

CO₂ reductions in Nordic road transport

Presentation by Søren Larsen, Nordic Logistics Association Stakeholder meeting on the Impact Assessment on Heavy-Duty Vehicle CO2 emission standards 16th January 2018,



Nordic Logistics Association

2.000 members



6.000 members





SVERIGES ÅKERIFÖRETAG

Affiliated member:

Finnish Transport and Logistics – 5.500 members





Reduction of CO2 in the Nordic countries

- Many different approaches:
 - Industry-led: Fair Transport initiatives; 49 ways to save fuel
 - Urban authorities initiatives
 - ITS-projects
 - Development alternative transport modes: rail, sea
 - Logistics
- Today focus on:
 - Bio-fuels
 - Weights and dimensions







The transport sector's plan for a better climate 49 ways to save fuel



Data - VECTO

- But first some words on VECTO...
 - NLA has been engaged in the work on VECTO
 - Does not mean we necessarily find it to be a good solution, but it is a first step
 - VECTO needs to be further developed MR proposal is a way to achieve this
 - We strongly believe in transparency and possiblity to verify data a way to ensure reliability and confidence in the system
 - VECTO is the way forward but it must be improved.



Our two main concerns

- How to handle alternative fuels in the tank and how to deal with logistic efficiency
 - In the standards
 - In what the standards are used for
- This is important because we see standards as a possible cost-efficient contribution to CO2 reductions in a transparent and fair way, if our concerns are handled



Biofuels – no change to vehicle

- We have one set of rules for which biofuels are allowed in the EU. This is not a discussion about those rules, but how we optimise use of the bio-fuel these rules allow;
- The Nordic countries have some of the highest shares of biofuels in the energy mix for transport and have good experiences
- NLF in Norway made a real test of HVO 100 in 2016 in 4 trucks saved 150 tons CO2 in 4 months!
- We need to make sure operators are not punished for using biofuels by standards that do not take it into account.
- The member state can get a general discount but also need to give a discount to the operator to encourage/compensate

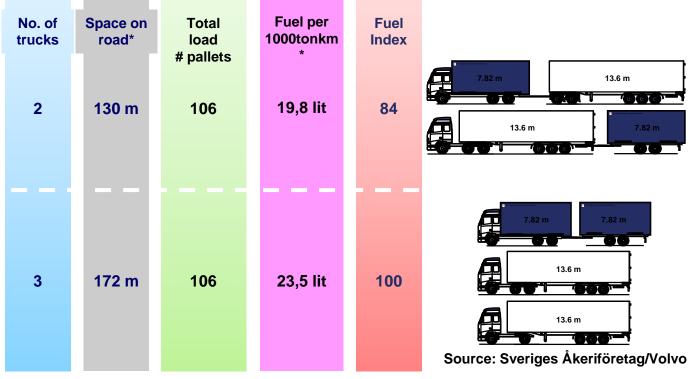


Weights and dimensions

- A Nordic speciality allowing for vehicles far above 40 and 44t : 56, 74/76, 90 t
- Also lengths
- European Modular Concept is originally a Nordic approach
- In Finland and Sweden fully integrated part of the logistics chain
- Norway and Denmark also using it now, but in smaller scale
- Spreading in rest of Europe: Netherlands, Germany, Belgium, Spain...
- How to ensure that we keep getting these benefits and encourage them despite CO2 standards?

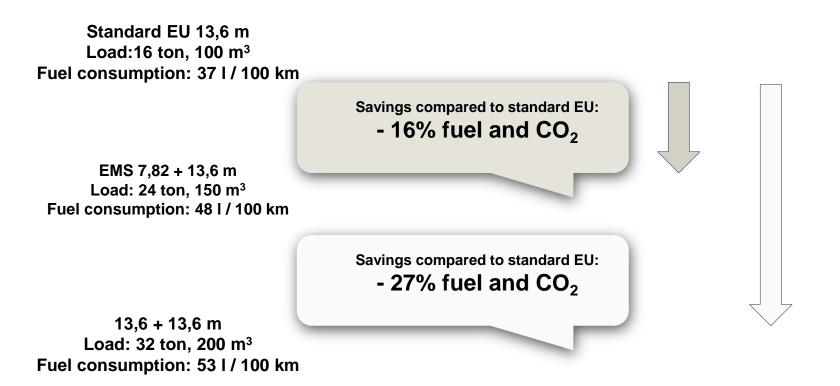


Comparison 25.25 m vehicles to 18.75 / 16.5 m



* Note: Calculated for load = 400 kg per pallet Safety distance 40 m per truck

Volume freight – real fuel consumption





Concerns

- Standards:
 - Standard only based on VECTO
 - Better reduction of CO2 may be achieved using biofuels/W&D
 - Impact on the focus of the industry negative for W&Ds
 - Risk operators are put in situation to only focus on standards when investing
- Use of standards:
 - Road charging, taxation, urban access
 - Problem if same or better result as a specific standard can be achieved by other means – but no longer possible
- We need focus on contribution of weight/volume and biofuels to be reflected in standards.





Thank you for the attention

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