017, with a marked drop in 2015. Removals by Afforestation/Reforestation and emissions by Deforestation make up a minor portion in the emission budget of the LULUCF sector and remain relatively stable.

Credits by Forest Management are the dominating accounting quantity over the five-year period despite their falling trend. Forest Management showed debits for year 2015, which makes Lithuania one of twelve EU Member States with accounted debits by this activity in at least one of the observed years. There is a slight observable trend in a decrease of debits by Deforestation, and credits by Afforestation/Reforestation remain low at a stable level.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The differences between reported and accounted emissions from LULUCF under the Kyoto Protocol are described in the '*explanatory note on LULUCF – accounted and reported quantities under the Kyoto Protocol*'.

#### Data sources

Figure 1: Annual European Union greenhouse gas inventory 1990–2017 (EEA greenhouse gas data viewer: <u>https://www.eea.europa.eu/data-and-maps/data/data-viewers/greenhouse-gases-viewer</u>). Approximated EU greenhouse gas inventory 2017 (European Environment Agency). Member States national projections, reviewed by the European Environment Agency.

Figure 2: Verified ETS emissions abstracted from European Union Transaction Log 21.10.2019 (EEA ETS data viewer: <u>https://www.eea.europa.eu/data-and-maps/dashboards/emissions-trading-viewer-1</u>). ESD data from European Commission: *Commission Implementing Decision (EU) on greenhouse gas emissions for each Member State for the year 2017 covered by Decision No 406/2009/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council* (forthcoming).

Figure 3: abstract from European Union Transaction Log 21.10.2019 (EEA ETS data viewer: <a href="https://www.eea.europa.eu/data-and-maps/dashboards/emissions-trading-viewer-1">https://www.eea.europa.eu/data-and-maps/dashboards/emissions-trading-viewer-1</a>).

Figure 4: European Commission: Commission Implementing Decision (EU) on greenhouse gas emissions for each Member State for the year 2017 covered by Decision No 406/2009/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council (forthcoming). Approximated EU greenhouse gas inventory 2017 (European Environment Agency). Member States national projections, reviewed by the European Environment Agency.

Figure 5: European Commission based on data accounted and reported by Member States under the Kyoto Protocol.